



## SCREENING CHAPTER 20 ENTERPRISE AND INDUSTRIAL POLICY

### **AGENDA ITEM IV: INNOVATION POLICY**

Country Session: The Republic of TURKEY 4-5 May 2006





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### **Overview of Innovation Capacity (2002-2004)**

%

|          |   |                                | Type of Innovation Activity |                            |   |
|----------|---|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---|
| Sectors  | Carrying out<br>Technological<br>Innovation | No Technological<br>Innovation | Only Product<br>Innovation  | Only Process<br>Innovation | Both Product<br>and Process<br>Innovation |
| Industry | 34.58                                       | 65.42                          | 30.89                       | 30.27                      | 38.84                                     |
| Service  | 25.90                                       | 74.10                          | 33.82                       | 24.48                      | 41.70                                     |

Source: TURKSTAT, 2006



Total researchers (FTE)

Number of triadic patents

Source: TUBITAK

4 May 2006

SMEs innovating in house (% of all SMEs)

Rank in the overall competitiveness

Global competitiveness index: Infrastructure

SMEs involved in innovation cooperation (% of all SMEs)

Share of manufacturing value-added in high-tech sectors

Rank in competitiveness: Legal environment affecting R&D

#### **SCREENING CHAPTER 20 ENTERPRISE AND INDUSTRIAL POLICY AGENDA ITEM IV: INNOVATION POLICY**



Year

2002

2002

2002

2002

2002

2001

2003

2003

2000

2002

2002

2005

2005

2005

Labour participation of graduates with tertiary type A and advanced research qualifications (men)

Labour participation of graduates with tertiary type A and advanced research qualifications (women)

The Republic of TURKEY

Gross expenditure on research and development (GERD) as a % of GDP

Business expenditure on research and development as a % of GERD

Government expenditure on research and development as a % of GERD

Higher education expenditure on research and development as a % of GERD

| Indicators of | Science,                              | Technology an | d Innovation S | ystem              |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|--------------------|
|               | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 |               |                | History Co. C. Co. |

| Indicators of Science, Technology and Innovation System | 4 ( ) H |
|---|---------|
| Indicator   | Value   |

0.66

28.7

64.3

24.6

18

6.6

51

41

7

23.995





### **Institutional Framework**

| Actors   | Role and Responsibility                             |
|--|---|
| Supreme Council of Science and Technology (SCST)                     | Policy Making                                       |
| State Planning Organisation (SPO)                                    | Policy Making, Planning, Project<br>Support         |
| Turkish Scientific and Technological Research Council (TUBITAK)      | Conducting Research, Policy Making, Project Support |
| Ministry of Industry and Trade (MoIT)                                | Policy Making, Project Support                      |
| Undersecretariat for Foreign Trade (UFT)                             | Provide Financial Resources                         |
| Undersecretariat for Treasury (UoT)                                  | Provide Financial Resources                         |
| Small and Medium-Sized Enterprises Development Organisation (KOSGEB) | Project Support, Incubator<br>Services              |





### **Institutional Framework (CONT'D)**

| Actors   | Role and Responsibility   |
|--|---|
| Turkish Technology Development Foundation (TTGV)                     | Project Support, Finance  |
| Turkish Academy of Sciences (TUBA)                                   | Policy Making   |
| Research Centers of Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Affairs (MARA) | Policy Making   |
| Turkish Patent Institute (TPI)                                       | Industrial and Intellectual Property Rights                           |
| TUBITAK Marmara Research Center (TUBITAK-MAM)                        | Contract Research for Industry and Development of Innovative Products |
| National Metrology Institute (UME)                                   | Measurements, Training, Consultancy                                   |
| Turkish Atomic Energy Authority                                      | Policy Making and Project Support                                     |





### **Policy Framework**

| Policy Document                          | Date                | Coordinator<br>Institution | Legal Status                      |
|--|---------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 8th Five Year<br>Development Plan        | 2001-2005           | SPO                        | Approved by the TGNA              |
| Medium-Term<br>Programme                 | 2006-2008           | SPO                        | Decree of Council of<br>Ministers |
| 2006 Annual<br>Programme                 | 2006                | SPO                        | Decree of Council of<br>Ministers |
| SCST Decisions                           | 2000, 2001,<br>2002 | TÜBITAK                    | Circular of Prime<br>Ministry     |
| National Science and Technology Strategy | 2005-2010           | TUBITAK                    | Circular of Prime Ministry        |





### **Policy Framework (CONT'D)**

| Policy Document                       | Date      | Coordinator<br>Institution | Legal Status                         |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Industrial Policy for Turkey          | 2003      | SPO                        | High Planning Council (HPC) Decision |
| SME Strategy and Action Plan          | 2003      | SPO                        | HPC Decision                         |
| Preliminary National Development Plan | 2004-2006 | SPO                        | HPC Decision                         |





### 8th Five Year Development Plan (2001-2005)

#### **Objective:**

To become an information society, achieving competitiveness at international level by the use of scientific and technological development.

#### **Main Policy Priorities:**

- Increased university-public-private sector cooperation,
- Reseach projects mainly focused on priority areas,
   (Advanced new materials, biotechnology, nanotechnology, IT, clean energy, nuclear, aerospace technologies and exploiting sea and underwater.)
- Increased public support for research.





### Medium-Term Programme (2006-2008)

#### **Objective:**

To increase the capacity of science, technology and innovation and transform this capacity into socio-economic value added.

#### **Priorities:**

- · Improve coordination and give central role to private sector,
- Increase private sector's demand and strenghten its capacity for R&D,
- · Increase university-public and private sector cooperation,
- · Effective use of public procurement,
- Increase international cooperation, primarily with the EU,
- Increase awareness of the society on science, technology and innovation.





### **Annual Programme (2006)**

#### **Priorities:**

- Increase resources for R&D, especially for private sector,
- Promote private sector to establish R&D departments and employ increased number of researchers.
- Develop financial instruments to promote and support R&D based enterpreneurship,
- Enhance capacity of technology development zones,
- · Increase number of university-industry cooperation centers,
- Increase number of technology incubators,
- Encourage academic research serving to the needs of the private sector,
- Identify and support regional innovation systems.





### **SCST Decisions (2004-2005)**

- Policy Targets for 2010,
  - GERD as % of GDP= 2 %, half of it from industry
  - Number of Researchers = 40.000
- National Innovation System Performance Indicators will be developed within the context of the decision of SCST dated 06 March 2006,
- Science and Technology Strategy 2005-2010.





### National Science and Research Strategy (2005-2010)

#### **Objectives:**

- To increase quality of life and public awareness on S&T,
- To increase competitiveness,
- To support result-oriented research,
- To strengthen scientific and technological performance of private sector,
- To improve research environment and infrastructure,
- To improve cooperation at national and international level.

#### **Main Targets:**

- · To increase demand for RTD,
- To improve quality and quantity of scientists, professionals and technical personnel,
- To increase share of RTD expenditure in GDP.





### Industrial Policy for Turkey and SME Strategy and Action Plan

- Aiming at supporting SMEs, improving innovation system and encouraging new entrepreneurs,
- Prepared jointly by the actors of the national innovation system (SPO, MoIT, UoT, UFT, EUSG, KOSGEB, TPI, TOBB, TESK) in consultation with relevant private and public organisations.





### Industrial Policy for Turkey and SME Strategy and Action Plan (CONT'D)

- In the manufacturing industry, investments in R&D, new product and technology generation should be supported,
- Establishment of technological support and development centres, new technoparks and technology institutes will be encouraged,
- The existing R&D supports shall be increased,
- Increase the capacity in engineering, technology transfer, R&D, design and of service producers and all other related technology shall be provided,
- · Cooperation between universities and industry shall be supported,
- SMEs shall be directed towards R&D activities.





### **R&D Supports**

#### **Support for Public Research**

- Public Investment Programme
  - ✓ Main document for allocating funds to public sector R&D projects and support programmes
  - ✓ Prepared annually by the SPO, in line with the Medium-Term Programme

(Mio Euro)

|                     | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 |
|---------------------|------|------|------|
| Allocated Resources | 189  | 185  | 408  |

Source: SPO





### Important Programs and Projects in the Public Research

#### **Major University Projects**

#### **Centres of Excellence and Strategic Research Institutes** (2001)

- Nanotechnology, biotechnology, advanced materials, supercomputing, MEMS, automotive, agriculture, aerospace etc.
- Researcher development component (850 new researchers involved).

#### **Researcher Programme**

- Network of universities,
- Central university provides PhD for partners' academician nominee,
- About 1200 new researchers by 2010 on priority research areas,
- Industrial PhD programmes

#### **Integrated National and International Projects**

- High socio-economic value, multilateral, new technology and product oriented,
- 10 projects, 85 institutions, 36 universities and more than 500 researchers since 2004.





### Important Programmes and Projects of Public Research (CONT'D)

#### **Turkish Research Area (TRA)**

Executed by TUBITAK, aims at providing synergy among:

- Institutions carrying out R&D activities (universities, public research institutions and private firms),
- Institutions demanding R&D (private and public sectors),
- Institutions funding R&D activities (public and private sectors),

Total resources allocated to the programme was 205 million Euro in 2005.





### **Public Support for Private Sector and Public-Private Cooperation**

Financing of innovation and technological cooperation activities in private sector is mainly executed through the programmes by

- Ministry of Industry and Trade,
- Ministry of Finance,
- Undersecretariat of Treasury,
- Undersecretariat for Foreign Trade,
- · TUBITAK,
- KOSGEB,
- Turkish Patent Institute,
- TTGV.





#### **Supports of Ministry of Industry and Trade**

#### **Technology Development Zones (TDZs)**

- Promoting R&D and technology transfer,
- Creating jobs for high-skilled IT and R&D personnel,
- Attracting FDI,
- Generating sustainable economic growth and local know-how

through cooperation among universities, research institutions, and private sector.





#### Supports of Ministry of Industry and Trade (CONT'D)

### **Technology Development Zones (TDZs)**

- 20 TDZs in Turkey,
- 463 firms in TDZs (local (388), foreign (20) and incubation firms (55)),
- 5,266 R&D staff and 1,677 technical support personnel in TDZs,
  - Financial support for land, infrastructure and construction of management building,
- Tax exemptions until 2014,
- Incentives for mobility of researchers.





### Supports of Ministry of Industry and Trade (CONT'D)

- A new project called "SAN-TEZ" has been launched in 2006, for developing university industry collaboration.
- Aim of the project is to;
  - ✓ Commercialise academic knowledge,
  - ✓ Transfer academic knowledge into high value added technological products,
  - ✓ Solve problems of industry during production process in cooperation with universities,
  - ✓ Provide R&D and technological culture for SMEs.





#### **Ministry of Finance**

40% of expenditures of R&D can be deducted from the declared income tax in the related year.

#### **Undersecretariat of Treasury**

Provides loans to industry under the "Support for R&D Investment Programme" covering 50% of machinery, equipment and software expenses.

#### **Undersecretariat for Foreign Trade**

Provides funding for research projects of private sector under the "State Support for R&D Programme".

|                   | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 |
|-------------------|------|------|------|
| Grant (Mio. Euro) | 34   | 37   | 37   |





#### **TUBITAK**

- Develops and applies tools for the stimulation of industrial R&D,
- Grants support for the projects proposed by the industry,
- Grants financing up to 60 % of the budget of R&D project,
- 69 million Euros transferred from TRA Programmes in 2005.





#### **University-Industry Joint Research Centers Program (USAMP)**

- Implemented by TUBITAK,
- Funded by TUBITAK, private sector and universities,
- 6 USAMP centers have been established to:
  - ✓ Stimulate university industry collaboration,
  - ✓ Promote industry oriented projects,
  - ✓ Increase and strengthen university research potential.





#### **KOSGEB**

- Support SME projects on research, new product/production technology development,
- 18 Technology Development Centers (TEKMERs) and 10 "Incubators Without Wall" located in universities,
- TEKMERs acting as a bridge between university and industry.

(Mio Euro)

| Support Type | 2003-2005 |
|--------------|-----------|
| Grant        | 1.4       |
| Credit       | 14.97     |





#### KOSGEB (CONT'D)

#### **Technology Research and Development Incentive**

Through TEKMERs, technology "incubators without wall", technology innovation centers and the partnership protocols for R&D projects.

#### Incentives for:

- Materials,
- Equipment,
- · Quality improvement,
- Technological equipment,
- Consultancy services.

- Technopark rent,
- Publishing R&D results,
- Office and workshop space,
- Attending to congress, conference,
   panel, symposium and technology fairs





### KOSGEB (CONT'D)

### **Industrial Property Rights Incentive**

- Cost of patent registration,
- Utility model registration,
- Industrial design registration.





#### **Turkish Patent Institute (TPI)**

#### **Awareness Activities**

- Trainings and seminars,
- Participation in fairs,
- Cooperations,
- Information centers.

### **On-going Projects**

- MATRA-PSO project,
- EPO-TPI multilateral cooperation on innovation support,
- IP4INNO project,
- TPI-TUBITAK cooperation.





#### **Technology Development Foundation of Turkey (TTGV)**

- Technology Development Projects Funding,
- Technoparks and Technology Centers,
- Venture Capital Funds,
- Start-up Funds,
- Joint Technology Development Project Supports,
- Commercialisation of R&D Activities Supports,
- Risk Sharing Supports,
  - ✓ To increase competitiveness of enterprises through research, technology development and innovation,
  - ✓ To promote innovation culture in society.





### THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

4-5 May 2006