



Reform of the Common Agricultural Policy GENERAL PROVISONS, "SINGLE PAYMENT SCHEME"

Michael Pielke, DG AGRICULTURE, Unit D 1





2003 CAP REFORM

1 General provisions for all direct payments

- Cross compliance requirements
- Financial discipline mechanism
- Modulation
- Farm advisory system
- Integrated Administration and Control System
- Other general provisions
- 2 Single payment scheme





Principle of Cross compliance

- Establishing a link between:
 - Income support for active farmers and
 - compliance with specific requirements
 - Environment
 - Food safety
 - Animal health and welfare





Cross compliance (art. 3 -5)

- Compulsory for all farmers receiving direct payments
- Elements:
 - Statutory management requirements (annex III)
 - Good agricultural and environmental condition
 - Maintenance of permanent pasture





Cross Compliance (art. 4)

- Statutory management requirements
 - Protection of Environment
 - (e.g groundwater, habitats)
 - Public animal and plant health
 - (e.g. notification of animal diseases)
 - Animal Welfare

Based on 19 Community legislative acts





Cross Compliance (art. 5)

- Maintain land in good agricultural and environmental condition
 - Conditions defined by Member States
- Permanent pasture shall be maintained in the old Member States at 2003 level (Article 5(2)) and in new Member States at level of 01.05.2004.





Cross Compliance (art. 6 -9)

- Conditions to be respected on all agricultural areas of the farm
- Non-respect leads to sanctions on direct payments
- € revert to EU (except for 25 % MS may retain)





Farm advisory system (art. 13 – 16)

Objective: Help farmers to comply with cross compliance

Start: By 1 January 2007 obligatory

Scope: Cross compliance + good agricultural and environmental

conditions

- Operators: authorities or by private bodies
- Conditions:
 - Farmers participate on a voluntary basis.
 - Priority to farmers who receive > EUR 15000 direct payments/year
- Obligation of confidentiality
- Review: by 31.12.2010,
 - (if necessary, proposal rendering participation of farmers compulsory).





Financial discipline (art. 10)

- Starting 2007
- If forecasts are higher than certain threshold -> reduction to be applied
- No prejudice for financial perspective 2007 2013
- During the phasing in no reduction applicable





Modulation

Aim:

Additional Community support for measures under rural development programmes

Basic rule:

All the amounts of direct payments to a farmer in a given Member State reduced for each year by the following percentages:

- 2005: 3 %,

- 2006: 4 %,

- 2007 - 2012: 5 % each year

During phasing in: no modulation applicable





Other general provisions (art. 28-31)

- Payments:
 - in full to beneficiary
 - Once a year 1.12 30.06 (derogations)
- Restriction of payment:
 - no payment if conditions required artificially created
- General Review clause:
 - in the light of market developments +budgetary situation.
- Evaluation:
 - of support schemes





Options for New Member States (art 143 b)

Single area payment system (transitional)

Single payment scheme





SINGLE PAYMENT SCHEME - Principle

- Decoupling = Aid to farmer without obligation to produce but to at least maintain the land in good agricultural and environmental conditions on eligible land
- Respect of cross compliance





SPS – principle (art. 44 + 46)

- Farmer receive payment entitlements:
 - to be activated with the same number of ha of eligible area in order to receive payments
 - can be transferred (sale, lease, inheritance) with/without land





Allocation of funds available for SPS in NMS

- National ceilings for direct payments fixed for MS
- Allocation of nat. ceiling for Single payment to regions
- Regions defined according to objective criteria (MS <1 Mill eligible ha = one region)





<u>in NMS (Regional model) (art. 71 f (1))</u>

<u>Calculation of the value:</u>

« Regional ceiling/number of eligible ha in the region in the first year of implementation»





<u>in NMS (Regional model) (Art. 44(2))</u>

Eligible hectare:

- Agricultural area of the holding: arable land and permanent pasture
- > Hops and olive trees under certain conditions
- ➤ Not eligible: permanent crops, forests or areas used for non agricultural activities





<u>Establishment of payment entitlement</u> <u>in NMS (Regional model) (art. 71f (2))</u>

Establishment of the number of entitlements per farmer:

« Number of eligible hectare declared in the first year of implementation »





Establishment of payment entitlement in NMS (Regional model) (art. 71)

- Different values per unit for grassland (Art 71h)
- Set aside entitlements (Art 71j)
 - number= eligible land declared in the first year * set aside rate
 - value = regional value of payment entitlements
 - Derogation for small farmers





National reserve – Farmers in special situations (art. 71d))

- Criteria: objective, equal treatment, avoid distortions of markets and competition
- Linear reduction of value of entitlements if national reserve is not sufficient
- Entitlement for national reserve: no transfer for 5 years except inheritance
- Max. increase of value up to 5000 EUR, or number of entitlements increased
- > If not activated each year => back to national reserve





Further possibilities to shape the model in NMS (Regional model) (art. 71d (3) and 71 k)

- ➤ Progressive modification according preestablished steps and objective criteria (Art 71 k)
- ➤ Allocation of payment entitlements to farmer in specific sectors





Use of the land (art 71g, art. 51, art 44)

General principle:

- use of the parcels for any agricultural activity except of:
 - Permanent crops, certain exceptions for olive trees
 - Production of fruit and vegetables and table potatoes
- ➤ But derogation for fruit and vegetables and table potatoes in the regional model:
 - MS establish average number of fruit and vegetables during 2000 – 2002 on national and regional level
 - Allocation per farmer based on the number of ha used for those products in 2003





Comparison main rules SPS old and new Member States

SPS (old MS)

- Also historical model available, which calculates the value and number of payment entitlements based on agricultural activity of the farmer during the reference period
- Hybrid model: part of the reference amount allocated following the principles of the historical model

SPS (New MS)

 Only regional model available but possibility to allocate entitlement to specific sectors (art. 71 d (3))





Options for New Member States (art 70, Art 64)

- Single payment scheme
- Optional exclusion
 - One or more direct payments (drying aids, seeds)
- Partial implementation = sectors remain partly coupled
 - E.g. arable crops (25%)





COUNCIL REGULATION (EC) No 1782/2003

establishing common rules for direct support schemes under the common agricultural policy and establishing certain support schemes for farmers*

Implementing rules for the SPS:

- Reg. 796/2004 ("Reg I") Cross comp./ IACS
- Reg. 795/2004 ("Reg II" SPS
- Reg. 1973/2004 (" Reg II") Coupled payments and SAPS
- Reg. 118/2005 fixing the budgetary ceilings