

EuropeAid

Migration and Asylum programme

Thematic Programme on cooperation
with Third Countries in the Areas of
Migration and Asylum

Overview of projects funded 2007-2008



EUROPEAN
COMMISSION

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Introduction

For the last few years, the Commission has strengthened its efforts to incorporate the questions related to migration and asylum in its political dialogue with third countries, propose comprehensive approaches to migration and mainstream these questions in its development cooperation strategies. As regards cooperation, and in parallel to the contribution of the geographical instruments, the Commission has been funding actions also through thematic instruments, such as the "Aeneas" programme (2004-2006), which followed the preparatory actions financed from the budget heading B7-667 between 2001 and 2003. The aim of these thematic instruments is to assist third countries in their efforts to better manage migratory flows. Initially created to cover the period 2004-2008, 'Aeneas' was shortened to three years (2004-2006), during which about € 120 million of migration related projects have been financed. Within the framework of the Financial Perspectives 2007-2013, 'Aeneas' has been replaced by the Thematic Programme on cooperation with third countries in the areas of migration and asylum.

The general objectives of this Thematic Programme and its areas of activity are laid down in Article 16 of Regulation (EC) No 1905/2006 establishing a financing instrument for development cooperation (DCI), and specifically aim to support third countries in their efforts to ensure better management of migratory flows in all their dimensions. While the subject of the Thematic Programme is primarily migration to the Community, it also takes into account the relevant south/south migratory flows. At the thematic level, the programme covers major fields of action, which correspond to the main aspects of the migratory phenomenon, namely:

(a) fostering the links between migration and development, especially by encouraging the contribution of diasporas to the development of their country of origin and increasing the benefits of migrants' return; mitigating brain drain and promoting the circular movement of skilled migrants; facilitating financial transfers of migrants to their country of origin; supporting voluntary return and reintegration of migrants and building capacities for migration management; fostering capacity building efforts to help countries in the formulation of pro-development migration policies and in their capacity to jointly manage migration flows;

(b) promoting well-managed labour migration, in particular by informing about legal migration and conditions of entry in and stay on the territory of the Member States of the Community; providing information on labour migration opportunities and needs in Member States and on qualifications of third country candidates for migration; supporting pre-departure training for candidates for legal migration; and encouraging the definition and implementation of legislative frameworks for migrant workers in third countries;

(c) fighting illegal immigration and facilitating the readmission of illegal immigrants, including between third countries, and in particular, fighting smuggling and trafficking in human beings; discouraging illegal immigration and raising awareness of the risks related to it; improving capacities in the areas of

border, visa and passport management, including the security of documents and the introduction of biometric data, and detection of forged documents; implementing effectively readmission agreements concluded with the Community and obligations arising out of international agreements; and assisting third countries in the management of illegal immigration and in the coordination of their policies;

(d) protecting migrants, including the most vulnerable such as women and children against exploitation and exclusion through measures such as developing third countries' legislation in the field of migration; supporting integration and non-discrimination as well as measures to protect migrants from racism and xenophobia; preventing and fighting the smuggling and trafficking in human beings, and any form of slavery;

(e) promoting asylum and international protection, including through regional protection programmes, in particular in strengthening institutional capacities; supporting the registration of asylum applicants and refugees; promoting international standards and instruments on the protection of refugees; supporting the improvement of reception conditions and local integration, and working towards lasting solutions.

This publication presents the first collection of projects financed by the Thematic Programme in 2007 and 2008. Fifty four projects were selected through the Call for Proposals 2007-2008 and nine additional projects were financed through direct awards¹. An overview of all projects financed during this period is presented, followed by a summary description of each project. The duration of projects and some implementation details (such as activities, results, and implementing partners) may vary or change during their evolution.

A Mid-term Review of the Thematic Programme is currently being carried out by a team of experts external to the European Commission and should be available in the course of 2010.



Koos Richelle

¹ Additional information on the overall Migration and Asylum Thematic Programme or specific projects can be found at the following website: http://ec.europa.eu/europeaid/how/finance/dci/migration_en.htm or by contacting EuropeAid-F3-THEMATIC-PROGRAMMES-DEV@ec.europa.eu or Marlene.Vermorcken@ec.europa.eu

1. Southern Migratory Routes (sub- Saharan Africa and Southern Mediterranean)

| | |
|-----------------------|--|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/150-904 Partenariat pour la gestion des migrations professionnelles Union Européenne – Bénin, Cameroun, Mali, Sénégal |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 2 312 882 |
| EC contribution | € 1 847 882 |
| Lead implementer | Groupement d'intérêt public pour le développement de l'assistance technique et de la coopération internationale (GIP) |
| Implementing Partners | L'ANPE : Service Public pour l'Emploi français L'AFPA : Association Nationale pour la Formation Professionnelle des Adultes L'ANAEM : Agence Nationale de l'Accueil des Etrangers et des Migrations, Etablissement public de l'Etat Ministère du travail et de la sécurité sociale italien FIIAPP : Fondation Internationale Ibérico-Américaine des Administrations |
| Location | Bénin, Cameroun, Mali, Sénégal |
| Sub-sector | Labour migration (circular migration) |
| Project Duration | 01/01/2009– 31/12/2010 |
| Target groups | Structures parties prenantes des Services Publics de l'Emploi dans les quatre pays bénéficiaires |
| Beneficiaries | Demandeurs d'emploi et candidats à l'immigration professionnelle |
| Website | http://migrationsprofessionnelles.net/ |

Objectifs

- Sur le champ des migrations des travailleurs:
 - ⇒ Renforcer les capacités des Ministères du Travail, Services Publics de l'Emploi et autres services nationaux, à gérer la migration des travailleurs en articulation avec les politiques de l'emploi et à fournir une information aux migrants potentiels sur les canaux pour la migration légale, sur les conditions d'entrées sur les marchés étrangers du travail et sur les risques liés à l'immigration illégale.
 - ⇒ Aider à créer les dispositifs pour promouvoir et faciliter la migration de travail temporaire et circulaire, en créant des mécanismes pour une meilleure évaluation des compétences et pour une meilleure mobilisation du capital humain des migrants à leur retour, et en créant des dispositifs pour soutenir le retour volontaire et la réintégration des travailleurs migrants temporaires, dans une perspective de développement social et professionnel.
- Sur le champ des migrations et de développement:
 - ⇒ Aider à créer les dispositifs pour promouvoir le mouvement circulaire des travailleurs qualifiés, favoriser leur rôle dans le transfert du savoir-faire, des capacités, de la technologie, de l'expertise et des nouveaux paradigmes vers les pays d'origine et permettre une mobilité plus importante de ces compétences ayant un impact sur le pays d'origine
- Sur le champ du dialogue sur les politiques et élaboration des politiques :
 - ⇒ Encourager la coopération et le dialogue entre les pays d'origine dans l'Afrique subsaharienne et les pays de destination dans l'UE, en soutenant les activités de mises en réseau et l'étalonnage des plans d'actions locaux

Activités

L'action se propose de mettre en œuvre des plans de coopération et d'assistances techniques différenciés. Cette phase de mise en œuvre des actions de coopération et d'assistance technique, sera précédée par un diagnostic approfondi de façon à ajuster les plans d'actions et se situera dans le prolongement du premier module de formation permettant une exploitation immédiate des concepts et connaissances abordés mais surtout une meilleure articulation entre les différents opérateurs et institutions bénéficiaires. L'implication des structures locales, au travers notamment de leurs représentants managers formés, n'en sera que plus grande, assurant les conditions de faisabilité et de durabilité dès le début du projet.

Résultats

- Renforcement des capacités institutionnelles et opérationnelles des structures cibles dans les pays concernés.
- Opérationnalisation des dispositifs dédiés à la gestion globale des migrations professionnelles y compris par des propositions alternatives pour réorienter vers la satisfaction des besoins des marchés locaux afin d'éviter les migrations illégales ou celles vouées à l'échec.
- Opérationnalisation des dispositifs d'accompagnement des migrations circulaires -saisonnnières ou temporaires afin de permettre la mise en valeur et la prise en compte dans le marché local des expériences et compétences acquises lors des migrations professionnelles.
- Opérationnalisation des dispositifs et procédures d'intermédiation et de rapprochement offre / demande d'emploi sur les plans national et international. Ces dispositifs prennent en compte les processus de traitement des offres et les relations employeurs.
- La communication sur le champ des migrations professionnelles est arrêtée et déclinée par les canaux appropriés. Des outils d'informations sont disponibles et accessibles aux bénéficiaires finaux qui visent aussi bien la promotion des migrations légales, les critères de succès, les informations sur les processus et dispositifs existants mais aussi à alerter sur les risques des migrations illégales ou celles vouées à l'échec.
- Institutionnalisation du réseau professionnel entre les homologues chargés des migrations professionnelles dans les pays concernés par l'action.
- Réalisation régulière d'actions d'échange d'informations et de bonnes pratiques entre les parties prenantes des différents pays

| | |
|-----------------------|---|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2009/150-995 « Prévention de la migration illégale des mineurs non accompagnés » |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 725 010,60 |
| EC contribution | € 579 283,47 |
| Lead implementer | Associazione culturale cooperazione internazionale Sud Sud |
| Implementing Partners | Maroc : Tanmia Maroc Algérie : SARP (Société algérienne pour l'aide psychologique la recherche et la formation) |
| Location | Maroc et Algérie |
| Sub-sector | Migrants' Rights, irregular migration |
| Project Duration | 15/01/2010 - 14/01/2012 |
| Target groups | L'action ciblera deux types de bénéficiaires : les migrants mineurs potentiels (72004- protéger les droits des migrants, protéger les migrants contre l'exploitation et l'exclusion dans les pays de départ et de transit (Maroc, Algérie, Espagne, France et Italie : 75 éducateurs et cadres soit 15 personnes par pays). |
| Beneficiaries | Afin de toucher le plus large public possible, les outils de sensibilisation seront disponibles en arabe, en amazigh, en espagnol, en italien et en français. En même temps, ces outils et la plateforme on line seront mis en ligne sur les portails Internet du développement, tel que celui géré par l'association TANMIA.MA. Avec cette démarche, on estime pouvoir toucher indirectement les 7000 visiteurs quotidiens de ce portail |
| Website | http://www.tanmia.ma/article.php3?id_article=13424&lang=fr |

Objectifs

Promouvoir une démarche de prévention de la migration illégale de mineurs.

L'intervention se déroulera en 3 phases principales :

- Une phase de démarrage (2 mois) visant notamment à identifier les experts, élaborer les termes de référence pour mener l'analyse et la réflexion sur le phénomène.
- Une phase opérationnelle (20 mois) qui verra la réalisation effective d'une recherche transnationale et sa restitution, la création et la diffusion d'outils de sensibilisation aux dangers et aux conséquences de l'immigration illégale des mineurs, la réalisation des campagnes de sensibilisation, le renforcement des capacités des associations locales et institutions compétentes et la mise en place d'une plateforme collaborative (on line) de formation, d'échange d'information et de communication.
- Une phase finale (2 mois) qui consistera essentiellement à consolider la plateforme on line pour la formation continue du réseau, à systématiser et capitaliser les résultats du projet.

Activités

- Bilan des recherches réalisées sur la question des migrants mineurs dans l'espace euromaghrébin et état des lieux des politiques destinées aux mineurs migrants dans les pays de départ, d'arrivée et de transit.
- Réalisation d'une recherche anthropologique en vue d'identifier les facteurs qui interviennent dans la production des parcours individuels des mineurs
- Restitution de la recherche et élaboration d'un plan d'action
- Organisation d'ateliers de formation pour les relais locaux qui assureront la mise en œuvre des campagnes de sensibilisation.
- Organisation des campagnes de sensibilisation et de mobilisation au niveau local
- Actions de renforcement des capacités des éducateurs pour la défense des mineurs migrants non accompagnés (Maroc, Algérie, France, Italie et Espagne) ;
- Conception, animation et gestion d'un site web, édition et diffusion d'outils de communication.
- Actions de renforcement des capacités d'intervention des associations locales (formation à distance)

Résultats

- La connaissance et la compréhension du phénomène de l'émigration clandestine des mineurs sont améliorées
- 8000 enfants et jeunes et 170 associations locales sont sensibles aux dangers de la migration illégale des mineurs
- Mise en place d'une plateforme on-line pour renforcer les échanges et le travail en réseau transnational pour la défense des droits des mineurs non accompagnés
- 75 acteurs qui travaillent avec les mineurs sont formés aux spécificités de la prise en charge des mineurs migrants

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|-----------------------|---|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/151-975 "Capacity-building for Immigration Services in Horn of Africa, with initial focus on Ethiopia" |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 1 524 984.54 |
| EC contribution | € 1 219 987.63 |
| Lead implementer | United Kingdom, Home Office, Border Agency |
| Implementing Partners | International Centre for Migration Policy Development (ICMPD) International Organization for Migration (IOM) |
| Location | Ethiopia, Kenya |
| Sub-sector | Irregular migration |
| Project Duration | 01/04/2009-31-03-2011 |
| Target groups | Professional category (front line immigration officers of the Ethiopian Main Department for Immigration and Nationality Affairs) Local authorities (the Ethiopian Main Department for Immigration and Nationality Affairs; the Kenyan Department of Immigration.) |
| Beneficiaries | Ethiopia and Kenya, as countries for transit migration. In the mid-term, refugees and individuals migrating legally through the region and particularly from, to and through Ethiopia will benefit from improved migration management capacities |
| Website | http://www.icmpd.org/706.html?&no_cache=1&tx_icmpd_pi1[article]=1394&tx_icmpd_pi1[page]=1395 |

Objectives

- Supporting the improvement of border control and migration management capacities of competent authorities in Ethiopia
- Strengthening the capacities within the Ethiopian Main Department for Immigration and Nationality Affairs in the area of training and staff development
- Promoting enhanced bilateral cross-border co-operation
- Increasing the effectiveness of border control and migration management of the Ethiopian migration services by the provision of essential technical equipment

Activities

- Developing skills of local instructors to develop, deliver and evaluate training;
- Supporting the setting up of a system for in service training of immigration officers;
- Developing and pilot a comprehensive training curriculum for front line immigration officers;
- Establishing a framework for cross-border cooperation between Ethiopia and Kenya(focal point system);
- Pilot cross-border cooperation activities at the Ethiopia-Kenyan border;
- Procuring and providing equipment.

Results

- Strengthened and sustainable capacities of the Ethiopian Main Department for Immigration and Nationality Affairs to develop and deliver training to all its immigration officers;
- A framework for enhanced bilateral cross-border cooperation between Ethiopia and its;
- neighbouring countries, with initial focus on Kenya;
- Increased border control and migration management capacities due to availability of technical equipment.

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|-----------------------|---|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/152-499 "Faciliter la Création d'Entreprises au Maroc grâce à la mobilisation de la diaspora marocaine installée en Europe (« FACE-Maroc »)" |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 2 230 068,22 |
| EC contribution | € 1 497 304,90 |
| Lead implementer | Fondation IntEnt Pays-Bas, en collaboration avec HIVOS (NL) |
| Implementing Partners | Association Internationale Entrenariat Maroc, Agence Française de Développement (AFD) (FR), avec le soutien financier du Ministère de l'immigration, Centrum für internationale Migration und Entwicklung (CIM) (DE) |
| Location | Maroc |
| Sub-sector | Migration and Development |
| Project Duration | 1/02/2009-31/01/2012 |
| Target groups | Les marocains résidant en Europe (notamment NL, FR, DE) et souhaitant contribuer au développement économique du Maroc à travers la création d'une entreprise dynamique et rentable |
| Beneficiaries | Les entrepreneurs de la diaspora marocaine, leurs communautés d'origine et les marocains employés localement et le tissu économique privé marocain, notamment le secteur des petites et moyennes entreprises (PME).Le secteur financier au Maroc qui sera sensibilisé au groupe spécifique des promoteurs MRE |
| Website | http://www.intent-maroc.com/ |

Objectifs

- Contribuer au développement économique et à la création d'emplois du Maroc, et notamment des régions émettrices de migrations, par la mobilisation de la diaspora installée en Europe
- Créer un système d'accompagnement de promoteurs de projet, permettant à la diaspora marocaine installée en Europe (NL, FR, DE) de monter des entreprises PME & TPE au Maroc

Activités

- Diffuser l'information concernant le projet auprès de la diaspora; identifier et sélectionner les MRE intéressés
- Renforcer les capacités des promoteurs: appui à l'identification et au montage de projet par les candidats promoteurs de la diaspora
- Accompagner le promoteur dans sa recherche de marché et le montage de projet

Résultats

- Le désir d'entreprendre des MRE est encouragé et accompagné, et 225 MRE promoteurs auront démarrés leurs PME au Maroc, équivalant à €14,6M d'investissements et 1350 emplois directs durables après trois années
- Un réseau européen et marocain d'encadrement des diasporas désirant d'entreprendre au Maroc est opérationnel et pérenne. (Maroc, Pays-Bas, France, Allemagne et éventuellement d'autres pays européens).
- Les méthodes de travail et bonnes pratiques sont mutualisées et diffusées internationalement pour leur réplication dans d'autres zones géographiques

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| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/152-593 Enhancing the capacities of civil society organisations in promoting and protecting the rights of migrants, refugees and asylum seekers, in the Southern Mediterranean region |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 1 051 517.08 |
| EC contribution | € 832 993.49 |
| Lead implementer | Euro- Mediterranean Human Rights Network |
| Implementing Partners | Asociación para la Cooperación con el Sur – Las Segovias (ACSUR) - Spain; (ii) Swedish Refugee Aid (SWERA) – Sweden; (iii) Greek Committee for International Democratic Solidarity (EEDDA) – Greece; (iv) Consiglio Italiano per i Rifugiati (CIR) – Italy; (v) Ligue des droits de l'Homme (LDH) France |
| Location | Morocco, Algeria, Tunisia, Libya & Egypt |
| Sub-sector | Asylum and International protection |
| Project Duration | 15/01/2009- 14/01/2012 |
| Target groups | Local and/or regional Civil Society Organisations (CSOs) working in the fields of Human rights promotion, women rights, migrants and refugee protection and assistance, in Morocco, Algeria, Tunisia, Libya (mainly active from outside the country) and Egypt, will constitute the main target group of the project. |
| Beneficiaries | Migrants, Refugees and Asylum seekers in the Euromed region, and more specifically in the Southern Mediterranean Region. |
| Website | http://en.euromedrights.org/index.php/about_the_network/working_groups/migration_refugees/3044.html |

Objectives

- Supporting regional and Sub regional networking between CSOs from the Euromed region and more specifically from South Mediterranean countries
- Encouraging dialogue and cooperation between CSOs from countries of origin as well as transit and destination countries.
- Developing policy discussions and formulation on migration and asylum.
- Promoting international and regional human rights instruments affecting the rights of migrants as well as international humanitarian law related to refugee issues.
- Supporting development of legislative and political frameworks providing adequate protection to migrants and refugees.
- Promoting and protecting the rights of migrants and refugees, with a specific attention to the Gender dimension.
- Raising awareness on the situation of migrants and refugees in Northern Africa and the Southern Mediterranean.
- Supporting research in the field through data collection.

Activities

- Supporting regional and Sub regional networking between CSOs from the Euromed region and more specifically from South Mediterranean countries
- Encouraging dialogue and cooperation between CSOs from countries of origin as well as transit and destination countries.
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- Supporting development of legislative and political frameworks providing adequate protection to migrants and refugees.
- Promoting and protecting the rights of migrants and refugees, with a specific attention to the Gender dimension.
- Raising awareness on the situation of migrants and refugees in Northern Africa and the Southern Mediterranean.
- Supporting research in the field through data collection.

Results

- Qualitative: better understanding by CSOs of migration and asylum-related policies;
- better knowledge of legal and political instruments for the protection of migrants and refugees;
- better capacity to follow and influence political dialogue on such issues; better understanding of the situation of migrants and refugees in the region;
- better capacity to act on specific cases individually or jointly with other CSOs;

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| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/152-794 SEAHORSE COOPERATION CENTRES |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 2.503.465,25 |
| EC contribution | € 2.000.000 |
| Lead implementer | Kingdom of Spain |
| Implementing Partners | Governments of Portugal, Morocco, Mauritania, Senegal, Cape Vert, Guinea Bissau. Gambia. |
| Location | Morocco, Mauritania, Senegal, Cape Verde, Gambia, Guinea Bissau |
| Sub-sector | Irregular migration and readmission |
| Project Duration | 01/01/2009-31/12/2010 |
| Target groups | Law Enforcement Authorities of the countries involved in the project Morocco, Mauritania, Senegal, Cape Verde, Gambia, Guinea Bissau |
| Beneficiaries | The population of concerned African countries, as the project will contribute to reduce the illegal immigration and so on, the loss of human lives in the sea. But also the rest of EU Member States and FRONTEX |
| Website | www.guardiacivil.org |

Objectives

- Promoting and encourage interregional cooperation (Maghreb-Sub-Saharan Africa), collaboration and dialogue on the management of migratory flows, including transit and migration, *illegal immigration and trafficking in human beings by networking Immigration Authorities*
- Improving, the capacity to implement border controls, and improve the management of border controls including be means of operational cooperation
- Supporting policies and management structures in respect of migration
- Fostering the development of expertise in the migration field by ensuring collating, processing and disseminating information and best practices
- Discouraging illegal departures and saving lives

Activities

- Extension of Seahorse Network (National contact Points in Gambia, Guinea Bissau, Morocco)
- Creation of Cooperation Centres in Morocco, Senegal, Mauritania and Cape Verde
- Network of Liaison Officers
- Training Course on Ports, Coastal and Land Surveillance
- Training courses for Maritime Service of Mauritania, Senegal and Gambia
- International Police Conference Europe-Africa

Results

- Improvement of third countries' administration capacities including management and co-operation capacity between the Institutions with competence in the field of asylum and migration management at national and international level
- Intensified dialogue and collaboration between third countries and the European Union on migration question.
- Improvement of capacities for collating and processing data on migratory flows and the capacities of staff in charge of migration management.
- Development of expertise.
- Expansion and improvement of collaboration and information exchanges between the relevant administrations of the third countries and the Member States.
- Levels of interception of illegal immigrants in the concerned African countries have increased.

| | |
|-----------------------|---|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/152-890 Interactive Map on Irregular Migration Routes and Flows in Africa, the Middle East and the Mediterranean Region (i-Map) |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 1 079 899.43 |
| EC contribution | € 851 899.43 |
| Lead implementer | International Center for Migration Policy Development (ICMPD) |
| Implementing Partners | Cypriot Ministry of Justice and Public Order, French Ministry for Immigration, Integration, National Identity and Mutually-Supportive Development, Maltese Ministry for Justice and Home Affairs, Dutch Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Swedish Migration Board, Swiss Federal Office for Migration, European Police Office (Europol), and Odysseus Academic Network |
| Location | Africa, the Middle East and the Mediterranean i.e. Algeria, Egypt, Lebanon, Libya, Morocco, Syria and Tunisia |
| Sub-sector | Irregular migration |
| Project Duration | 01/01/2009-31/12/2010 |
| Target groups | <u>Entities:</u> Ministries or agencies in charge of migration affairs or national security. <u>Categories:</u> Analysts, Border Guards, Coast Guards, Law Enforcement officers, Liaison Officers abroad, External Relations Officers and Heads of Departments. |
| Beneficiaries | Beneficiaries' governments and administrations, and to a lesser extent the general public |
| Website | https://www.imap-migration.org/index2.html |

Objectives

Supporting the beneficiaries in better understanding, through enhanced exchange of information, the geographic and thematic contexts within which their migration policies and actions are implemented and therefore assist the beneficiaries in improving their abilities to manage irregular flows.

Activities

- Designing streamlined information-gathering tools (questionnaires, standard forms, contribution guides) and using a web-based information-sharing platform;
- Undertaking 3 field missions per year to countries of origin or transit of interest to the beneficiaries;
- Visiting the 7 beneficiaries each year to gather additional information for creating their migration profile;
- Undertaking training and promotion activities in the beneficiary countries on the use of the web platform;
- Holding 2 meetings per year with the beneficiaries, the EC, the partners and the associates in order to monitor and steer the implementation;
- Coordinating with the partners and associates on the content of migration profiles

Results

- A multi-thematic tool providing a wide range of strategic information on irregular migration in Africa, the Middle East and the Mediterranean region;
- A structured source of information available in Arabic, English and French;
- In-depth analyses of the migratory situation in the form of migration profiles at local, national and regional levels;
- Concrete and actionable information which can be used as a basis for developing or supporting future or ongoing policies or cooperation initiatives;
- A dedicated layer on migration and development aimed at avoiding duplication of efforts in the beneficiary countries.

| | |
|-----------------------|--|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/152-922 REMADE: Returning Enterprising Migrants Adding Development and Employment |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 1 048 042.53 |
| EC contribution | € 838 433.53 |
| Lead implementer | Humanistisch Instituut voor ontwikkeling samenwerken (Hivos) |
| Implementing Partners | The Netherlands; IntEnt, the Netherlands; AFFORD, UK; Empretec, Ghana. |
| Location | Ghana, The Netherlands and the United Kingdom |
| Sub-sector | Migration and development |
| Project Duration | 01/02/2009-01/02/2012 |
| Target groups | Returning entrepreneurial migrants and disadvantaged (former) community members of migrants from Ghana, the people, those returning entrepreneurial migrants who want to start business in Ghana, will employ. |
| Beneficiaries | The started SME's by returned migrants, the employees and their families, the trained business advisors and the trained bank staff and SME's that benefit from trained advisors and banks. |
| Website | http://www.hivos.nl/english/content/view/full/338 |

Objectives

- Strengthening the link between migration and development by fostering the Diaspora to strengthen the bonds with their communities of origin, make their remittances more effective and promote circular migration and counter brain-drain by development of the private sector in Ghana.
- Improving the climate for economic development the Ghanaian government is one of the top 10 reformers in 2006/2007, according to Doing Business 2008 report of the World Bank. With positive reforms for starting a business, trading across borders, getting credit, enforcing contracts and registering property, the Ghanaian government will encourage the non residential Ghanaians to contribute to the development of the private sector in Ghana.
- Establishment of healthy Small and Medium Enterprises (SMEs) by returning migrants through a more effective use of remittances for economic development and adequate business support structures.

Activities

- Exploration and analysis of the degree of awareness among the diaspora organizations towards migration and development;
- Creating awareness for policy dialogue and cooperation among diaspora organizations;
- Advocate for an enabling legal environment for dealing effective with remittances;
- Building the capacity of Empretec;
- Train 40 business advisors in SME advisory services;
- Prepare at least two banks and train 20 bank staff in SME financing and monitoring;
- Develop training and promotion materials for entrepreneurs, business advisors, and bank staff in Ghana;
- Provide training, counselling and advice on market research;
- Mediate in obtaining financial services from banks;
- Provide follow-up business advisory services;
- Monitoring and after-care services for started entrepreneurs;
- Mobilising non-resident Ghanaians to invest in small enterprises as part of the Business Box project;
- Creating easier, cheaper and effective ways for remittances;
- Establish and support a Business Club to further assist returning migrants;
- Organise a Web-based community of practice and an annual event.

Results

- Creating awareness and strengthening of policy dialogue: awareness and supporting cooperation initiatives in which partners of Ghana, the Netherlands and the UK develop and share experiences and working methods regarding to migration and development
- Capacity building: Business support services for returning migrants in Ghana strengthened
- Establishing SME's by returning migrants: train, support and assist returning entrepreneurial migrants before, during and after the set-up of enterprises with SME and finance advisory services.
- Reinforcing migrants' own developing capacity: Reinforce the self-help capacity of returning entrepreneurial migrants

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|-----------------------|--|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2009/153-157 "The African Remittances Institute (ARI) project" |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 2 104 810 |
| EC contribution | € 1 676 271 |
| Lead implementer | World Bank Group |
| Implementing Partners | International Organization for Migration, African Union Commission, African Development Bank |
| Location | Africa: Ethiopia (Addis Ababa for the set up of the ARI project), and Africa Union (AU) Member States with particular emphasis, but not exclusively, on the following countries: Nigeria, Senegal, Cape Verde, Guinea Bissau, Mali, Ghana, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Sudan, Uganda, DRC, Rwanda, South Africa, Mauritius, Kenya, Comoros, Guinea. |
| Sub-sector | Migration and development, Remittances |
| Project Duration | 28/12/2009-28/12/2011 |
| Target groups | Members States of the African Union, local authorities and policy makers, in particular Ministries of Finance, central banks and financial and non-financial institutions, which will gain better practices from the research, policy advice and capacity building in the area of remittances, migration and development |
| Beneficiaries | Remittance senders and recipients and the broader African Diaspora, their families and communities back home, who will benefit from better information, increased opportunities for trade and investment, access to financial services |
| Website | http://econ.worldbank.org/WBSITE/EXTERNAL/EXTDEC/EXTDECPROSPECTS/0,,contentMDK:21121930~menuPK:3145470~pagePK:64165401~piPK:64165026~theSitePK:476883,00.html |

Objectives

Facilitating the process leading to the creation of the Institute as well as capacity building of Member States of the African Union, remittance senders and recipients, private sector, universities, and other stakeholders to develop and implement concrete strategies and operational instruments to use remittances as development tools for poverty reduction. It also aims at strengthening partnership between the African Union, the European Union, the World Bank, and the International Organization for Migration, African Development Bank, the UN Economic Commission for Africa and the African Diaspora in the area of remittances in particular, and migration and development in general.

Activities

- Provision of technical assistance to government institutions on putting in place the necessary regulatory frameworks;
- Carrying out of training and capacity building programs;
- Study of remittances flows within Africa;
- Policy research and dialogue on how remittances can contribute to the development of Sub-Saharan Africa
- Development of content and technology platforms for country-based payment and settlement systems for remittances
- Development of partnerships between African Development Bank, African Central Banks and remittance companies to improve financial access;
- Dissemination of data and research
- Preparation of annual reports and annual conferences and meetings of policy makers.

Results

- ARI creation facilitated with operational networks in stakeholder and beneficiary organizations;
- governments in remittance receiving countries sharpen development impact of remittances through application of appropriate policies;
- improved financial access and banking products/services for remittance senders and recipients; regulatory regimes that strike a balance between preventing financial abuse and facilitating remittance flow through formal channels established;
- dissemination of data on remittance fees in major corridors improved;
- remittance transaction costs reduced;
- voluntary code of conduct for delivering fair value transfers implemented;
- new regulations and instruments for the Diaspora developed (e.g., new laws on banking regulation to provide instruments to the Diaspora abroad, access to credit, etc.);
- Diaspora bonds issued, and remittances securitized for credit / loans access from the global financial markets (as in the case of Brazil);
- Remittance-based Investment Fund established and accessed by stakeholders; among others.

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|-----------------------|--|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2009/153-183 Migration of Physicians within and from Sub-Saharan Africa: Internal, Regional and International Movements |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 1 149 561 |
| EC contribution | € 620 761 |
| Lead implementer | The World Bank Group |
| Implementing Partners | Centre for Migration Studies, University of Ghana, Université Catholique de Louvain, Southern African Migration Project (SAMP) - Idasa |
| Location | Botswana, Ghana, Lesotho, Malawi, Mozambique, Namibia, South Africa, Swaziland, and Zambia, i.e. Sub-Saharan Africa (SSA) and Western Africa |
| Sub-sector | Migration and development |
| Project Duration | 23/12/2009-23/12/2012 |
| Target groups | Policy-makers within countries in Sub-Saharan Africa; Policy-makers in OECD countries to which physicians migrate; Medical Schools in the target Sub-Saharan African countries; Physicians and medical students trained in the target countries; Academic research community; Multilateral aid institutions and donors |
| Beneficiaries | Policy-makers in the area of health, education and skilled migration; Physicians, medical schools and healthcare providers in the target countries; Patients seeking care in the healthcare sector in the target countries. |
| Website | |

Objectives

- Accelerating the achievement of the health related MDGs by providing data and a solid analytical evidence base that policy makers can rely on to formulate superior policies in the areas of healthcare providers' education, migration and retention;
- Contributing to creation of comprehensive datasets relating to physicians' location and medical students' education decisions;
- Providing the medical schools in the target countries with the statistical tools to set-up a system through which they can track their alumni in the future.

Activities

- Construction of a global dataset on bilateral movements of physicians within and from SSA to OECD countries over time and different medical specializations.
- Detailed surveys of medical students and physicians trained in each of focus countries and currently practicing at home and abroad.
- Statistical analysis of the data generated by administrative records and individual surveys.
- Formulation of policy briefs based on the data and the analysis mentioned above.

Results

- Detailed empirical analysis of education and migration decisions of medical students and physicians and how these decisions respond to economic, social and policy environment
- Several comprehensive datasets on physicians' and medical students' location decisions as well as their personal, social and academic characteristics
- Number of rigorous research papers and policy briefs on (i) recommendations on how to deal with the unequal distribution of physicians across the world, within sub-Saharan Africa (SSA) and between rural and urban areas in the SSA countries and (ii) recommendations on how to increase voluntary retention rates for physicians in high demand areas via economic incentives.
- Statistical systems in place (that is tied to the HMIS system) in 11 medical schools included in the project that will allow them to track and keep in touch with their alumni upon graduation over their careers.
- Research methodology with respect to data collection and analysis that can be replicated in other parts of the world that is affected from similar problems.

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|-----------------------|---|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/153-326 Prévention de la migration illégale d'enfants de moins de 18 ans non accompagnés du Sénégal vers l'Union Européenne |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 1 516 725 |
| EC contribution | € 1 213 380 |
| Lead implementer | Fundación internacional y para Iberoamérica de administración y políticas públicas FIIAPP |
| Implementing Partners | Ministère espagnol du Travail et de l'Immigration, Fondation Andalouse, Fond de Formation et Emploi, Office National de Formation Professionnelle (ONFP), Direction de l'Éducation surveillée et de la Protection sociale (DESPS), Agence Nationale pour l'Emploi des Jeunes (ANEJ) |
| Location | Sénégal |
| Sub-sector | Migrants' rights, Migration and Development |
| Project Duration | 01/03/2009-28/02/2012 |
| Target groups | 1 500 mineurs de 14 à 18 ans qui risquent d'émigrer irrégulièrement vers l'UE. 284 personnes de la structure de la DESPS, de l'ONFP et de l'ANEJ qui verront renforcées leurs compétences et en acquerront d'autres lors des séances de formation. |
| Beneficiaries | Les 1 500 familles des mineurs bénéficiaires directs du projet, ainsi que leur communauté, la région et l'État Sénégalais. Structure, formation et acquisition ou renforcement des compétences dans la DESPS, ONFP et ANEJ |
| Website | http://www.fiiapp.org |

Objectifs

- Accroître la protection légale des mineurs. À cette fin, des résultats essentiels sont ainsi nécessaires, tels que le renforcement des capacités nationales pour offrir des réponses locales ainsi que celui des outils pour assurer la protection légale et sociale des mineurs.
- Assurer l'accès à une éducation basique de qualité. Ainsi que la promotion des droits et des capacités des adolescents (aspect souligné aussi par la Fond des Nations Unies pour la Population– UNFPA). En effet, le document fait un compte rendu clair des orientations de travail à suivre comme le renforcement des habiletés personnelles et professionnelles, l'offre de formation et d'entraînement sur les nouveaux gisements d'emploi et l'autonomisation pour que les adolescents participent à la prise de décisions les concernant.

Activités

- Réhabilitation et équipement de 24 ateliers de formation aux métiers sélectionnés dans les centres de la DESP;
- Création, mise en œuvre et édition de matériel de diffusion dans chaque centre des Unités d'Orientation Éducative et Professionnelle (UniOEP) des centres de la DESPS;
- Organisation et réalisation de cours de formation des formateurs, de gestion des centres de formation, utilisation d'équipement nouveau;
- Création, mise en œuvre et édition de matériel de diffusion des UniOEP des centres de l'ONFP;
- Organisation et réalisation de cours de formation des formateurs;
- Réalisation du cours sur la médiation avec les collectifs vulnérables;
- Création et mise en œuvre d'un Plan de Sensibilisation et de communication par un groupe interministériel et de partenaires;
- Création et mise en œuvre de Comités d'Action Locale;
- Réalisation de cours sur la recherche et la gestion de l'information pour le personnel de l'ONFP et de l'ANEJ;
- Réalisation d'un diagnostic sur les nouveaux gisements d'emploi et sur l'élargissement de la base de données de l'ANEJ;
- Réalisation de cours sur la médiation avec des collectifs vulnérables et sur la consultance et le tutorat en matière d'auto-emploi;
- Création d'une unité dans l'ANEJ pour mobiliser des moyens pour l'auto-emploi.

Résultats

- La capacité de gestion, formation et insertion de 4 centres d'éducation et de formation aux métiers de la DESPS a été améliorée;
- La capacité de formation et d'insertion du Programme de "Capitalisation de l'expérience" accompli dans 2 centres de l'ONFP a été améliorée;
- Les familles des mineurs, les associations locales et les services AEMO, impliqués dans la protection des droits des mineurs, auront été informés et sensibilisés aux problèmes de l'émigration de mineurs non accompagnés;
- Les capacités de l'ONFP et de l'ANEJ ont été renforcées en matière de gestion de l'information pour organiser une base de données des jeunes qui risquent d'émigrer irrégulièrement;
- Les capacités de l'ANEJ ont été renforcées en matière de médiation avec des collectifs vulnérables et de création d'opportunités par l'intermédiaire de la consultance et du tutorat en matière d'auto-emploi;

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| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/153-386 Améliorer la protection et les conditions de vie des migrants internationaux (refoulés et/ou en transit) et ceux rendus vulnérables par le phénomène migratoire en Afrique du Nord |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 1 499 087,44 |
| EC contribution | € 1 199 270 |
| Lead implementer | Fédération internationale des sociétés de la croix rouge et du croissant rouge |
| Implementing Partners | Sociétés de Croissant-Rouge (CR) d'Algérie, de Libye, du Maroc et de Tunisie |
| Location | Maroc : Régions de l'Oriental, du Centre et des zones urbaines; Algérie : Régions de Nord Est, Sud, Ouest et Centre; Tunisie : Régions de Tunis et du Sud; Libye |
| Sub-sector | Asylum and International protection |
| Project Duration | 17/12/2008-17/12/2011 |
| Target groups | Comités locaux des Sociétés de CR (staff, Membre, Volontaires issus des Communautés); Communautés d'accueil dans les zones particulièrement exposées aux phénomènes migratoires (société civile : maisons de jeunes, écoles, clubs, association de femmes, associations locales); les Autorités nationales et locales (Douane, Santé Gendarmerie, et autres administrations concernées) ; Les Médias partenaires des Sociétés de CR (relais de communication). |
| Beneficiaries | Les personnes en transit ; les personnes irrégulières et clandestines souhaitant demeurer dans le pays ; les personnes refoulées ; les communautés les plus vulnérables productrices de migrants. |
| Website | http://www.ifrc.org/ |

Objectifs

- Renforcer le plaidoyer, développer une solidarité régionale concrète au travers de communautés mieux préparées et d'autorités mieux sensibilisées.
- L'assistance et protection des personnes migrantes refoulées et/ou en transit est acquise.

Activités

- Formation de 600 volontaires issus des communautés;
- Développement de matériel didactique, promotionnel et de diffusion;
- Campagnes de sensibilisation communautaire dans les communes ciblées;
- Implications des migrants dans les campagnes de sensibilisation;
- Session d'information et de discussions au niveau des autorités, des médias sur leur statut spécifique des CR comme auxiliaire des Pouvoirs publics;
- Développement d'une stratégie de communication interne et externe;
- Services d'accueil pour les migrants;
- Mise en place de postes de secours, et d'équipes de secouristes dans les zones stratégiques;
- Formation de 400 volontaires pour les premiers secours et soins d'urgence, le soutien psychologique et sur la gestion des crises (abris, distributions de vivres et de non vivres);
- Accès aux vivres et non vivres;
- Aménagement, rénovation et équipement de Dépôts régionaux opérationnels, pré positionnement des stocks;
- Renforcement de centres communautaires existant dans les communautés exposées et provision de l'assistance nécessaires aux populations migrantes en situation critique (accès à l'information sur les droits des migrants, accès aux soins, aux vivres et aux non vivres, Rétablissement des liens familiaux);
- Formation d'équipe de volontaire sur l'évaluation des vulnérabilités et capacités, et réalisation d'études sur les besoins avec l'implication des communautés elles-mêmes;
- Développement de projets communautaires participatifs et appui à la mise en œuvre.

Résultats

- Communautés mieux préparées;
- Sensibilisation des autorités et des médias;
- Réponse ciblée aux besoins spécifiques et Protection des Migrants;
- Identification, appui et mise en œuvre de projet de développement durable.

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|-----------------------|--|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/153-526 Enhancing the cooperation to fight trafficking in human beings from Nigeria to Europe |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 1 263 635.28 |
| EC contribution | € 1 010 908.20 |
| Lead implementer | International Labour Organisation |
| Implementing Partners | Department for Equal Opportunities (DEO), Counter Trafficking Commission, Italy |
| Location | Nigeria and Italy |
| Sub-sector | Trafficking and smuggling |
| Project Duration | 01/09/2009-28/08/2011 |
| Target groups | Actual and potential victims of human trafficking from Nigeria |
| Beneficiaries | Actual and potential victims of human trafficking from Nigeria |
| Website | http://www.ilo.org |

Objectives

- Supporting cooperation between Italian and Nigerian law enforcement officials and the judiciary with the aim to increase prosecution of trafficking and related offences; based on a victim-centred approach
- Supporting the development of a comprehensive knowledge base, including statistical data and qualitative studies to better assess scope and forms of human trafficking from Nigeria to Italy and other destination countries
- Supporting identification, assistance, readmission and reintegration of trafficking victims, linked to sustainable income-generating measures
- Supporting greater awareness among at-risk groups of trafficking in human beings on dangers of irregular migration as well as alternative employment and migration options.

Activities

- Research on trafficking from Nigeria to Italy for labour exploitation;
- Production of awareness raising materials (particularly in local languages);
- Awareness raising workshops for stakeholders, media and traditional leaders in Nigeria;
- Training manuals and trainings for labour inspectors, police, immigration and port officials, social workers, consular staff, and judiciary on THB and forced labour and monitoring private recruitment agencies;
- Preparation and negotiation of a Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) between law enforcement in Italy and Nigeria on mechanisms and procedures for the prosecution of traffickers;
- Support establishment of National Referral Mechanism in Nigeria;
- Train staff of reintegration centres in Nigeria;
- Support trade unions at national, regional and inter-regional levels to assist actual and potential trafficking victims;
- Ensure access to vocational training and micro-finance facilities for victims of trafficking.

Results

- Inter-agency coordination between Nigeria and Italy for investigating THB;
- Institutionalized training for relevant government agencies; improved monitoring of recruitment agencies;
- Improved capacity to detect and address instances of trafficking and forced labour; enhanced knowledge base on the scale and scope of human trafficking from Nigeria to Italy;
- Improved processes for reintegration of returned victims in Nigeria through a National Referral Mechanism; community and traditional leaders, vulnerable groups, government officials, social partners and NGO officials sensitized on THB and forced labour; communities in Nigeria actively reach out to vulnerable groups and support local hotlines.

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|-----------------------|--|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/153-645 A comprehensive approach to the effective management of mixed migration flows in Libya |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 2 500 000.20 |
| EC contribution | € 2 000 000 |
| Lead implementer | UHHCR |
| Implementing Partners | International Centre for Migration Policy Development, Consiglio italiano per i rifugiati (CIR), International Organization for Peace, Care and Relief (IOPCR) |
| Location | Libya |
| Sub-sector | Asylum and international protection, return |
| Project Duration | 01/02/2009-31/01/2012 |
| Target groups | Ministry of Interior (MOI), Ministry of Justice (MOJ), Ministry of Foreign Affairs (MFA), |
| Beneficiaries | Migrants, asylum seekers and refugees |
| Website | http://www.unhcr.org/pages/49e485f36.html |

Objectives

- Strengthening the reception management capacities to deal with mixed migration movements;
- Strengthening the legal and procedural capacities in the fields of asylum and migration to address mixed migration movements;
- Implementing and strengthening capacities to undertake voluntary returns.

Activities

- Gaps and needs assessment – management of mixed migration movements;
- Capacity-building support and reception management arrangements for receiving refugees and migrants in reception centers in Libya;
- Capacity-building - Legal and procedural responses in the fields of asylum and migration to manage mixed migration movements;
- Capacity-building and operational assistance: Voluntary Return.

Results

- Gaps and needs analysis on the management of mixed migration movements in Libya existing;
- Enhanced national capacities in reception management;
- Enhanced legal and procedural capacities in the areas of asylum and migration management;
- Strengthened capacities in the management of voluntary return.

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|-----------------------|---|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/153-692 Regional Assisted Voluntary Return and Reintegration (AVRR) Programme for Stranded Migrants in Libya and Morocco |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 3 108 381 |
| EC contribution | € 2 000 000 |
| Lead implementer | International Organisation for Migration |
| Implementing Partners | <u>Libya</u> : The General Peoples' Committee for Public Security (GPCPS) will be the governmental associate of this programme. The Al Wafa Charity Society for Relations and Human Services and the International Organization for Peace, Care and Relief (IOPCR) <u>Morocco</u> : The Direction for Immigration and Border Control of the Ministry of Interior In Mali: Association Malienne des Expulsés and the Association Malienne pour l'Intégration et le Développement <u>Niger</u> : the NGO Aquadev |
| Location | Libya (Tripoli), Morocco (Rabat) and countries of origin (special focus on Mali and Niger) |
| Sub-sector | Irregular Migration |
| Project Duration | 01/04/2009-31/03/2010 |
| Target groups | 2,000 stranded irregular migrants in Libya and Morocco; concerned authorities in the management of illegal migration of Morocco and Libya; concerned authorities in origin countries involved in the return and reintegration |
| Beneficiaries | Illegal migrants present in both transit countries; civil society/NGO of transit and origin countries; policy makers of origin, transit and destination countries. |
| Website | http://www.iom.int/jahia/Jahia/pid/406 |

Objectives

- Contributing to increase inter-regional cooperation and to the adoption of joint and systemic initiatives between origin, transit and destination countries in managing illegal migratory flows;
- Strengthening local capacities to support sustainable reintegration of returnees in origin countries;
- Reinforcing national capacities of transit countries (Libya-Morocco) in addressing the challenges posed by illegal migration through the implementation of humane return measures;
- Enhancing the protection of human rights of migrants in origin and transit countries.

Activities

- Creation of two referral systems, comprehensive databases for migrants' data;
- Production of information material on the services of the programme;
- Provision of return assistance, counselling and reintegration assistance to 2,000 stranded migrants wishing to return to their countries of origin;
- Reinforcement of capacities building of transit countries;
- Study Tour and networking activities between transit, origin and destination countries.

Results

- 100,000 (20,000 in Morocco and 80,000 in Libya) stranded migrants in Libya and Morocco aware of options and assistance offered by the programme;
- AVR support mechanisms put in place in both Libya and Morocco including 2 national referral system and 2 comprehensive databases;
- 2,000 vulnerable migrants assisted in their return and reintegration into their countries of origin through a comprehensive approach;
- Reinforced capacities of origin countries in reception and reintegration support through the active involvement of national institutions and civil society;
- Capacities of transit countries concerned authorities reinforced;
- Increased networking activities between origin, transit and destination countries of migrants on humane and concerted solutions in the fight against illegal migration.

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|-----------------------|---|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/153-785 Strengthening Law Enforcement Capacity (Border Control Operations) and Criminal Justice Response to Smuggling of Migrants and Trafficking in Persons |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 2 479 315.08 |
| EC contribution | € 1 979 315.08 |
| Lead implementer | United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime |
| Implementing Partners | South Africa Border Control Operations Coordinating Committee (BCOCC), the Netherlands (Associate) and Europol (Associate). |
| Location | South Africa |
| Sub-sector | Trafficking and Smuggling |
| Project Duration | 01/03/2009-28/02/2012 |
| Target groups | Departments and agencies of the BCOCC, incl. prosecution and the judiciary responsible for combating smuggling of migrants and trafficking of persons. |
| Beneficiaries | Vulnerable individuals, especially women and children |
| Website | http://www.unodc.org/southernafrica/en/sle/index.html |

Objectives

- Supporting the implementation of the National Integrated Border Management Strategy 2008-2010 response to smuggling of migrants and human trafficking in and through South Africa, by providing technical assistance to promote integrated border management by enhancing cooperation between all national border management agencies with the aim of achieving cooperation, coordination, mutual support, and information sharing, and joint operations between these agencies.
- Investigative and prosecutorial capacities will be enhanced and prevention, through information campaigns targeting officials and general public at border control areas, will be fostered.

Activities

1. Institutional capacity building activities:
 - Strengthening of the capacity of criminal justice and law enforcement agencies responsible for the implementation of the National Integrated Border Management Strategy 2008-2010 of the Republic of South Africa.
 - Support the BCOCC in its mission to strengthen inter-agency cooperation and coordination and the establishment of inter-agency team for border management purpose.
2. Human capacity building activities:
 - Develop training materials for immigration and law enforcement, prosecution and judiciary.
 - Train law enforcement, prosecution and judiciary to effectively fight SoM and THB, incl. profiling methods, border and passport control and visa management, information exchange how to detect fraudulent or fraudulently obtained travel documents
 - Incorporate specialized training on SoM and THB in the curricula of relevant training institutions.
 - Train inter-agency team established for integrated border management.
 - Hold train-the-trainer courses to sustain training delivery.
3. Research activities:
 - Carry out research in South Africa on smuggling of migrants and human trafficking with a particular focus on the
 - Involvement of organized criminal groups and their modus operandi.
 - Assess the existing anti-smuggling capacities of the criminal justice system, identify gaps and formulate recommendations.
4. International and interregional cooperation activities:
 - Establish a network of national focal points to facilitate cooperation and information exchange.
 - Train relevant staff of law enforcement, prosecution and judiciary to use more effective Mutual Legal Assistance and Extradition procedures, and strengthen cooperation with Europol and Interpol.
 - Facilitate joint operative investigations in the form of pilot projects between selected target countries and EU countries.
5. Prevention activities:
 - Carry out public awareness initiatives at identified ports of entry on the criminal aspects of trafficking in persons and smuggling of migrants.
 - Develop and implement awareness raising campaigns, including development of posters, video/radio spots and leaflets at border controls, especially air and sea ports.

Results

- Enhanced capacities of border control agencies to implement (NIBMS) 2008-2010
- Improved skills to detect fraudulent and fraudulently obtained travel documents and better exchange of information between the inter-agency team at ports of entry, as well as consular offices abroad
- Improved knowledge on SoM and THB
- Improved international cooperation, at the bilateral level or through Europol or Interpol
- Increased awareness on SoM and THB

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|-----------------------|--|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/153-811 Harnessing the potential of migration for development by linking MFIs (Microfinance Institutions) with immigrant associations |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 1 875 234 |
| EC contribution | € 1 500 187.20 |
| Lead implementer | Oxfam Novib |
| Implementing Partners | International Network of Alternative Financial Institutions – INAFI International |
| Location | <u>Sub-Saharan Africa:</u> Benin, Burkina Faso, Ethiopia, Ghana, Kenya, Mali, Nigeria, Senegal, Tanzania, and Uganda <u>Europe:</u> Netherlands, UK, France, Germany, Italy, Belgium, Luxembourg, Spain, Switzerland, Sweden |
| Sub-sector | Migration and development |
| Project Duration | 01/03/2009-01/03/2012 |
| Target groups | MFIs in Benin, Burkina Faso, Ethiopia, Ghana, Kenya, Mali, Nigeria, Senegal, Tanzania; 10 immigrant associations in EU; Members originate from the ten selected countries; participants (from MFIs, immigrant associations, policy makers, money transfer operators, banks, and international organisations) to the work conference in Accra |
| Beneficiaries | 2.3 million clients of the 10 MFIs (1,342,194 are women); 300,000 migrants in EU, and ultimately their in the selected African countries |
| Website | http://www.oxfamnovib.nl |

Objectives

Contributing to improved capacities of immigrant associations with members originating from Sub-Saharan Africa (SSA) countries (Benin, Burkina Faso, Ethiopia, Ghana, Kenya, Mali, Nigeria, Senegal, Tanzania, and Uganda) which are based in 10 EU countries (The Netherlands, UK, France, Germany, Italy, Belgium, Luxembourg, Spain, Switzerland, and Sweden) to actively support the development of their countries of origin and to enable 10 MFI's facilitate transfer of migrant remittances in a safer and cheaper manner

Activities

- Identify barriers through survey and desk studies that hinder or facilitate remittance-related activities by MFIs
- Investigate needs and wants of migrant remittance senders and receivers to identify potential products to be offered by MFIs.
- Develop and reproduce financial literacy toolkit
- 6 project management training sessions for 120 leaders of immigrant associations.

Results

- Provided technical assistance to 10 MFI's based in 10 Sub-Saharan African countries enabling them to perform money transfers worldwide. Skills of 40 staff members plus 12 representatives of other organizations are improved enabling them to manage successful money transfer activities.
- Developed and marketed remittance-based financial products and services, and other investment opportunities targeting potential individual migrants
- Introduced financial services outreach program to immigrants and remittance recipients. Migrants aware of options to maximize the benefits of remittances.
- 10 immigrant associations mainly based in the EU, trained on how to carry out co development projects in partnership with MFIs and other potential partners.

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| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/153-946 Contribution to the Production of a new Passport for Cape Verde |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 885 838.02 |
| EC contribution | € 708 670.42 |
| Lead implementer | Portuguese Immigration and Borders Service, (Servico de Estrangeiros e Fronteiras - SEF) |
| Implementing Partners | NOSI (Operational Nucleus of the Information Society of Cape Verde) |
| Location | Cape Verde and Portugal |
| Sub-sector | Irregular migration |
| Project Duration | 01/02/2009-31/07/2010 |
| Target groups | 800 000 Cape Verde citizens |
| Beneficiaries | Directorate for Aliens and Borders of Cape Verde |
| Website | |

Objectives

- Adding value to the fight against document fraud;
- Enhancing the levels of security in Cape Verde and in the region of West Africa (ECOWAS) as well as in the European Union which represents a target destination for the migratory flows that originate in the African Continent with transit through Cape Verde;
- Providing Cape Verde with a biometric passport ensuring the security of this travel document according to international recommendations.

Activities

- Assessment in Cape Verde
- Applicative and functional analysis
- Acquisition of Hardware and Software
- Installation of the Development Infrastructure
- Application Development
- Equipment transportation to Cape Verde
- Physical installation and application in Cape Verde
- Tests and Training
- Start-up and production
- Production follow up and minor bugs correction

Results

Production of biometric passports by the Cape Verde authorities

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|-----------------------|---|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/154-148 Observing and Researching Migration for Enhancing its Governance in Southern & Eastern Mediterranean and Sub-Saharan Countries. |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 2.448.419 |
| EC contribution | € 1.958.735 |
| Lead implementer | European University Institute |
| Implementing Partners | International Labour Organization (ILO). International Organization for Migration (IOM). |
| Location | Algeria, Chad, Egypt, Libya, Mali, Mauritania, Morocco, Niger, Senegal, Sudan, Tunisia and Jordan, Lebanon, Palestine, Syria. |
| Sub-sector | Migration and development |
| Project Duration | 01/04/2009-31/03/2011 |
| Target groups | Academics, high-ranking professionals and influential thinkers .High-level civil servants in ministries, parliaments and state agencies, Civil society organisations, including: employers' organisations, trade unions, migrants' associations, the media. |
| Beneficiaries | 1. Governments and parliaments, especially of SEM and SSB countries, in particular the ministries, authorities and commissions, that design, monitor and implement migration policies. 2. The Commission and Parliament of the European Union, and relevant institutions of its member states. 3. And, in an indirect, but nevertheless important fashion, the migrants themselves. |
| Website | http://www.carim.org/index.php |

Objectives

- Construct standardised and consultable information on the demographic, economic, legal and political dimensions of migration from, through and into SEM and SBB countries.
- Conduct research on migration-related topics regarded priorities by SEM, SSB governments and the EU.
- Develop a framework for regular consultation among experts.
- Provide a venue for informal discussion among policy-makers and experts on SEM and SSB migration-related issues.

Activities

- Network development.
- Database development.
- Research.
- Thematic seminars of experts.
- Meetings between experts and policy-makers.
- Involvement of other target groups.
- Publications.
- Dissemination.

Results

- Development of scientific capacity through the construction of a network of SEM and SSB scholars dedicated to the demographic, economic, legal, social and political data collection on and analysis of migration.
- Construction of knowledge through the production and publication of a large amount of high-quality comparable data (database) and analysis (research), for the purpose of improving existing policies and developing new ones in especially the SEM and SSB countries.
- Bridging the academic and policy-making communities through the organisation of seminars and training sessions in which they can share results so that knowledge informs action, especially in SEM and SSB countries.

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|-----------------------|--|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/153-406 Su.Pa. Successful Paths, Supporting Human and Economic Capital of Migrants |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 1 289 501.25 |
| EC contribution | € 1 031 500 |
| Lead implementer | Region of Veneto, Dep. of International Relations, Italy (LP) |
| Implementing Partners | Veneto Lavoro, Italy; Region of Marche, Italy; Anaem (now OFII), France; Regional Government of Kaolack, Senegal; Region of Veneto, Brussels delegation office; Confesen, Senegal; Banca Popolare Etica, Italy |
| Location | Senegal: Region of Kaolack, Region of Dakar and minor activities in Europe (France, Italy and Belgium) |
| Sub-sector | Migration and development; return |
| Project Duration | 01/02/2009-01/06/2011 |
| Target groups | The population of would-be entrepreneurs migrants in Veneto, Marche, and France; Remittances' recipient communities in Senegal; Return migrants, high skilled migrants; |
| Beneficiaries | Return migrants, the wider community of remitters, migrants entrepreneurs |
| Website | |

Objectives

- Strengthening the institutional cooperation in the field of migration, between sending and receiving Regions involved in the project;
- Eradicate the difficulty in the access to credit for migrants by improving the system of guarantees, needed to promote entrepreneurship and business start-ups in Senegal;
- Promoting innovative paths to support the return of human and economic capital to Senegal, through adequate tools.

Activities

- Setting up, Modelling and implementation of the Guarantee Fund through SWOT analysis, surveys, reports and meetings involving project stakeholders;
- Support to Economic Return Initiatives and Creation of return desks and the "Economic Return Task Force in
- Kaolack " through services to support new business start-up
- Innovative financial tools for migrants
- Dissemination and communication of activities and outputs

Results

- High skilled return migration to Senegal,
- New business start-ups,
- Increased access to credit for migrants

| | |
|-----------------------|--|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/153-993 Promoting a rights-based and non-discriminatory approach to reception of migrants and refugees' by public authorities and civil society actors in Egypt |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 1 233 774.20 |
| EC contribution | € 987 019.36 |
| Lead implementer | COOPERAZIONE PER LO SVILUPPO DEI PAESI EMERGENTI ONLUS |
| Implementing Partners | Tadamon (Solidarity) - network of 28 civil society organizations; CMRS (Centre for Migration and Refugees Studies)–AUC research centre |
| Location | Arab Republic of Egypt (A.R.E.), Governorates of Greater Cairo |
| Sub-sector | Migration and development; Protection of migrants' rights |
| Project Duration | 09/12/2008-19/06/2012 |
| Target groups | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Network of civil society organizations (NGOs, CBOs and CDAs); • Local administrations and institutions; • Local lawyers and legal experts. |
| Beneficiaries | Migrants/refugees and local population living in the selected areas |
| Website | http://www.cospe-egypt.org/migration-eu |

Objectives

- To enhance better knowledge and management of immigration processes, procedures and practices in Egypt through capacity building, strengthening networks and awareness-raising.

Activities

- Capacity building on rights-based approach, advocacy, awareness raising, information and support services for migrants and refugees;
- Capacity building on legal framework, migration laws, advocacy skills to a selected number of Egyptian lawyers / legal practitioners and empower them to work on migrant/refugees/ issues;
- Training modules for migration services personnel and other stakeholders on the protection of human rights of migrants/refugees;
- toolkit on non-discriminatory treatment;
- informal networks on social cohesion in urban slums involving both Egyptian and migrant/refugees communities, "living together" workshops;
- Seminars to promote dialogue/cooperation between local authorities/organisations active in urban slums;
- research on civil society organizations/ local administrations active in providing access to basic services for migrants/refugees;
- Use local media activists/professionals to raise awareness among the population/institutions on migrants/refugees' rights and promote social cohesion.

Results

- Network of NGOs trained / reinforced on supporting migrants;
- Local authorities/administrators linked to civil society and jointly empowered to promote and protect the rights of migrants/refugees;
- Awareness-raising initiatives on migration/racism implemented;
- Information-base on migratory processes and procedures in Egypt created and made accessible to a wider public.

2. Eastern Migratory Routes (Eastern Europe, South Caucasian and the Central Asia Republics)

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|-----------------------|---|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/152-834 Adding value to Central Asian Migration: Awareness, Capacity Building and Networking for maximizing the impact of migration on growth and development |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 1 733 646,10 |
| EC contribution | € 1 386 916,88 |
| Lead Implementer | AGENCE D'AIDE A LA COOPERATION TECHNIQUE ET AU DEVELOPPEMENT (France) |
| Implementing Partners | International Protection Foundation; Fund for Assistance and Support to Legal and Economic Reforms; Human Rights Centre |
| Location | Tajikistan: Dushanbe city, Khatlon, RRS and Sughd regions Kyrgyzstan: Bishkek city, Batken, Osh and Jalalabat regions |
| Sub-sector | Labour Migration |
| Project Duration | 01/01/2009 – 31/12/2010 |
| Target Groups | Vulnerable migrants from urban and rural communities with high emigration rate in Batken, Osh and Jalalabat regions of Kyrgyzstan, the Khatlon and Sughd region of Tajikistan, as well as single female-headed, remittance-recipient households in the same areas; Staff of Kyrgyz and Tajik SCME (State Committees for Migration and Employment) and Agency for Technical Professional Education (APTE). |
| Beneficiaries | Emigrants from Kyrgyzstan and from Tajikistan, population of villages in target regions of Kyrgyzstan and Tajikistan where over 500 established CBOs (community-based organisations); general population in Tajikistan and Kyrgyzstan; SCME Civil Servants. |
| Website | http://www.acted.org/ |

Objectives

- Developing more effective migration management mechanisms in Tajikistan and Kyrgyzstan, whereby capacities of state structures to ensure safer, more humane and orderly labour movements are expanded and both legal and risk awareness of migrants and target populations is increased.
- Fostering the positive contribution of labour migration to the economic and social development of vulnerable rural regions of Kyrgyzstan and Tajikistan as a tool for poverty reduction

Activities

- Regional cooperation and national policy development. To ensure safer and well-managed migration movements, the project contributes to an action-oriented dialogue at regional and country level on labour migrations.
- Capacity building of the relevant State Committees. The lack of local expertise and relevant data are major sources of difficulties when designing and implementing coherent national migration policies and programmes. The Project therefore assists SCME to develop the capacity of its staffs and assists them in fulfilling their statutory missions.
- Carry out an information and legal awareness campaign;
- Facilitating the matching of labour demand and supply. The action contributes to the multiplication of initiatives connecting foreign labour-demanding companies, job-seekers and State agencies (SCME, APTE and its affiliated Vocational Training Centres - VTCs) and involved employers. The project develops two types of interventions, the creation of bilateral job matching mechanisms and the organizations of 4 national job fairs.
- Setting up Public-Private Partnerships (PPP). The job fairs create a favourable environment for the conclusion of Private Public Partnerships. The Project contributes to build on the momentum created by the job fairs by connecting the relevant labour migration stakeholders, sets up a feedback system from the companies to fine-tune the vocational needs and modernise the curriculum of the network of VTCs, building on ACTED's past achievements.
- Levering remittances for rural development and investment. Building on the existing network of local governance structures, rural investment funds and village-based resource centres created under the support of the EC, World Bank, KfW and DFID, mechanisms to leverage remittances for rural development and investment will be established

Results

- Improved formulation of migration policies.
- Improved capacity of the national services for migrants.
- Increased legal and risk awareness among migrants and general population.
- Improved connection between migrants, State agencies and foreign employers.
- Improved evaluation and development of emigrants' skills, secured legal working conditions in destination countries.
- Better use of human and financial capital of migrants in rural development.

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|-----------------------|--|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/153-171 Strengthening Protection capacity in Belarus (Phase II) |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 888 431 |
| EC contribution | € 710 745 |
| Lead Implementer | UNHCR – United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees |
| Implementing Partners | Ministry of Internal Affairs (MIA); State Border Committee (SBC); International Organisation for Migration (IOM); Belarusian Red Cross (BRC); Belarusian Movement of Medical Workers (BMMW); International Public Association for Scientific Research, Information and Educational Programmes “Evolutio” |
| Location | Belarus |
| Sub-sector | Asylum and International protection |
| Project Duration | 01/01/2009 – 31/12/2011 |
| Target Groups | border service officers; mid & high-level officers and civil servants from the Ministry of Internal Affairs (MIA); representatives of civil society, including NGOs, mass media, academicians, judges, MPs |
| Beneficiaries | irregular/forced migrants, including asylum-seekers and victims of trafficking and smuggling |
| Website | http://en.evolutio.info/ |

Objectives

Supporting further development of a comprehensive and humane migration management system, with a fully integrated fair and efficient asylum system, through building the capacity of government authorities and non-governmental organisations. It will enable Belarus to receive asylum-seekers and to improve their access to RSD procedures in line with European and international standards.

Activities

- Direct participation and covering of NGO costs in monitoring all entry and exit points of the country, including airports and detention facilities of the MIA within the country.
- Supporting civil society working in the field of migration/asylum through provision of training.
- Provision of legal counselling and social assistance to persons seeking asylum detained at the border or within the territory of Belarus.
- Assisting the state (MIA and SBC - State Border Committee of Belarus) to upgrade the current CRRS and expand it to the regional level for the MIA and to the level of commandant offices for the SBC.
- Refurbishing and furnishing of interviewing facilities in the regional Migration services of the MIA.
- Development of the guidelines for the identification procedure and procurement of technical means to operate the system.
- Establishment of the COI system in the country.
- Implementation of a comprehensive training strategy that will include in-country seminars, study visits to the EU countries, cross-border missions and address specific issues of refugee protection in the context of mixed migration flows.
- Implementation of the Assisted Voluntary Return Programme (AVRP) with a potential hand-over to the Belarusian authorities.
- Implementation of a PI/PA campaign, including publications, to ensure increased protection and understanding of the public at large of the relevance of refugee protection, international standards regarding reception and the difference between economic migrants and refugees.

Results

- The project strengthens co-ordination among government institutions dealing with migration and refugee issues, including at legislative and administrative levels.
- Persons in need of international protection have access to the territory of Belarus and to the asylum procedures.
- Law enforcement and border officials are trained and made aware of international and national refugee law (with a special focus on access to procedures and treatment of asylum-seekers and non-refoulement) and apply these concepts adequately.
- Technical capacity of the central and regional asylum authorities to work with asylum-seekers and refugees is enhanced.
- The NGO sector is strengthened through training and access to information so that it can be better equipped to deal with migrants, refugees and asylum-seekers.
- Assistance is provided to those persons who would like to return to their countries of origin voluntarily.
- Awareness of the professional groups and public at large on refugee issues are increased.

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|-----------------------|--|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/153-174 Local Integration of Refugees in Belarus, Moldova and Ukraine (1st phase) |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 2.585.932 |
| EC contribution | € 2.000.000 |
| Lead implementer | UNHCR – United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees |
| Implementing Partners | Belarus - Ministry of Internal Affairs, Ministry of Labour and Social Protection, Belarusian Red Cross Society, International Public Association for Scientific Research, Information and Educational Programmes “Evolutio”, Center for Children and Adolescents “Evrka”; Moldova - Migration and Asylum Bureau under the Ministry of Interior, Business Advisory Centre, Law Centre of Advocates, “Salvati Copiii” Moldova, Society for Refugees, Charity Centre for Refugees, ULIM Moldova, UNDP Moldova, ILO-IPEC Moldova; Ukraine - State Committee for Nationalities and Religions of Ukraine, Charitable Foundation ROKADA, Social Assistance Service, Charitable Foundation Sympathy. |
| Location | Belarus, Moldova and Ukraine |
| Sub-sector | Asylum and International protection |
| Project Duration | 01/03/2009 – 28/02/2011 |
| Target groups | <u>Belarus</u> : Department on Citizenship and Migration under the Ministry of Internal Affairs, Ministry of Labour and Social Protection and its regional Departments on Labour, Employment and Social Assistance, Ministry of Education and educational institutions, refugee community based organisations and local NGOs; <u>Moldova</u> : Migration and Asylum Bureau under the Ministry of Interior, ULIM and local NGOs; <u>Ukraine</u> : State Committee for Nationalities and Religions of Ukraine, Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and State Employment Centre (including regional divisions), Ministry of Education, educational establishments and local NGOs; Employers, mass media, local communities, refugees and asylum seekers in Belarus, Moldova and Ukraine, naturalised refugees in Ukraine, beneficiaries of subsidiary protection in Moldova. |
| Beneficiaries | Recognized refugees in Belarus, Moldova and Ukraine; beneficiaries of subsidiary protection in Moldova; asylum seekers in Belarus, Moldova and Ukraine; naturalised refugees in Ukraine; local communities. |
| Website | http://unhcr.org.ua/main.php?part_id=32 |

Objectives

- Strengthening the institutional, administrative and professional capacities of relevant government and non-government actors to deal with refugees and their integration;
- Providing recognised refugees, persons benefiting from subsidiary protection in Moldova and recently naturalised refugees in Ukraine with real possibilities to integrate into the local societies;
- Raising the awareness of Governments and public at large of refugee protection

Activities

- Regional activities: capacity building support to the three Governments to improve their capacities to implement current and future refugee-related activities, etc.
- Common activities: supporting the three Governments to establish country advisory structures, start developing national integration policies; establishing comprehensive language training courses; conducting Public Awareness; tolerance building activities, etc.
- Belarus: establishing integration referral consultancy services on employment related issues; enhancing the capacity of state Social Centres to assist refugees on social issues; developing/implementing vocational skills training, employment, housing and language training programmes for refugees.
- Moldova: supporting the Government to finalise rehabilitation of one reception facility and improve the existing infrastructure; implementing a comprehensive employment programme for refugees and vulnerable locals; implementing a local settlement programme for vulnerable refugees, etc.
- Ukraine: implementing pilot projects in Kyiv, Odessa and Kharkiv focusing on employment; providing capacity building support to regional employment and social services; establishing/conducting professional local language courses, etc.

Results

- Enhanced capacity and ability of the government authorities in Belarus, Moldova and Ukraine to deal with refugee integration issues and implement their obligations undertaken under the 1951 Convention.
- Refugees are assisted to integrate in the chosen country and to become self-reliant.
- Improved capacity of local NGOs in Belarus, Moldova and Ukraine to implement current and future refugee-related activities.
- Increased tolerance towards refugees and asylum seekers; raised awareness on integration needs of refugees in Belarus, Moldova and Ukraine resulting in improved enjoyment of rights.

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|-----------------------|--|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/152-927 Enhancing Return to Georgia Operationally (ERGO) |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 788 940 |
| EC contribution | € 631 152 |
| Lead implementer | DRC – Danish Refugee Council (DANSK FLYGTNINGEHJÆLP) |
| Implementing Partners | The International Centre for Migration Policy Development (ICMPD), Poland and the Netherlands, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Georgia, the Ministry of Refugees and Accommodation of Georgia, the Georgian Young Lawyers' Association. |
| Location | Georgia |
| Sub-sector | Irregular migration (return and readmission) |
| Project Duration | 01/01/2009 – 30/06/2010 |
| Target groups | Practitioners responsible for the processing of return and readmission cases in Georgia and participating EU Member States. |
| Beneficiaries | Competent authorities in Georgia and participating Member States responsible for return, civil society actors in the migration field, and ultimately returnees to Georgia themselves |
| Website | http://www.drc.dk/relief-work/where-we-work/south-caucasus/georgia/ |

Objectives

- Contributing to the negotiation and practical implementation of readmission policies and procedures by establishing sustainable working relations between each participating EU Member State and the Georgian government.
- Translating sound return and readmission policies and procedures into a viable support system for returnees at the local level.

Activities

- Mutual working visits of Georgian and EU focal points on return, to assess challenges to the conclusion and implementation of readmission agreements, to develop solutions to these challenges, and to identify best practices in return and coordination.
- Assurance of the protection of returnees' rights through international protection consultants and training of return practitioners, both in the EU and Georgia. The protection consultants will assist in case reviews and perform a “watchdog” function.
- Publication and dissemination of a manual on best practices and policy options for the conclusion and implementation of readmission agreements, and for successful models of returnee reintegration.
- Information dissemination through information campaigns and the establishment of an information portal and hotline, to ensure actual and potential returnees may make informed choices.
- Creation of a working group on return and migration issues among Georgian civil society and government actors.
- The provision of “reintegration assistance packages” to returnees.

Results

- Established network of focal points of return/readmission practitioners in Georgia and each participating EU Member State.
- Improved cooperation and sustainable working relations between competent authorities in Georgia and each participating EU Member State.
- Enhanced knowledge base for the conclusion and subsequent implementation of the readmission agreements in form of bilateral assessments, a joint assessment and a catalogue of good practices and policy options.
- A working, interactive information portal (Internet and hotline) which provides detailed information to actual and potential returnees.
- Government authorities approach the issue of return and reintegration from a human rights perspective
- An updated manual on practical implementation of return, readmission and reintegration policies and procedures for return practitioners.

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|-----------------------|--|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/153-061 Legal and Social Protection of Asylum Seeking and Refugee Children in Ukraine |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 1 200 000 |
| EC contribution | € 960 000 |
| Lead implementer | DRC – Danish Refugee Council (DANSK FLYGTNINGEHAELP) |
| Implementing Partners | Partners: United Nations high Commissioner for Refugees Kyiv Office (UNHCR Kyiv), Ukrainian Red Cross Society (URCS); Hebrew Immigrant Aid Society (HIAS), Ukrainian Government Asylum Authorities (currently the State Committee for Nationalities and Religions - SCNR), Rokada Charitable Foundation (Rokada), Vinnitsa Human Rights Group (VHRG), International Charitable Foundation for the Protection of Health & Environment (NEEKA) Associate partners: Ministry of Family Youth and Sport, UNICEF |
| Location | Ukraine, primarily Kyiv, Odessa, Vinnitsa, Zakarpattia and Kharkiv |
| Sub-sector | Asylum and International protection |
| Project Duration | 01/02/2009 – 31/01/2011 |
| Target groups | The Government Asylum Authorities (GAA); Ministry of Family Youth and Sport (MFYS). The action will also target civil society actors working on children and asylum. |
| Beneficiaries | Asylum seekers and refugee children in Ukraine; particularly vulnerable asylum seeking children in temporary care; unaccompanied children. |
| Website | http://www.drc.dk/relief-work/where-we-work/ukraine/ |

Objectives

- Asylum seeking and refugee children have access to a protective system that upholds international standards for their legal protection by 2011;
- Existing programmes for social assistance, orientation and adaptation of asylum seeking and refugee children are more fully developed and better serve children's needs throughout Ukraine by 2010;
- Context-appropriate models of temporary care for asylum seeking and refugee children in Ukraine are developed by 2010.

Activities

- The secondment of a Child Protection Expert to the Government Asylum Authority;
- Gaps analysis of legal and social protection for asylum seeking and refugee children;
- A Stakeholders Consensus-building Workshop, Mid-term Review and final Evaluation;
- A series of trainings for stakeholders on good practice, systems and procedures;
- Provision of legal assistance, social and psychological counselling, support to access services, medical assistance and emergency financial support through partners;
- Development of adaptation and orientation initiatives as well as advocacy initiatives;
- Piloting and implementation of up to 3 temporary care models for particularly vulnerable asylum seeking children, and capacity building of care workers;
- Promotion of long-term solutions including family tracing and reunification, and the regulation of informal long-term care arrangements.

Results

- Systems and procedures that uphold the rights of children to asylum and social welfare in Ukraine are developed and implemented.
- Vulnerable asylum seeking and refugee children in Ukraine benefit from access to basic services and receive support for their orientation and adaptation to Ukrainian society.
- Vulnerable asylum seeking children benefit from temporary care and / or support for and regulation of long term care arrangement

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|-----------------------|--|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/153-125 Building Migration Partnerships - A platform for applying the Global Approach to Migration to the Eastern and South-Eastern Regions Neighbouring the European Union |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 1 434 422.53 |
| EC contribution | € 1 146 422.53 |
| Lead implementer | The Ministry of interior of the Czech Republic |
| Implementing Partners | Ministry of Interior and Administration, Poland; Ministry of Justice and Law Enforcement, Hungary; Ministry of the Interior and Administrative Reform, Romania; Ministry of Interior, Slovak Republic; International Centre for Migration Policy Development (ICMPD) |
| Location | Armenia, Azerbaijan, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Moldova, Russia, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Ukraine and Uzbekistan |
| Sub-sector | Migration and Development; Irregular migration (return and readmission) |
| Project Duration | 01/01/2009 – 01/01/2011 |
| Target groups | Ministers and Heads of Departments of ministries and immigration services of participating beneficiary countries holding the main responsibility in migration management as well as officials of these ministries at senior working level. |
| Beneficiaries | All other competent authorities and ministries in beneficiary countries holding responsibilities in the management of migration, asylum and border protection, return and reintegration, labour migration and integration issues. |
| Website | http://www.mvcr.cz/mvcren/article/building-migration-partnership-joint-declaration.aspx |

Objectives

- Discuss and agree the principles and priorities of “Migration Partnerships” between sending, receiving and transit countries of international migration flows at governmental level
- Jointly develop “Migration Partnership Strategies” at senior expert level.
- Jointly conduct “Migration Partnership Mappings” at senior working level.
- Jointly establish “Migration Profile Reports” on size and structure of migration flows (legal, illegal, and asylum) between participating countries.
- Developing IT-based information gathering and exchange tool on the migration situation along the Eastern migration route.

Activities

The activities of the action consist of 3 main components:

- 1) “Policy Dialogue”
- 2) “Policy Development”
- 3) “Information gathering and management”

Which will be implemented in four main phases:

- Inception Phase,
- Dialogue Phase - Component 1 “Policy Dialogue” (specific objective 1);
- Implementation Phase – Component 2 “Policy Development” (specific objective 2) and Component 3 “Information gathering and management” (specific objectives 3, 4 and 5)
- Concluding Phase.

Each phase and component of the action consists of a sequence of targeted activities; establishes the role and responsibilities of each partner; defines milestones for the achievement of the objectives of the respective phase and component; and provides feedback loops to ensure that activities and expected results are in compliance with all partners’ requirements and expectations.

Results

- Principles and priorities for the future negotiation and conclusion of “Migration Partnerships” between sending, receiving and transit countries of international migration flows have been discussed and endorsed at ministerial level;
- Concrete migration partnership objectives and recommendations for the subsequent implementation of these objectives have been developed at senior expert level in form of “Migration Partnership Strategies”;
- “Good Practices” of previously developed and implemented measures in the context of the “Migration Partnership Concept” have been identified, analysed and presented in form of “Migration Partnership Mappings”;
- The necessary information and statistics for the development of “Migration Profiles” have been identified, analysed and consolidated in form of “Migration Profile Reports” for each beneficiary country;
- The interactive map “I-Map Eastern Migration Route” has been developed and implemented, containing “Migration Profile Reports” and providing structured and easily accessible information on the migration situation and migration flows along the Eastern migration route.

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|-----------------------|--|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/153-128 Programme of Cooperation in the Black Sea region in the Area of Migration between Countries of Origin, Transit and Destination. |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 1 501 167.20 |
| EC contribution | € 1 119 931.20 |
| Lead implementer | People's Harmonious Development Society, |
| Implementing Partners | Human Rights Defense Centre, Greece; La Strada NGO, Ukraine. |
| Location | Georgia, Greece, Ukraine |
| Sub-sector | Trafficking and Smuggling; Irregular migration; labour migration |
| Project Duration | 01/03/2009 –28/02/2011 |
| Target groups | Cross-Border Team Members (3-5 experts from each participating country) in the three countries; representatives of national law enforcement agencies and social workers; representatives of national agencies; high risk/vulnerable people; potential victims of illegal labour migration and trafficking across the Black Sea region. |
| Beneficiaries | Representatives of governmental and non governmental institutions working to combat illegal migration and trafficking in the Black Sea region and in EU destination countries; potential migrants and trafficking victims, population at large. |
| Website | http://www.phds.ge/about.html |

Objectives

- Policy dialogue and policy-making processes are built to address protection of migrants' rights, fight against illegal migration and human trafficking issues on the base of assessment situation and research.
- Fighting illegal migration and Trafficking in Human Beings.

Activities

- Roundtable meetings in Greece, Georgia and Ukraine with the participation of government representatives, NGOs, International Organisations from the Black Sea region; publication of roundtable materials and proceedings;
- Establishment of a Cross-Border Expert Team between Georgia, Greece and Ukraine (3-5 experts per country);
- Research in the field, data collection and analysis of Migration flows and migration routes, the root causes of migration and migrants' motivation in Greece, Georgia and the Ukraine;
- Return to Georgia and Ukraine: Social profiles of returnees, reintegration patterns, sustainability;
- Research in the field of trafficking in human beings;
- Development of methodologies to reveal and identify potential illegal migrants and victims of human trafficking, on the basis of research conducted under the project;
- Establishment and operation of a pilot counselling centre for potential migrants in Georgia; Hot line counselling and safe return in Georgia and the Ukraine; Conducting national media and information campaigns in Georgia and the Ukraine and Greece; Project and counselling staff participation in international migration trainings to acquire specific knowledge on migration trends, different migration and employment policies, migration regulation tools.
- Development of special advanced training programs for law enforcement officers; Operation of the Training Centre for law enforcement officers from countries of the Black Sea region; Development of a training program for social workers; Operation of a Training Centre for social workers from countries of the Black Sea region with the involvement of specialists from Europe;
- Working meetings to exchange information and experiences for the development of a referral mechanism at national and international level; Meetings with the aim to promote agreements/memorandums of understanding between governmental agencies and NGOs on the provision of services to victims of trafficking. Operation of safe houses for trafficking victims in Georgia and Ukraine; Referral mechanism between Georgia, Ukraine and Greece creation.

Results

- Exchange of experiences and information; support for the development of a referral mechanism among countries of origin, transit and destination. Monitoring and reporting mechanisms are developed and tested; Better formulation of policies, improved legislative frameworks, mechanisms and decision-making on migration are promoted;
- In depth description of the specifics of legal and illegal migration and human trafficking in these countries, trends of migration and understand the nature of the trafficking phenomenon; reduction of level of illegal migration; black labour employment decreased;
- Raising awareness among potential migrants in countries of origin and among illegal migrants in countries of destination; prevention of risks of illegal migration in the counterparties to the project.
- Professional level of law enforcement officers in countries of the Black Sea region improves; capacity building and development for prevention of smuggling and trafficking in human beings increased. Social workers provide better services to victims and identified victims of trafficking have better access to social support; assistance and benefits stipulated by law to victims of trafficking;
- Development of Referral Mechanisms on national and regional level; governmental agencies are involved in the process of rehabilitation of victims in conjunction with NGOs; national referral mechanisms are improved; contacts for cooperation are established in the region for the cross referral of victims; exchange of information between NGOs and cross-referral of victims;

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|-----------------------|--|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/153-140 Bridges of good neighbourhood |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 1 973 057 |
| EC contribution | € 1 578 446 |
| Lead implementer | ARBEITERWOHLFAHRT GmbH (AWO) – (Germany) |
| Implementing Partners | Education - to a society Foundation (Russia); 6 NGOs from Russia; 3 NGOs from Germany, Poland and Bulgaria and 10 NGOs from 6 NIS |
| Location | Russian Federation (Moscow, Kazan, Nizhny Novogrod, Samara, Stavropol, Ekaterinenburg, Tartastan), Ukraine (Odessa), Moldova (Chisinau), Georgia (Tbilisi), Armenia (Yerevan), Kirgizstan (Tokmok), Tadjikistan (Dushanbe) Germany (Berlin, Bremerhaven, Bielefeld, Frankfurt Karlsruhe), Poland (Szecin, Wroclaw), Bulgaria (Sofia) |
| Sub-sector | Labour migration, irregular migration, migration and development |
| Project Duration | 01/04/2009 – 31/10/2011 |
| Target groups | Migrants (legal and illegal), returnees from the EU, NGOs (in Russia and NIS countries); refugees, asylum seekers and internal displaced persons, female migrants, local, regional and central authorities, specialists and executive staff in migration offices, journalists, social stakeholders |
| Beneficiaries | Migrants (refugees, asylum seekers, re-settlers and returnees from all involved countries), NGOs, public authorities and governmental administrations, regional migration centres in Russia, journalists, social and educational institutions, migrants communities |
| Website | http://www.promigrant.eu/index.php?article_id=91&clang=1 |

Objectives

- Development of regional, national and transnational NGO network in an Euro-Asian partnership;
- Realising of a common strategy for information and counselling of migrants;
- Relieve the return of beneficiaries to Russia and NIS (in the following text named NIS);
- Implementation of a bundle of connected interventions for migrants-support in the main fields of return and integration;
- Strengthening personal and operative competences;
- Promote best-practice and know-how-transfer;
- Building of long term structures on institutional, regional and political levels

Activities

- Collection, analysis and spread of information;
- Implementation of information and counselling measures for migrants;
- Return management and resettlement;
- Integrative activities for migrants in Russia;
- Further education and migration competences for official institutions;
- Information and media workshops for journalists and local corporate media;
- Installation of a social and political dialogue;
- Network events and publications.

Results

- Close cooperation for 20 NGOs in the Euro-Asian network
- Returnee migrants from member states to Russia and NIS;
- Migrants counselling and integration in Russia,
- Trainings for authorities and journalists have been implemented;
- Information campaigns for migrants from and to Russia has been launched in each country;
- Effective information- and support- system between governmental and nongovernmental organisations has been established;
- Gaps and shortcomings in practical and organisational cooperation in service provision have been identified and analysed; Production of data-materials and information about the migration situation in Russia and the other involved countries;
- Reports and newsletters, publications, NGO-database, project website

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| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/153-185 Strengthening of protection capacity, local integration, and prevention of secondary movements |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 1 000 000 |
| EC contribution | € 800 000 |
| Lead implementer | UNHCR – United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees |
| Implementing Partners | Ministry for Refugees and Accommodation (MRA), Danish Refugee Council (DRC), United Nations Association of Georgia (UNAG) Norwegian Refugee Council (NRC) |
| Location | Georgia, throughout the country |
| Sub-sector | Asylum and International protection |
| Project Duration | 01/01/2009 – 31/12/2011 |
| Target groups | Officers of the Ministry of Refugees and Accommodation; judges of the appeal courts; border guards; high-ranking officers of the Ministries of Interior, Justice, Education and Labour, Health and Social Affairs; refugees, refugee children and asylum-seekers; national authorities involved in the reception and protection of asylum seekers and refugees |
| Beneficiaries | Asylum seekers, refugees, including stateless refugees in the whole of Georgia |
| Website | http://www.ungeorgia.ge/eng/UNHCR.php |

Objectives

- Supporting the national authorities in their efforts to address the gaps identified and jointly prioritized within the framework of Strengthening Protection Capacity Project (SPCP). Support the authorities in building an asylum system in line with the international standards that entails creation of reception centre for asylum seekers and of improved reception conditions;
- Facilitating local integration of refugees by supporting those interested in naturalisation and providing access to employment opportunities through increased scale of income generating projects.

Activities

- Expansion of the Reception centre
- Establishment of a regulatory framework for reception centre management, operation and support;
- Trainings for the Ministry for Refugees and Accommodation, Ministry of Interior, Ministry of Justice;
- Initiation of the naturalisation procedures;
- Expansion of the IG projects;
- Counselling and training for refugees, asylum seekers and stateless persons.

Results

- Asylum seekers reception centre expanded and functioning of the Ministry for Refugees and Accommodation, and developed reception conditions in line with international standards;
- Full information to refugees, asylum seekers and stateless persons on their rights and obligations is provided;
- Durable solutions for refugees including stateless refugees, mainly by focusing on boosting local integration prospects identified;
- Naturalization process of refugees initiated;
- Social and economic prospects of refugees and stateless persons improved;
- Training of government officials and judiciary are trained.

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|-----------------------|---|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/153-252 Technical Cooperation and Capacity Building for the Governments of Ukraine and Moldova for the Implementation of Readmission Agreements with the European Union (GUMIRA) |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 2 500 000 |
| EC contribution | € 2 000 000 |
| Lead implementer | IOM – International Organization for Migration |
| Implementing Partners | Ministries of Internal Affairs of Ukraine and Moldova (MoI), State Border Guard Service of Ukraine (SBGS), NGO “Region Karpat” (NEEKA), Charity Foundation Caritas of the Greek Catholic Eparchy of Mukachevo, Institute of Penal Reform (IPR Moldova); UNHCR |
| Location | Ukraine and the Republic of Moldova |
| Sub-sector | Irregular migration, return and readmission |
| Project Duration | 01/01/2009 – 31/12/2010 |
| Target groups | Relevant governmental law enforcement bodies in Ukraine and Moldova, irregular migrants detained at holding facilities, NGOs providing services to detainees, and third country nationals requiring further repatriation (including vulnerable groups) |
| Beneficiaries | The Governments and societies of Ukraine and Moldova, EU Member States and third country nationals returned to Ukraine and Moldova through the Readmission Agreements |
| Website | http://www.migrantinfo.org.ua/?lng=eng&menu=home |

Objectives

- Strengthening the capacity of the Ukrainian and Moldovan authorities to implement the provisions of the respective Readmission Agreements and improve coordination among Government institutions vis-à-vis readmission;
- Ensuring sustainability of capacity building interventions, through institutionalization of Best Practices on Migrant Accommodation Centre (MAC) management/ operation;
- To safeguard human rights of irregular migrants detained in Ukraine and Moldova through capacity building measures for civil society and government agencies in Ukraine and Moldova;
- Improving the quality of and access to medical, legal and social services for migrants detained at Migrant Accommodation Centres and Temporary Holding Facilities (THF) in Ukraine and Moldova;
- To ensure that essential humanitarian and sanitary needs of third country nationals in custody in Ukraine are met through provision of basic health care and nutrition assistance at Pavshyne and Chop Temporary Detention Centres and the Mukachevo Dormitory for women & children;
- Raising awareness in the Ukrainian society on migration issues and racial tolerance;
- To safeguard human rights of irregular migrants detained in Ukraine and Moldova through upgrading of physical infrastructure and equipping in line with international standards.

Activities

- Capacity Building of the Ukrainian and Moldovan Authorities in the Framework of Readmission;
- Institutionalizing Guidelines and Best Practices on Migrant Accommodation (MAC) /Custody Centres (MCC);
- Joint Capacity building Measures for Civil Society and Government Agencies at MACs and Temporary Holding Facilities (THFs) in Ukraine and Moldova;
- Refurbishment of MAC in Moldova and Technical Support for Detention/ Temporary Holding Facilities in Ukraine.

Results

- Understanding and ability of the Ukrainian and Moldovan governments to implement the Readmission Agreements improved;
- Expertise and aptitude of relevant officials to fulfil the commitments under the Readmission Agreement enhanced and cooperation with countries of origin and transit advanced;
- Protection against *refoulement* and protection of human rights of irregular migrants, asylum seekers and refugees in Ukraine and Moldova advanced and a system of legal, social and medical assistance for detained irregular migrants in Ukraine fully operational;
- Detention conditions for third country nationals in Moldova and Ukraine improved through refurbishment and equipping of key facilities.

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|-----------------------|---|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/153-467 Reinforcement of management of migratory flows in Armenia |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 870 072.11 |
| EC contribution | € 696 057.68 |
| Lead implementer | People in Need NGO (CZ) |
| Implementing Partners | Armenian UN Association (AUNA) |
| Location | Armenia (Yerevan; Gegarkunik; Sirak ;Lori; Kotayk) |
| Sub-sector | Irrgular migration (return, reintegration) |
| Project Duration | 01/02/2009 – 31/01/2012 |
| Target groups | Potential migrants from Armenia; Returnees/Repatriates to Armenia; Institutions, companies and organisations; Armenians in Diaspora; Journalists. |
| Beneficiaries | Families of targeted individuals in the 5 regions of Armenia; individuals of Armenian Diaspora. |
| Website | www.migrant.am |

Objectives

- Preventing Armenian citizens from illegal migration;
- Re-integrating those who want to return;
- Mitigate reasons for migration from Armenia;

Activities

- Reinvigoration and ongoing support to multi-sector working group on migration;
- Technical assistance to development of legislative amendments with special regard to returnees and development of a draft program for reintegration of returnees;
- Thematic Study Visit to Ukraine and the Czech Republic;
- Establishing information centres for migration;
- Regional media information campaign;
- Journalist Award will complement the local- and regional- level awareness activities;
- Re-integration of voluntary returnees through small contribution facility;
- Re-integration of voluntary returnees through re-qualification courses and trainings and assistance in job search;
- Social and legal advisory;
- Internet portal for Armenian Diaspora;
- Analysis of fundraising potential among Armenian Diaspora;
- Establishment of Pilot Development Fund.

Results

- Increased inter-agency cooperation on migratory flows, including international best-practice sharing;
- Increased public awareness of risks related to illegal migration. Potential migrants access services enabling them to find an alternative solution to migration;
- Improved accessibility of supportive services for voluntary returnees;
- Options generated on how prevention of migration can be boosted with contribution towards regional development in Armenia by long term Armenian migrants living abroad.

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|-----------------------|--|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/153-478 Strengthening Capacities and Cooperation in the Identification of Forged and Falsified Travel Documents at the Moldova-Romania Border |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 685 216.44 |
| EC contribution | € 548 173.16 |
| Lead implementer | ICMPD – International Centre for Migration Policy Development |
| Implementing Partners | Mol of the Republic of Bulgaria; Department for Asylum and Migration Policy of the Mol of the Czech Republic; Service de Coopération Technique Internationale de Police (SCTIP) Mol, France; Hungarian National Police, Hungary; The Royal Marechaussee of the Netherlands; Border Guard of the Republic of Poland; General Inspectorate of the Border Police, Romania; Bureau of Border and Alien Police, Mol, Slovak Republic; Geneva Centre for the Democratic Control of Armed Forces (DCAF) |
| Location | Moldova (border with Romania) |
| Sub-sector | Irregular migration (border management) |
| Project Duration | 01/04/2009 – 31/09/2010 |
| Target groups | Border Guard Service of Moldova officials; Ministry of the Interior of Moldova officials; representatives from the migration Office of the international airport Chisinau; officials of the General Consular Department (Ministry of Foreign Affairs and European Integration of Moldova); Officials from Ministry of Informational Development of Moldova |
| Beneficiaries | Moldova, as targeted by transit migration |
| Website | http://www.icmpd.org/714.html?&no_cache=1&F=kciulhtfmisp&tx_icmpd_pi1[article]=1381&tx_icmpd_pi1[page]=1382 |

Objectives

- Strengthening capacities of border, consular and migration authorities to detect forged and falsified travel documents;
- Strengthening inter-agency cooperation and exchange of information on detected forged and falsified documents, genuine travel documents, as well as methods of forgeries.

Activities

- Kick-off conference;
- Assessment mission and report, including recommendations;
- Workshop on training concept – Adaptation and completion of existing curricula and manuals – Validation through trainings (train-the trainers system) – pilot training of staff – Publication of finalized manuals after pilot phase;
- Study visits to partner countries;
- Purchase of document control equipment for the training of border guards;
- Workshops on EU good practices and development of an information exchange mechanism – Pilot Phase – Evaluation of the exchange mechanism – Study visits to partner countries;
- Final conference.

Results

- 1) Increased knowledge and skills of the staff of the involved Moldovan authorities to detect forged and falsified travel documents by using modern document control equipment:
 - Enhanced capacities of Moldova's national trainers to develop and deliver training on forged and falsified travel documents;
 - Comprehensive training concept on document security in function, providing a multiplier effect by ensuring continuous training through national trainers through training curriculum, manuals and a distance learning e-tool;
 - Increased knowledge and skills of the staff of the Border Guard Service, the Mol and the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and European Integration to detect forged and falsified travel documents by using modern document control equipment;
- 2) Strengthened inter-agency cooperation and information exchange on detected forged and falsified travel documents, as well as on methods of falsification:
 - Systematised, regular and functional information exchange mechanism on detected forged and falsified travel documents in place between the involved agencies.
 - Improved quality and quantity of the data exchanged between the involved agencies.
 - Improved inter-agency cooperation and coordination on issues related to forged and falsified travel documents, as well as on methods of forgery and falsification.

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|-----------------------|--|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/153-676 Appui institutionnel à l'information sur les migrations et coopération dans le domaine de l'appui à la réintégration économique des Arméniens regagnant l'Arménie |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 720 000 |
| EC contribution | € 576 000 |
| Lead implementer | ANAEM – Agence Nationale de L'Accueil des Étrangers et des Migrations (maintenant OFII) |
| Implementing Partners | L'Association Arménienne d'Aide Sociale (AAAS) France; L'Agence Etatique Arménienne des Migrations (AEM) Arménie; Fondation Franco-Arménienne pour le Développement (FFAD) Arménie |
| Location | Arménie |
| Sub-sector | Migration and Development, Illegal migration |
| Project Duration | 24/12/2008 – 24/12/2011 |
| Target groups | Migrants potentiels et candidats à la migration légale et illégale, les migrants volontaires au retour dans leur pays d'origine, AEM, Agence de l'emploi, associations impliquées dans le retour volontaire et développement en Arménie. |
| Beneficiaries | Population active et migrante en Arménie, les familles des migrants, les Arméniens en situation irrégulière en France et les Diasporas. |
| Website | http://www.ofii.fr/default.php3 |

Objectifs

- Renforcer la capacité des services intervenant en Arménie dans le domaine de la gestion des migrations à prévenir la migration illégale et promouvoir la migration légale, notamment par l'information des migrants potentiels et des candidats à la migration;
- Soutenir et accompagner les migrants volontaires au retour dans une perspective de réintégration sociale et professionnelle en Arménie et mobiliser les Diasporas et associations.

Activités

- Renforcer les capacités de l'AEM sur la migration légale et illégale vers l'UE;
- Informer et identifier, en liaison avec les services de l'emploi en Arménie des métiers connaissant des difficultés de recrutement, ouverts aux pays tiers dans l'UE, en particulier en France et sur les profils requis;
- Mettre en place d'un dispositif d'information pour les migrants sur la migration légale vers l'UE et sur les risques liés à la migration illégale;
- Mettre en place d'un dispositif d'information et de soutien sur le retour volontaire en France;
- Mise en place, à Erevan, d'un dispositif d'accueil, d'orientation et de réinsertion des migrants retournés en Arménie;
- Prise en charge de formations professionnelles des migrants volontaires au retour et appuyer l'aide au démarrage de microprojets économiques portés par des migrants et générateurs de revenus par une aide financière au démarrage de l'activité, accompagné d'une aide au montage et à la réalisation du projet économique;
- Mobiliser les Diasporas et créer une synergie en vue de leur implication dans le développement de leur pays d'origine.

Résultats

- Une information précise, fiable, suffisante et disponible sur les voies de la migration légale vers l'UE et sur les risques liés à la migration irrégulière vers l'UE;
- L'Agence Etatique Arménienne des Migrations est renforcée et est au service des potentiels migrants;
- Une mise en synergie des actions de la Diaspora arménienne et des migrants retournant en Arménie;
- Un dispositif d'accompagnement social et de réinsertion économique est mis en place pour les volontaires au retour en France et en Arménie;
- Mise en place de campagnes de sensibilisation à Erevan et dans les régions frappées par l'émigration clandestine (émissions TV, dépliants).

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|-----------------------|---|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/153-705 Increasing Protection of Migrant Workers in the Russian Federation and Enhancing Development Impact of Migration in South Caucasus |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 2.388.173,19 |
| EC contribution | € 1.910.497,19 |
| Lead implementer | ILO - International Labour Organization |
| Implementing Partners | Federation of Independent Trade Unions of Russia (FNPR); Coordination Council of Employer Unions of Russia (KSORR) |
| Location | Russian Federation (RF) with a focus on the cities of Moscow and St. Petersburg and Voronezh region; Armenia, Azerbaijan and Georgia |
| Sub-sector | Migration and Development, Labour migration |
| Project Duration | 13/12/2008 – 12/06/2011 |
| Target groups | Ministry of Healthcare and Social Development of Russia; Federal Migration Service of Russia; Ministries responsible for labour migration and diaspora in Armenia, Azerbaijan and Georgia; Private recruitment agencies in Russia and South Caucasus; FNPR and KSORR; NGOs; Banks and Micro-finance institutions in South Caucasus; Diaspora organisations related to South Caucasus; Employer and trade union organisations in South Caucasus. |
| Beneficiaries | Migrant workers in Russia; migrant workers from South Caucasus; employers in Russia; societies in target countries. |
| Website | http://www.ilo.org/public/english/region/eurpro/moscow/projects/migration3.htm |

Objectives

- Ensuring that migrant workers in target areas and sectors in Russia and in countries of origin have access to information on admission rules and procedures, rights and access to trade union services and participation;
- Increasing awareness of employers in target areas and sectors in Russia, facilitate recruitment of migrant workers in shortage areas, and improve employment and working conditions of migrants in construction;
- Increasing capacity of governments in both countries of origin and destination (Russia) to effectively govern labour migration and increase cooperation;
- Development of a migration and development strategy in countries of South Caucasus and creation/strengthening of mechanisms for migrants, diaspora and returnees to contribute to development in their country of origin.

Activities

- Awareness building and information dissemination among migrant workers and employers;
- Trade union support in protection;
- Employer support in protection and managed migration;
- Enhancing the role of private recruitment agencies in well-managed labour migration;
- Capacity building in labour migration governance;
- Information dissemination;
- Enhancing the role of private recruitment agencies in well-managed labour migration;
- Strengthening state support services for migrant workers;
- Studies on migration and development in Azerbaijan and Georgia;
- Studies on remittances and development in Azerbaijan and Georgia;
- National workshops, consultations and development/adoption of a migration and development strategy;
- National workshops, consultation and design of financial products and mechanisms;
- Pilot projects (diaspora);
- Monitoring of recruitment of health professionals and teachers.

Results

Informed migrant workers and employers; enhanced capacity on the part of government, trade unions, employers, private recruitments agencies and NGOs in migration management; policies and mechanisms established for contribution of diaspora and returnees, and financial products to leverage remittances for long term development.

| | |
|-----------------------|--|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/153-713 Strengthening of comprehensive anti-trafficking responses in Armenia, Azerbaijan, and Georgia |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 2 379 932.52 |
| EC contribution | € 1 903 946.02 |
| Lead implementer | ILO - International Labour Organization |
| Implementing Partners | International Centre for Migration Policy Development (ICMPD), Organisation for Security and Cooperation in Europe (OSCE), International Organisation for Migration (IOM) |
| Location | Armenia, Azerbaijan and Georgia |
| Sub-sector | Trafficking and smuggling |
| Project Duration | 01/05/2009 – 30/04/2011 |
| Target groups | Actual and potential victims of THB (trafficking in human beings), potential (irregular) migrants, Government officials of various ministries (in particular Ministries of Interior and Labour), law enforcement authorities (police, labour inspections, prosecutors), judges, NGOs, public employment services (PES), private employment agencies' (PEA), trade unions and employers |
| Beneficiaries | As the proposed project includes both institutional development and direct support, target groups and final beneficiaries are identical. |
| Website | http://www.ilo.org/public/english/region/eurpro/moscow/ |

Objectives

- Support the development of the national institutional framework in the respective countries to address THB and their practical implementation including victim-centred research, NAP (national action plan) evaluation and monitoring mechanisms;
- Support prevention of trafficking in human beings (THB) and irregular migration through labour market interventions and by informing potential migrants on the risk of irregular migration and the possibilities of legal migration;
- Assist the respective Governments to detect, investigate and prosecute criminal activities pertinent to THB;
- Improve identification, referral, protection and assistance including reintegration of victims.

Activities

- Consultation meetings and seminars on NAP revision;
- Review of data collection and development of data monitoring mechanism;
- Training seminars for law enforcement officers on the detection, investigation and prosecution of all forms of THB (sexual and forced labour exploitation);
- Awareness raising among potential migrants and potential victims of THB;
- Development of a functioning NRM for victims of sexual and labour exploitation;
- Provision of legal and other assistance for victims of THB tailored to their needs;
- Vocational training and small enterprise development training with selected victims of THB;
- Organization of regional workshops to improve cooperation.

Results

- In each of the three countries: National Action Plans (NAPs) against THB are enhanced and a supporting framework necessary for their implementation/monitoring is developed;
- Legislation is reviewed;
- Mechanisms for data gathering and management enhanced, inter-agency cooperation, including the involvement of civil society actors are strengthened;
- Potential migrants have more informed decision about migration;
- Child-trafficking is addressed, social partners taking action against THB;
- Law enforcement authorities are trained to detect and prosecute trafficking cases and judges dispose a better understanding of the trafficking crime;
- The recruitment of migrant workers, in particular young women, is better regulated and monitored;
- A functioning National Referral Mechanism (NRM) for victims of THB is established;
- NGOs and trade unions have an increased capacity to identify and support victims of THB;
- The program fosters regional cooperation to the extent possible given the sensitive political context.

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|-----------------------|---|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/153-780 Temporary and Circular Labour Migration between Portugal and Ukraine |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 625 059.85 |
| EC contribution | € 500 048.85 |
| Lead implementer | Immigration and Border Services of the Republic of Portugal |
| Implementing Partners | State Employment Service (SES) of the Ministry of Labour and Social Policy of Ukraine (MOL), Institute for Employment and Professional Training (IEFP) of the Ministry of Labour of Portugal, World Bank (WB), and the International Organization for Migration (IOM missions in Ukraine and Portugal). |
| Location | Portugal and Ukraine |
| Sub-sector | Migration and Development, Labour migration (circular migration) |
| Project Duration | 11/12/2008 – 10/12/2009 |
| Target groups | Ukrainian migrants and Portuguese enterprises |
| Beneficiaries | Ukrainians seeking employment in Portugal and Portuguese economy sectors in need of foreign labour force |
| Website | http://www.iom.int/jahia/Jahia/activities/europe/eastern-europe/ukraine#fm |

Objectives

- Developing the operational framework and logistical roadmap for the pilot circular migration scheme between Ukraine and Portugal;
- Testing the effectiveness of established operational framework and logistical roadmap for the pilot, through selection of migrant workers and delivering pre-departure and post-arrival trainings;
- Facilitating the return and effective reinsertion of 50 Ukrainian temporary migrants into the local labour market, through provision of vocational trainings;
- Testing the effectiveness of incentives package for circularity through comparative analysis, monitoring and evaluation of the pilot.

Activities

- Joint consultations and seminars between the Portuguese and Ukrainian government and private sector officials with technical assistance of IOM and WB;
- Researching and conducting research among Ukrainian potential migrants to determine incentives for participation in the pilot (ensuring circularity/ return);
- Exploring the motivations for Portuguese employers to hire Ukrainian workers and the conditions for employment;
- Setting up of a mechanism for the implementation of the circular migration arrangements (including exploring/ testing of various best practices models applicable to Ukraine);
- Creation of a “demand system” of sectors/ areas of expertise needed for Portuguese Employers;
- Matchmaking (bringing together the Portuguese “demand system” and the Ukrainian “supply system”);
- Pre-departure cultural orientation for migrants (including cultural awareness, language training, information packages, and other preparatory activities);
- Documentation and Travel assistance to selected migrant workers;
- Providing reception and integration services for migrants upon arrival in Portugal (including the creation of a tailored training module);
- Creation of incentives for migrants to employ the financial/ human capital accumulated abroad at home (maximizing developmental aspects) through provision of vocational training on business start-ups, financial literacy & intermediation, and remittances;
- Testing the effectiveness of incentives package (monitoring and tracking of the activity of Ukrainian labour workers selected under the pilot in Portugal and Ukraine).

Results

- Operational framework and logistical roadmap for the pilot circular migration scheme between Ukraine and Portugal developed;
- Effectiveness of established operational framework/ logistical roadmap for the pilot tested, through completion of the procedures for selection of migrant workers and delivering pre-departure and post-arrival trainings;
- Return and effective reinsertion of 50 Ukrainian temporary migrants into the local labour market facilitated, through provision of vocational trainings;
- Effectiveness of incentives package for circularity tested, through comparative analysis, monitoring and evaluation of the pilot.

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|-----------------------|--|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/153-830 Central Asian Red Crescent Labour Migration Network |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 751 162 |
| EC contribution | € 599 953 |
| Lead implementer | International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies (IFRC) |
| Implementing Partners | Red Crescent National Societies of Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan and Uzbekistan. |
| Location | Central Asia: Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan and Uzbekistan |
| Sub-sector | Labour migration, migrants' rights |
| Project Duration | 09/12/2008 – 09/12/2010 |
| Target groups | Community Based Organisation(s); Educational organisations (school, universities); Indigenous peoples; Local authorities; Migrants; Non Governmental Organisations; Young people; Mass media; General public |
| Beneficiaries | Labour migrants: intending and actual, with regular and irregular status, their family members |
| Website | http://www.ifrc.org |

Objectives

- Providing needs-based services and assistance to labour migrants (regular and irregular) through information and education centres of the National Societies.
- Advocating rights of migrants so as to prevent discrimination, xenophobia and social exclusion.

Activities

- Reconstruction/equipment of information and education centres in three countries of origin (Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan and Uzbekistan)
- Information campaigns among target communities in three countries on services; public campaigns are organised by each National Society of four countries at least once a year on the eve of the World Red Cross Red Crescent Day; Two regional information campaigns in two years are organised by the International Federation's representation in Central Asia
- Perform an in-depth training needs analysis and indicate the main gaps; Draft and approve training modules on legal, social and health issues by National Societies of Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan and Uzbekistan
- Deliver training for staff and volunteers on migration issues
- Deliver trainings for trainers selected from communities (volunteers and communities' leaders)
- Information materials (booklets, posters, outdoor advertisements) printed by the National Society and broadcasting are accessible to population through volunteers and trained communities' leaders and mass media
- Psychological and legal consulting and tracing services to intending migrants, families of migrants and returnees
- Distribution of limited humanitarian assistance (clothes, bed linen, hygiene sets) among the most vulnerable migrants and their family members
- Short video films on migrants' rights and the situation in the region are produced by the National Societies and the International Federation's regional representation for using during partner meetings, trainings and through mass media for general public
- Debates and round tables on anti-discrimination, respect for diversity for target groups in urban and rural areas
- External consultancy on development of guidelines on migration issues for Central Asia region
- Organising working groups' meetings in two years on developing guidelines
- Study visits, internships, seminars, workshops for the staff to work for the action
- Establishing of links with migration specialists from European National Societies and PERCO for consulting and experience exchange
- Strengthening of logistics capacities of the parties involved for effective implementation of the action
- Implementation of representative function of the International Federation in the region during meeting with governments, partners meetings at regional and country levels
- Conducting of round tables, meeting for stakeholders by each National Society; Drafting and agreeing a co-operation plan with NGOs and local authorities

Results

- Potential migrants have been trained on their specific rights and duties, political, welfare and labour market systems of the destination country by the National Societies in their countries of origin.
- Migrants are served by the National Society of the country of destination upon their arrival to speed up their familiarisation with their new community.
- Tolerance, respect for diversity and the fight against xenophobia, discrimination and social exclusion is promoted at local and regional levels by increasing the awareness of the situation of migrants.
- The capacity of Central Asian National Societies and the International Federation's representations to provide services to migrants, both regular and irregular is reinforced.
- A framework to facilitate cooperation and networking between the Central Asian National Societies is in place.
- The advocacy role of Red Crescent Societies to influence migration policies in their respective countries is strengthened.

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|-----------------------|--|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/153-324 Regional Project: Monitoring safe and dignified return and conditions of detention. Protecting the Rights of Asylum Seekers, Refugees and IDPs in Belarus, Moldova, the Russian Federation and Ukraine |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 809 284.98 |
| EC contribution | € 647 381.98 |
| Lead implementer | ECRE – European Council on Refugees and Exiles |
| Implementing Partners | Belarusian Movement for Medical Workers (BMMW); Law Centre of Advocates; Helsinki Committee for Human Rights in Moldova; Equilibre-Solidarity; Centre for Human Rights "Memorial"; Migration Rights Network; Foundation on Naturalization and Human Rights "Assistance"; NEEKA International Foundation for Health and Environment Protection "Region Karpat"; Donetsk Fund for social protection and mercy; Human Rights Have No Borders; Vinnitsya Human Rights Group. |
| Location | Belarus (Minsk and border regions); Moldova (Chisinau and Transdnierster and border regions); Russian Federation (Moscow region, St Petersburg region, North Caucasus); Ukraine (Lviv, Vinnitsya, Donetsk, Zakarpattya, the Crimea). |
| Sub-sector | Asylum and international protection |
| Project Duration | 10/02/2009 – 10/02/2011 |
| Target groups | Local authorities; Non Governmental Organisations; Refugees and displaced people; Victims of conflicts/catastrophes |
| Beneficiaries | Migrants; Refugees and displaced people; Victims of conflicts/catastrophes |
| Website | http://www.ecre.org/projects/eastern_europe |

Objectives

- Improving the implementation in Western NIS and Russia of national and international refugee and human rights instruments, particularly at borders.
- In the long term, the project aims to improve the access to protection available for refugees, asylum seekers and migrants at borders and in airports and to ensure that their human rights are respected. It aims to improve relations and coordination between NGOs and migration officials and border guards, and to achieve efficient systems of passing of refugee claims from border guards to the migration services.

Activities

- Monitoring situation on borders;
- Providing individual legal advice;
- Supporting cooperation between border guards, Ministry of the Interior officials and non-governmental organisations;
- Producing reports on returns in the region;
- Regional conference on returns;
- Meetings with EU officials;
- Training courses;
- Translation of materials;
- Networking across borders;
- Cross border study visits for journalists and state officials;
- Networking/Planning workshop;

Results

- Improved respect for rights of individual refugees and migrants
- Improvement in codes of practice in relation to refugees, asylum seekers, migrants and internally displaced persons
- Increased coordination of NGO response to cross-border issues
- Capacity building delivered to local NGOs

3. Middle East and Gulf Countries

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|-----------------------|---|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/153-402 Migration Management Capacity Building in Israel: Supporting Effective Mechanisms to Combat Trafficking for Forced Labour and Protect Refugees |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 626 013.85 |
| EC contribution | € 500 811.08 |
| Lead implementer | Center for International Migration and Integration association |
| Implementing Partners | United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR), International Organization for Migration (IOM), Joint Distribution Committee Israel (JDC). <i>Associates:</i> Israel Ministry of Justice (MoJ), Israel Ministry of Industry, Trade and Labor (MoITAL), Ministry of Interior (Mol). |
| Location | Israel (and countries of return) |
| Sub-sector | Labour Migration and migrant rights) |
| Project Duration | 16/01/2009-16/01/2011 |
| Target groups | Vulnerable migrants, victims of trafficking, asylum-seekers and refugees, Governmental and non-governmental organizations |
| Beneficiaries | The program seeks to enumerate lessons and tools that will benefit relevant Israeli government authorities and NGOs, especially in their dealings with vulnerable migrants. |
| Website | http://www.cimi.org.il/ |

Objectives

- To improve labour migration management particularly in support of the combat against labour trafficking, the Action will significantly increase rate of identification of victims of labour trafficking, increase the rate of prosecution of labour traffickers, facilitate the implementation of special assistance measures for victims of labour trafficking, and improve (bilateral collaboration in) migrant labour recruitment systems.
- To enhance Israeli government capacity to register asylum seekers and to conduct refugee status determination, and to improve efficiency of assistance delivery mechanism for asylum seekers.
- To enhance capacity to interview vulnerable migrants - asylum seekers and (potential) victims of trafficking through development of roster of trained translators and improved cultural competence skills.
- To provide assisted voluntary return option for victims of trafficking and rejected asylum seekers through implementation of a pilot return program.

Activities

The proposed Action aims to support the implementation of Israel's legislation and international commitments, by enhancing the capacity of the Israeli government and civil society to (i) combat trafficking for forced labor and (ii) protect refugees. This will be achieved through trainings and awareness-raising, bilateral exchanges, study-visits, technical assistance and research. These capacity building activities will cover identification procedures, cultural competence, victim protection, RSD procedures, and refugee reception/registration procedures. In addition, research on different migrant labor recruitment models and bilateral meetings with sending countries will support the development of a migrant labor recruitment system that will prevent occurrence of trafficking through debt bondage. Finally, the Action will include delivery of assistance to refugees and returnees, and facilitate the development of a referral mechanism for asylum seekers and a model for assisted voluntary return.

Results

- 200 officials trained in government endorsed identification procedures, leading to at least doubling of annual rate of identification of victims of trafficking for forced labour; 2000 user-friendly identification/screening toolkits produced.
- 100 law enforcement officials will participate in cultural competence training program, thereby contributing towards increased prosecution of traffickers – maximally doubling the number of viable prosecutions; 300 reference guides published.
- 7 key officials responsible for the development of specialised protection services for victims of trafficking for forced labour visit related programs in EU MS.
- Model BLA developed; country of origin counter-parts (4) visit Israel in support of direct negotiations on concluding and implementing agreement.
- Detailed recommendations aimed at eliminating recruitment abuses presented to MoITAL; 300 copies of research study published.
- 60 government and NGO staff trained in reception/registration procedures; participants gained practical experience through secondments; reception/registration facilities and referral procedures put in place.
- 20 government adjudicators participated in comprehensive training on RSD procedures, and have gained on-the-job experience; RSD Training Manual in Hebrew developed, 300 copies published; draft refugee legislation developed with technical support UNHCR. 8. 660 very vulnerable asylum-seekers receive humanitarian assistance.
- 20 victims of forced labour or slavery and 20 former clients of UNHCR whose temporary protection status ended or whose asylum claim was rejected supported with voluntary return and reintegration; assistance measures evaluated, documented, and presented to government.

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|-----------------------|--|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/153-440 Creation of a national asylum system and enhancing protection and self reliance of refugees in Yemen |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 1 800 000 |
| EC contribution | € 1 440 000 |
| Lead implementer | UNHCR (United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees) |
| Implementing Partners | a) INTERSOS, b) Danish Refugee Council (DRC), c) Interaction for Development Foundation. |
| Location | Yemen, throughout the country, including Sana'a, Aden, Kharaz Camp, Ahwar Reception Centre (ARC), Mayfa'a Reception Centre (MRC) and other urban areas where refugees are living. |
| Sub-sector | Asylum and International Protection |
| Project Duration | 01/02/2009 – 30/01/2011 |
| Target groups | - Government officials from the Police, Ministry of Interior, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, the National Committee for Refugee Affairs (NCRA) and the Ministry of Technical Education and Vocational Training (TEVT), Army and Coast Guards - Refugees and asylum seekers: 240 refugees will benefit from vocational training and 600 families will benefit from livelihood and self reliance activities. - NGO's involved in enhancing self-reliance of refugees and students receiving training |
| Beneficiaries | Yemen at large including 170,000 refugees, 4,500 asylum seekers, 200,000 people of the hosting community (including 30,000 returnees) |
| Website | http://www.unhcr.org/cgi-bin/texis/vtx/page?page=49e486ba6 |

Objectives

- Supporting the Government in establishing a National Asylum system
- Establish an effective Detention Monitoring System
- Developing and delivering a comprehensive training program for government officials
- Enhancing security for asylum seekers and refugees in Kharaz camp
- Increasing self reliance opportunities and improving quality of life of refugees

Activities

- Pursuing effort in the Drafting Committee to draft the refugee law. Developing contact with various bodies as Government and Parliament to raise awareness on the refugee law and seek their input.
- Continue to provide, and support to the Government running the registration centres, and identify regularly the refugees more at risk / in needs of more assistance
- Establishing a monitoring system of detention facilities within the country.
- Give protection training to Yemeni officials responsible for reception and security of refugees as well as to University students
- Providing support and equipment to enhance the security of the refugees in camp by increasing the police equipments, building new police posts,
- Develop and implement community watch program of joint patrols (Police and Refugees) for Kharaz Refugee Camp,
- Develop a mobile court system for Kharaz.
- Developing opportunities for refugees and host communities in having access to vocational centres and business activities as well as improve their living condition.

Results

- The Government of Yemen, through the establishment of a National Refugee Department as well as an Eligibility Committee is increasingly involved in the overall protection of refugees, including registration and issuance of ID cards as well as refugee status determination.
- National Refugee Law is drafted and (in process to be) adopted and promulgated.
- Detained asylum-seekers are identified and assisted in a systematic manner
- Government Officials and university students are trained on humanitarian and refugee law and regional conference on rescue at sea is organized
- The security of asylum seekers and refugees is improved in Kharaz Camp and along the coast
- Living conditions especially in urban areas improve through increased access for refugees/hosting communities to the labour market and job opportunities.

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|-----------------------|---|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/170-600 Strengthening Reception and Detention Capacities in Lebanon (STREDECA) |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 624 977.91 |
| EC contribution | € 499 977.91 |
| Lead implementer | ICMPD (The International Centre for Migration Policy Development) |
| Implementing Partners | Directorate General of the Security General (DGSG) of Lebanon; Caritas Lebanon; United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) Lebanon |
| Location | Lebanon, Middle East and Gulf countries |
| Sub-sector | Migrants rights', Asylum and International Protection |
| Project Duration | 01/01/2009 – 01/09/2010 |
| Target groups | Lebanese officials responsible for the management of mixed migration flows, in particular linked to the reception and detention of irregular migrants, namely: Director General of the Security General; the Ministry of Interior; criminal justice actors; border control, customs and immigration services; Ministries of Foreign Affairs, Justice and Labour |
| Beneficiaries | Apprehended irregular migrants, Asylum seekers and refugees, Women and victims of trafficking in human beings, Staff of the DGSG |
| Website | http://www.icmpd.org/687.html?&no_cache=1&tx_icmpd_pi1%5Barticle%5D=1372&tx_icmpd_pi1%5Bpage%5D=1375 |

Objectives

- To develop functioning registration and screening system in Lebanon for persons in need of international protection and other migrant categories.
- To develop standing referral mechanisms in Lebanon for migrants to the competent authorities, international organisations and relief organisations to ensure due access to asylum processes for those in need of international protection.
- To develop specific procedures in Lebanon for vulnerable groups, especially victims of trafficking, women and unaccompanied minors.
- To strengthen the capacities of Lebanon for the reception of asylum seekers in line with international reception and human rights standards.
- To strengthen the capacities of Lebanon for the detention of irregular migrants in line with human rights standards.

Activities

- Essential infrastructure needs assessment
- Review of existing screening and referral processes
- Development of SOP/referral mechanism
- Skills training based upon training needs; tailor-made modules;
- transferability; evaluation
- Study visits
- Infrastructure support

Results

- Gaps in screening and referral processes identified
- Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) and referral mechanisms introduced
- Migration officials with enhanced screening and referral skills
- Quick and fair access to asylum procedures for those in need of international protection
- Improved detention conditions for irregular migrants

4. Southern and Eastern Asia and the Pacific

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|-----------------------|--|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/153-312 Going back - Moving on: Economic and Social Empowerment of Migrants Including Victims of Trafficking Returned from the EU countries. |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 2 199 813 |
| EC contribution | € 1 758 813 |
| Lead implementer | International Labour Organisation (ILO) |
| Implementing Partners | Thailand: The National Operation Centre for the Prevention and Suppression of Human Trafficking. Government agency under the administration of Ministry of Social Development and Human Security. Philippines: Overseas Workers Welfare Administration (OWWA) |
| Location | Thailand, Philippines + Limited Action (coordination & information) in main Destination Countries (EU and neighbouring countries) for Filipino and Thai Migrants |
| Sub-sector | Trafficking in human beings and labour migration |
| Project Duration | 01/02/2009 – 31/01/2012 |
| Target groups | Key service providers (Government agencies NGO's) in Thailand, Philippines and EU and neighbouring countries who support and facilitate return and reintegrate Thai and Filipino migrants who have experienced labour and sexual exploitation. |
| Beneficiaries | Return migrants from Thailand and the Philippines who have experienced labour and sexual exploitation including victims of trafficking from the EU and neighbouring countries |
| Website | www.ilo.org/asia/ |

Objectives

- By the end of the project, the capacities of service providers to return and reintegrate migrants who have experienced labour and sexual exploitation including victims of trafficking will have been improved in Thailand, Philippines and the EU and neighbouring countries through enhanced coordination and referral among focal agencies and key stakeholders.
- By the end of the project, return migrants in Thailand and the Philippines who have experienced labour and sexual exploitation including victims of trafficking from the EU and neighbouring countries will have been assisted and economically and socially empowered to protect them from further exploitation including re-trafficking.

Activities

- Produce a baseline/rapid assessment on return and reintegration and undertake in-depth research focusing on key trends of return migration
- Map relevant service providers and develop and distribute a digital directory (CD-Rom) to service providers.
- Development and distribute information/campaign materials for migrants in their own languages.
- Develop systematic and updated information sharing through the establishments of a website for migrants and service providers and disseminate project information materials.
- Convene experts meeting on return and reintegration and conduct a three-day consultation and coordination workshop for key service providers.
- Establish systematic inter-regional referral mechanisms/guidelines.
- Develop a training manual and conduct a three day pilot training course for service providers emphasising socio-economic empowerment and conduct local training courses for service providers.
- Mobilize selected workers and employer's organizations and identify private sector companies with substantial production activities in Thailand and the Philippines and mobilize them to offer employment opportunities to migrants upon return.
- Conduct study tours for social/out-reach workers
- Establish and facilitate systematic and regular online (skype/MSN) connections between selected service providers.
- Coordinate the provision of initial counselling prior to migrants return including information about livelihood opportunities.
- Provide opportunities for economic empowerment to final beneficiaries through career counselling and occupational guidance, enrolment in appropriate skills and livelihood training programs, grants as start-up capital, job-placement services, life skills training, and other practical skills.
- Conduct information and awareness campaigns on safe, legal migration including family reorientation activities and community education sessions to provide a favourable environment for the full recovery and reintegration of beneficiaries.

Results

- In Europe and in neighbouring countries it has been improved to enable stakeholders including key service providers to enhance the implementation of reintegration services.
- The coordination and referral mechanisms between destination and origin countries have been improved in order to provide better return and reintegration services to returnees.
- Return migrants in Thailand and the Philippines who have experienced labour and sexual exploitation including victims of trafficking from the EU and neighbouring countries are provided with or referred to appropriate services prior to return and upon their immediate return to countries of origin.
- Long-term and sustainable socio economic reintegration support provided to return migrants from Thailand and the Philippines who have experienced labour and sexual exploitation including victims of trafficking from the EU and neighbouring countries.

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|-----------------------|--|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/153-319 Empowering Migrant Workers in Labour and Social Networks |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 880 727.70 |
| EC contribution | € 704 582.16 |
| Lead implementer | RAKS THAI FOUNDATION |
| Implementing Partners | N/A |
| Location | Five provinces in Thailand: Samutsakorn, Samut Songkram, Samutprakarn (Central region); and Nakorn Srithamarat, Surathani (Southern region) |
| Sub-sector | Labour migration |
| Project Duration | 01/03/2009 – 28/02/2012 |
| Target groups | 30,000 migrant workers in the listed provinces; Non-governmental and governmental service providers in the listed provinces; Private sector companies and Thai communities in the listed provinces |
| Beneficiaries | The final beneficiaries will be both documented and undocumented migrant workers in the listed provinces. |
| Website | www.raksthai.org/eng/ |

Objectives

- 30,000 migrant workers have increased skills, knowledge and practical experiences against labour exploitation and discriminatory treatment.
- Non-governmental and governmental (NGOs and GOs) service providers in 5 provinces strengthened and have mechanism to protect labour exploitation and discriminated treatment put in place and operating effectively in workplaces and communities
- Private sector companies and Thai communities in target areas are aware of labour legislation for migrant workers

Activities

- Training of selected migrant volunteers to help identify needs and problems of migrant workers, seek supporting services responding to their needs, and provide updated information on rights and legislation services
- Organisation of outreach activities on labour rights and regulations for migrant workers through migrant volunteers to strengthen abilities of the migrant workers, especially women and children to identify and negotiate illegal labour practices, labour exploitation, harassment and other risk situations
- Collaborate with non-governmental and governmental organizations at provincial level to set up mechanisms for protection and referral of labour exploitation and discriminating treatment; and undertake outreach for migrants to address labour exploitation and discriminating treatment, including harassment and unfair arrest
- Promote social responsibility of private sector companies that employ migrant workers through workshops on migrant legislation and public campaigns with involvement of local authorities, Thai communities and migrants; and initiate an award system for companies that meet the social responsibility standard developed under the project.

Results

- 700 migrant volunteers are engaged in organizing activities related to labour law results and social discrimination at the community level, and help disseminate information materials to their peers
- 30,000 migrant workers reached by labour legislation communication outreach and peer education
- 415 Non-governmental and governmental service providers who attend in-service training sessions on labour legislation
- Legal services referral mechanism set up in targeted provinces to support affected migrants confronting labour exploitation and discriminatory treatment
- 350 private sector companies that are involved in activities against illegal employment and discriminatory treatment of migrant workers
- At least 10 community events with participation of Thai and Migrant workers in planning and organising

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|-----------------------|---|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/153-614 Promoting safe migration and local development in four districts in Bangladesh, through awareness raising, skills development and Institutional capacity building. |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 895 769.40 |
| EC contribution | € 716 615.52 |
| Lead implementer | FONDAZIONE TERRE DES HOMMES ITALIAONLUS |
| Implementing Partners | WARBE Development Foundation. |
| Location | Bangladesh, Dhaka city and: Districts of Dhaka (Dohar), Brahmanbaria (Brahmanbaria Sadar), Shariatpur (Naria), Barisal (Gournadi). |
| Sub-sector | Labour migration |
| Project Duration | 15/04/2009 – 14/04/2012 |
| Target groups | prospective outgoing migrants, potential Migrants and/or remittances receivers; returnees and migrant family members; Vocational Training Institutes; BMET and MEOWE staff |
| Beneficiaries | migrant communities. |
| Website | http://www.terredeshommes.it/ |

Objectives

Bangladeshi migrant communities in four migration prone areas are equipped and prepared to better manage the different phases and aspects of the migration process, thus protecting their rights and safety. Adequate skills, knowledge and awareness are provided to low-skilled labourers willing to move to Europe, especially Italy, and to relatives left behind.

Activities

- Migrant communities
 - ⇒ House Registration in the four selected areas.
 - ⇒ Development of an awareness toolkit
 - ⇒ Production of IEC materials on safe migration
 - ⇒ Establishment of four Migration Information and Support Centre (MISCs).
 - ⇒ Organisation of Social Mobilisation campaign.
 - ⇒ Production of a media campaign on the risks of unsafe migration
- Prospective and outgoing migrants
 - ⇒ Production of a Pre-departure training manual and toolkit.
 - ⇒ Training of trainers.
 - ⇒ Organisation of pre-departure training courses.
 - ⇒ Production of booklets (country focused)
 - ⇒ Organisation of courses of Italian language and general basic
 - ⇒ Information on Italian culture and context.
 - ⇒ Lobbying and advocacy activities with the MEWOE for the recognition of the pre-departure trainings.
- Concerned Government Institutions
 - ⇒ Conduct a research on the labour market in Italy and other European countries.
 - ⇒ Assessment of BMET trainings by an International consultant.
 - ⇒ Organisation of care givers trainings at BMET Women Vocational Training Centre.
 - ⇒ Strengthening, upgrading and follow-up of BMET existing courses.
 - ⇒ Organisation of Vocational Training courses at grassroots level.
- Families left behind
 - ⇒ Research on the social costs that migration has on the families left behind.
 - ⇒ Marketing survey on entrepreneurship opportunities in the four selected areas.
 - ⇒ Organisation of information campaign on the remittances practices and their productive use.
 - ⇒ Organisation of entrepreneurship training courses.

Results

- Migrant communities living in the selected areas are mobilised and aware of their rights, risks and hazards of irregular migration.
- Prospective and outgoing migrants living in the selected areas are trained on the context of the destination countries (Europe and Italy), migration procedures and costs.
- Concerned Government Institutions at national level are strengthened and Vocational Training courses at grassroots level are established in order to offer adequate and suitable skills to outgoing migrants to facilitate their access to the European labour market, to increase their source of income and to reduce their risk of exploitation.
- Families left behind in the selected areas and returnees migrants are more keen on and aware of the productive uses of remittances in the areas of origin.

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|-----------------------|---|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2009/153-330 SANYUKT, “connected “– Regional project on case management and fight against trafficking within and from South Asia |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 2 199 703.84 |
| EC contribution | € 1 759 763.07 |
| Lead implementer | GRUPE DEVELOPEMENT ASSOCIATION |
| Implementing Partners | <u>Bangladesh</u> : Rights Jessore and BNWLA, <u>West Bengal</u> : Sanlaap, Praajak, SPAR, SJAA, SPMUS, Chapra SEWA, SRDTC, VLN and BUP, <u>Andhra Pradesh</u> : HELP, Goa: ARZ, Mumbai and Pune: Valley of Praise (see abbreviation lists) |
| Location | India, Bangladesh, Nepal |
| Sub-sector | Trafficking and Smuggling |
| Project Duration | 01/07/2009 – 30/06/2012 |
| Target groups | Trafficked victims: Girls and boys in migration and/or trafficked from West Bengal, Bangladesh and Andhra Pradesh; NGOs working in source and destination points of trafficking in the region mentioned; State departments of law enforcement and social welfare |
| Beneficiaries | Children and adolescents (70% girls) in unsafe migration trafficked for prostitution or exploitative labour, families of trafficked victims, child protection NGOs and social workers, professionals or para professionals working on psychosocial support, law, case management and advocacy. State officials in governance, law enforcement and social welfare. |
| Website | http://www.groupeveloppement.com/ |

Objectives

To prevent unsafe migration and trafficking in children and adolescents from India (West Bengal and Andhra Pradesh), Nepal and Bangladesh (high source districts and villages), to minimise the gestation period and to rehabilitate victims of trafficking from West Bengal, Nepal and Bangladesh.

Activities

- A coordination system between NGOs in source and destination points of trafficking on rescue and rehabilitation of trafficked victims.
- Prosecution of traffickers at source and destination points
- Rescue and post rescue rehabilitation of the victim.
- Campaigns on trafficking. Implementing organisations
- Systemic changes

Results

- Rescue and rehabilitation of 300 trafficked children and adolescents and impact around 20,000 children in the next 5 years;
- Reduction of the gestation period of case management by 30 percent;
- Improved coordination at inter-state and inter-agency (government and NGOs) level across states within India and between India, Bangladesh and Nepal;
- An improved civil society organisation led mechanism to reintegrate victims in their families and communities;
- Formulation of policy on interstate communication between law enforcement and social welfare on case management of trafficked victims;
- Prosecution of 50 traffickers at source and destination points;
- 200 trained and skilled case management professionals including counsellors, para-counsellors and social workers;
- Mobilisation and empowerment 150 stakeholders amongst the State agencies (including lawyers, members of Panchayat and Union Parishads – local governance) for efficient case management system for trafficked victims;
- Orientation and awareness of 100 media professionals 4 campaigns at the source areas per year, 1 child led campaign per year, 1 campaign with media personnel per year and 1 National Campaign.

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|-----------------------|--|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2009/153-434 Regional programme and dialogue on facilitating safe and legal migration from South Asia to EU |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 1 106 540.51 |
| EC contribution | € 885 232.41 |
| Lead implementer | INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR MIGRATION |
| Implementing Partners | Ministry of Expatriate Welfare and Overseas Employment (Bangladesh), Ministry of Overseas Indian Affairs (India), Ministry of Foreign Employment Promotion (Sri Lanka), Bangladesh, India, Sri Lanka |
| Location | |
| Sub-sector | Irregular migration, labour migration |
| Project Duration | 01/02/2009 – 31/01/2010 |
| Target groups | Governments officials in South Asia, NGOs, Media, employers and local research organizations |
| Beneficiaries | Migrants and potential migrants from South Asia |
| Website | http://www.iom.int/jahia/Jahia/activities/asia-and-oceania/east-and-south-east-asia |

Objectives

- To reduce irregular migration from South Asia to destination countries including EU member states
- To facilitate safe and legal migration from South Asia to destination countries including EU member states
- To foster regional dialogue and cooperation among South Asian and European governments on the management of labour migration and its development impact

Activities

- Capacity Building- capacity enhancement of origin countries striving at
 - ⇒ manage migration,
 - ⇒ regulate recruitment service providers,
 - ⇒ carry out information campaigns targeting potential migrants, recruitment agencies and employers.
- Pilot Placement – facilitation of labour migration from South Asia to Europe through the organization of job fairs in South Asian cities
- Policy Dialogue
 - ⇒ EU-Colombo Dialogue on Labour Migration,
 - ⇒ production of migration profiles on South Asia-Europe migration routes,
 - ⇒ Asia-EU circular migration study/research with focus on Indian professionals

Results

- Monitoring mechanism on employment/recruitment service strengthened and enhanced in the South Asian migrant origin countries
- Structures and capacity established/strengthened to carry out information dissemination activities targeting potential migrants vulnerable to irregular migration
- Legal labour migration of skilled workers from Asia to Europe facilitated where demands and supplies are identified and matched
- Knowledge and dialogue enhanced among EU States and Colombo Process Member countries on the theme of labour migration and its development impact

5. Latin America and the Caribbean

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|-----------------------|---|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/152-804 Migration of Health Professionals between Latin America and Europe: analysis and generation of opportunities for shared development. |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 1 185 388 |
| EC contribution | € 871 388 |
| Lead implementer | ESCUELA ANDALUZA DE SALUD PUBLICA |
| Implementing Partners | Pan-American Health Organization (OPS-OMS) |
| Location | Latin-America |
| Sub-sector | Migration and Development, labour migration |
| Project Duration | 01/01/2009 - 30/06/2011 |
| Target groups | Health planners and policy makers on health and development |
| Beneficiaries | Health professionals' migrants. Health systems and general population |
| Website | http://www.easp.es/web/esp/index.asp |

Objectives

To formulate a consensus proposal based on international dialogues on good practices in human resources for health and on the role that agencies of cooperation for development may play in the execution of migration policies with this orientation.

Activities

- Literature review of information related to the state of the issue
- Design of quantitative multicenter study that permits know the state of the situation in the mentioned professional groups (medicine and nursing); the study will focus on the Latin Emigration flows and toward the EU.
- Design and development an information system that permits the permanent monitoring of the state of the situation
- Design and develop of participatory process for the construction of management proposals to guide bi-directional flows that permit the mutual benefit; this will imply with the participation of the involved actors (migrant professionals, planning, academic, agents of cooperation and others).
- To promote a training process and workshops in the units for politics on human resources and planning.
- Preparation of methodological guide for human resources planning in the region that responds to the principles by consensus.
- Design and develop participatory process for the construction of consensus in the definition of policies and cooperation strategies that contribute to manage migration from the perspective of mutual beneficial effects.
- Review of the generated processes and of the products obtained 3-2: Dissemination strategy formulated and implemented

Results

- Situation of health professionals migration flows (medicine and nursing) within Latin America and toward the European Union is characterized.
- A proposal to guide health workers mobility on the basis of migration management so that they may generate beneficial effects to the involved people and the health systems in the source and receptor countries based on international dialogue and consensus has been generated.
- The experience is evaluated and systematized, lessons learned has been identified for replication and expansion to other geographical spaces.

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|-----------------------|---|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/152-970 Improved local management of flows of migrant domestic workers from Bolivia, Colombia, Ecuador and Peru to the EU, primarily Spain |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 1.751.087 |
| EC contribution | € 1.400.869 |
| Lead implementer | OXFAM GB |
| Implementing Partners | (1) Corporación Humanas - Centro Regional de Derechos Humanos y Justicia de Género, Colombia (2) Fundación Esperanza Por Un Retorno Seguro, Colombia (3) Asociación Coordinadora de la Mujer, Bolivia (4) Colectivo Cabildeo, Bolivia (5) Centro de Comunicación Virginia Woolf (Cotidiano Mujer), Uruguay (6) Centro de la Mujer Peruana Flora Tristán, Peru (7) Fundación Intermón Oxfam, Spain |
| Location | Regions of Bolivia (La Paz, Santa Cruz and Cochabamba), Colombia(Cali, Pereira and Cucuta), Ecuador (Quito, Guayaquil and Manta) and Peru (Huaraz, Chancay and Huacho). |
| Sub-sector | Migration and development |
| Project Duration | 01/03/2009 - 31/08/2011 |
| Target groups | The target groups and direct beneficiaries are potential, actual and returnee female migrants who travel to Spain to work in domestic service, and local authorities in municipalities with high inflows or outflows of these women migrants. 300 members of migrants' associations and at least 75 local government officials will benefit from capacity building activities. |
| Beneficiaries | The final beneficiaries of the project are migrants, their families, communities and public authorities in the Andean countries of origin with large-scale out-migration to Spain, as well as communities and local authorities in Spanish municipalities with large-scale immigration from South America. |
| Website | http://www.oxfam.org.uk/ |

Objectives

Public authorities, migrants' associations and other key stakeholders in both Andean countries of origin (Bolivia, Colombia, Ecuador and Peru) and in Spain develop improved information and support mechanisms for potential and actual female domestic workers in the EU, primarily Spain.

Activities

- Statistical and qualitative research on migrant women domestic workers; Booklets for migrant women domestic workers; Information booklets for local authorities; Public information campaign.
- Mapping of migrants' associations and other relevant actors and production of database; Establishment of website and inter-active electronic forum; Training in IT, leadership and migrants' rights; electronic newsletters; small financial contributions for micro-projects.
- Mapping and database; Exchange visits.
- Research into best practices; Information booklets on best practices; Workshops on best practices and network building.

Results

- Authorities and communities in countries of origin and destination, as well as individual women migrants, have access to increased and more systematic information on migratory flows and the conditions and needs of female domestic workers, especially in Spain.
- Improved communications and interchange between migrants' and civil society organisations within and across countries of origin and in Spain.
- Improved linkages between key stakeholders in the migratory flows of women domestic workers, including public authorities in countries of origin and destination, EU consulates, potential, actual and returnee migrant domestic workers.
- Authorities in key areas of countries of origin have increased capacity to manage migration flows, including returnee migration and remittances of women domestic workers that go to the EU, through access to and exchange of current best practices.

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|-----------------------|--|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/153-015 Capacity Building to prevent and combat trafficking in human beings |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 1 003 109 |
| EC contribution | € 802 487 |
| Lead implementer | INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR MIGRATION |
| Implementing Partners | N/A |
| Location | Colombia, departments of: Amazonas, Antioquia, Atlántico, Bogotá D.C., Bolívar, Caldas, Córdoba, Chocó, Guajira, Huila, Magdalena, Norte de Santander, Nariño, Quindío, Risaralda, Sucre and Valle, del Cauca. But also border regions in Venezuela, Ecuador, Panama and Brazil. |
| Sub-sector | Trafficking and smuggling |
| Project Duration | 19/01/2009 - 18/01/2011 |
| Target groups | Colombian Ministries of Interior and Justice, Foreign Affairs, Social Protection, Ministry of Education; National Police; Administrative Department for Security; Office of the Ombudsman; Colombian Embassies; Consulates and other national and local entities located in Colombia Boarder; NGOs working with vulnerable population and victims of trafficking in persons; women and children vulnerable to trafficking in persons and to irregular migration. |
| Beneficiaries | Vulnerable population to trafficking in persons, specially women and children. |
| Website | http://www.oim.org/ |

Objectives

The aim is to promote and strengthen National efforts and initiatives to prevent and combat irregular migration and trafficking in human beings; mainly through technical assistance to the Colombian State.

Activities

- Enhance State activities against trafficking through technical assistance.
- Prioritize areas and regions to implement local action plans, accordingly to Programme and project objectives based on vulnerability reasons;
- Provide assistance in design and implementation of local action plans against trafficking; incorporate cross-cutting topics into local action plans;
- Coordinate activities to gather financial contributions from local governments in order to adequately implement local action plans; foster direct follow-up and monitoring of local action plans;
- Provide specialized procurement assistance for tools to implement local action plans.
- Provide specialized procurement of prosecution equipment assistance;
- Provide guidance and protocols to improve prosecution techniques;
- Agree guide and design protocols with local authorities and governments to implement local action plans;
- Promote capacity building with NGOs to prevent trafficking in prioritized areas due to their high level of vulnerability and conditions for implementing local plans.

Results

- Fourteen (14) regional/local action plans developed, accordingly to vulnerability conditions, gender, age and ethnic approach.
- Nine (9) prioritized political administrative regions implementing the local action plans resultant from the previous result.
- Four (4) border regions (Venezuela, Ecuador, Panama and Brazil) implementing action plans and coordinating cross-border trafficking activities.
- Strengthened COAT services and activities with a direct effect on prosecution techniques contributing to guarantee the rights of victims.
- Increased technical cooperation between local authorities and neighbours (Brazil, Ecuador, Panamá, Venezuela).
- Awareness material, campaigns and information with an ethnic, age and gender approach; especially concerning vulnerable women and children subject to sexual and labour exploitation.
- Enhanced and increased efforts on TIP prevention and victim assistance in vulnerable regions.

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|-----------------------|--|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/153-022 Supporting Regional Integration through Improved Migration Management in Central America |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 1 315 920.65 |
| EC contribution | € 1 052 736.52 |
| Lead implementer | INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR MIGRATION |
| Implementing Partners | Seven Migration Directorates within the appropriate Ministry in all countries of the Central American Commission of Migration Directors (OCAM). |
| Location | Central America: Belize, Costa Rica, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua, Mexico (limited actions) and Panama |
| Sub-sector | Irregular migration, border management |
| Project Duration | 01/03/2009 - 01/03/2011 |
| Target groups | Government partners involved in migration management in the target countries (Belize, Costa Rica, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Mexico, Nicaragua, and Panama), including local and central migration authorities. |
| Beneficiaries | Migrant populations, civil society partners involved in related issues (e.g. counter-trafficking), Ministries of Labour, and the broader Central American community benefiting from integration efforts and free movement of people. |
| Website | http://www.iom.int/jahia/Jahia/activities/americas/central-america-and-mexico |

Objectives

- To promote data capture and exchange by strengthening key migration institutions through improved infrastructure and operational systems for migration management;
- To foster the sub-regional free movement of people by building technical capacities among migration authorities and officials in the areas of border, passport control, visa management and via Sharing Best Practices from the European Model to establish a legal framework among participating countries;
- To facilitate cooperation between countries of origin, transit, and destination in the area of migration management both nationally and regionally.

Activities

- Improved Coordination – advancing the regional legal framework for the free movement of people; pilot Humanitarian Assistance Fund;
- Capacity Building – Targeted training at 3 regional workshops, 14 national workshops and 16 bi-national workshops;
- Infrastructure (Equipment and Technology) – Connecting national border management systems, strengthening peripheral border control systems; improving statistical information systems;
- Sharing Best Practices– Developing a strategy for Sharing Best Practices from the European Model.

Results

- Improved migration management infrastructure, including regional statistical information systems in 7 migration directorates and 16 land borders;
- Strengthened capacity among 500 migration authorities and 500 local migration officials to manage migration effectively;
- Improved coordination, and strengthened capacity among 1000 local and central migration staff.

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|-----------------------|---|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/153-130 Création d'incubateurs de diasporas des savoirs pour l'Amérique Latine (CIDESAL) |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 996 600 |
| EC contribution | € 696 600 |
| Lead implementer | INSTITUT DE RECHERCHE POUR LE DEVELOPPEMENT |
| Implementing Partners | Centre Redes; Programme; Ministerio de Relaciones Exteriores de Colombia; Facultad de Ciencias Sociales de la Universidad de la Republica de Uruguay; Administración Nacional de Educación Pública Nacional de Uruguay; Laboratoire d'Ingénierie Mécanique et Sciences de 3/4 Information CNRS. |
| Location | Argentine, Colombie, Uruguay |
| Sub-sector | Migration and development, diaspora |
| Project Duration | 01/03/2009 - 01/03/2012 |
| Target groups | Organes éducatifs [écoles, universités]; migrants; organisations Non Gouvernementales; Organes de recherche-Chercheurs; D1A/DMI; Etudiants |
| Beneficiaries | Universités, organisations de recherche et développement, hôpitaux, écoles, entreprises, administrations centrales et locales, associations de migrants |
| Website | http://www.msh-m.fr/rubrique.php3?id_rubrique=315 |

Objectifs

- l'acquisition et la maîtrise de l'information sur les compétences émigrées et les diasporas, qui se traduit par une fonction d'observatoire à laquelle vise à répondre le projet ;
- l'organisation de l'action pour soutenir, équiper et développer des initiatives spontanées et/ou suscitées de réseaux diasporas, identifiés ou constitués grâce aux observatoires.

Activités

- Dénombrement général des migrants qualifiés, identification et mobilisation d'une grande partie d'entre eux ;
- Recensement, identification et caractérisation des associations d'expatriés hautement qualifiés ; évaluation, analyse et développement d'une grande partie d'entre elles ;
- Constitution de plates formes informatiques et technologiques et définition de modalités de gouvernance pour la récupération à distance et le développement des compétences ;
- Recommandations, diffusion et évaluation des produits du projet.

Résultats

- Mise en place d'incubateurs de diasporas, structures pérennes, organisationnelles et techniques, associant les groupes expatriés hautement qualifiés, aux organisations susceptibles d'utiliser leurs compétences et ressources.

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|-----------------------|--|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/153-130 Promoting Transnational Partnerships - Preventing and Responding to Trafficking in Human Beings from Brazil to EU Member States |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 628 600 |
| EC contribution | € 502 880 |
| Lead implementer | INTERNATIONAL CENTRE FOR MIGRATIONPOLICY DEVELOPMENT |
| Implementing Partners | - Immigration and Borders Service, (Servico de Estrangeiros e Fronteiras - SEF),Ministry of Internal Affairs of Portugal;- Commission for Citizenship and Gender Equality (CIG), Portugal; - Associazione On the Road, Italy (Italian NGO network). |
| Location | Brazil (Brasilia and the States of Goias, Minas Gerais and Sao Paulo) |
| Sub-sector | Trafficking and smuggling |
| Project Duration | 01/04/2009 - 31/03/2011 |
| Target groups | Brazilian actual and potential victims of trafficking and potential migrants; Brazilian Federal Police Officers; Ministries charged with the implementation of the Brazilian National Action Plan against trafficking in human beings |
| Beneficiaries | Policy Makers; Brazilian Federal Police Officers; Victims of Trafficking. |
| Website | http://www.anti-trafficking.net/85.html?&no_cache=1&tx_icmpd_pi1[article]=1376&tx_icmpd_pi1[page]=1378 |

Objectives

- To contribute to the prevention of transnational trafficking in human beings in the Brazilian territory;
- To build up the capacities of Federal Police to understand THB as a complex crime;
- To strengthen the international cooperation between Brazil and the EU countries of destination.

Activities

- To conduct research identifying the vulnerable and at-risk groups as well as the relevant transnational trafficking routes;
- To design and implement an awareness raising campaign;
- To conduct research on the existing procedures regarding the transnational referral of victims and training gaps and needs analysis of the Brazilian Federal Police;
- To design the training material for the Brazilian Federal Police and to train 30Federal Police Officers;
- To identify and compile best practices and standards and procedures currently in place in Brazil, Italy and Portugal;
- To draft and circulate the MoU templates for the referral of identified victims of trafficking template.

Results

- Incidence of transnational trafficking in human beings reduced;
- Knowledge concerning trafficking in human beings from Brazil to Europe deepened;
- Vulnerable groups' awareness raised;
- domestic capacities related to counter-trafficking strengthened;
- International cooperation fostered.

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|-----------------------|--|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/154-066 Development of strategies for local development and the prevention of uncontrolled migration to Spain, in the cities of Pereira, Cali and Bogotá D.C., Colombia |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 700 000 |
| EC contribution | € 549 990 |
| Lead implementer | AMERICA ESPANA SOLIDARIDAD Y COOPERACION (AESCO) ASOCIACION |
| Implementing Partners | AESCO COLOMBIA |
| Location | COLOMBIA, Municipalities of Pereira, Cali y Bogotá (also some activities in Spain) |
| Sub-sector | Migration and Development |
| Project Duration | 01/01/2009 – 31/12/2010 |
| Target groups | Migrants, Women, Children (less than 18 years old) |
| Beneficiaries | 16.000 individuals in COLOMBIA and 500 individuals in SPAIN |
| Website | http://www.aesco-ong.org/ |

Objectives

To stimulate the efforts of Colombian migrants in Colombia and Spain to create local development efforts and to strengthen the implementation of activities for the prevention of uncontrolled migration to generate controlled migration directed at the potential migrants in the municipalities of Pereira, Bogotá D.C. and Cali.

Activities

- Information points, guidance and legal advice in Colombia for the prevention of uncontrolled migration which focus on aspects such as information for potential migrants, the prevention of related crime and the deception of people by mafias which operate due to the lack of these citizens' services. These information points will be based in Pereira, Cali and Bogotá.
- Implementation of programmes to promote employment, education and training, for entrepreneurship, mentoring and advice for individual and collective entrepreneurs and financial support for the promotion of a productive network of microenterprises as an alternative strategy for economic and social stability for families.
- The provision of workshops and meeting places for the preparation of proposals and action plans for local development by groups formed of migrants' families in the municipalities of Pereira, Cali and Bogotá.
- Establishing coordination and communications with the networks of families of migrants in Spain based in the municipalities of Pereira, Cali and Bogotá. With the intention of consolidating a model of participation as new agents of development in home communities among Colombians in Spain.

Results

- AESCO's information centres are strengthened in Colombia for the provision of information, guidance and advice services directed at potential migrants in Pereira (one centre), Bogotá (one centre) and the information centre in Cali – Colombia is created
- The organisation of networks for migrants' families to participate in the implementation of action plans for local development for their communities in the municipalities of Pereira, Cali and Bogotá.
- Potential migrants and returnees are informed about opportunities for training for employment and self employment in Pereira, Cali and Bogotá.

6. Global and targeted initiatives

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|-----------------------|--|
| Title: | MIGR/2007/147-242 Joint Migration and Development Initiative (JMDI) |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 15 000 000 |
| EC contribution | € 15 000 000 |
| Lead implementer | UNDP - United Nations Development Programme |
| Implementing Partners | IOM, UNHCR, ILO, UNFPA |
| Location | Morocco, Tunisia, Algeria, Egypt; Cape Verde, Nigeria, Ghana, Mali, Senegal, Ethiopia; Ecuador; Jamaica; Georgia; Moldova; Sri Lanka and the Philippines |
| Sub-sector | Migration and Development |
| Project Duration | 01/04/2008 – 31/08/2011 (new end date - the process of extension of the contract is ongoing) |
| Target groups | Community organizations, NGOs and foundations, Diaspora organizations, professional or scientific networks, Migrant associations, Academic institutions, Local and municipal Authorities, Not-for-profit microfinance & other finance institutions, Chambers of Commerce, Employers organization or Trade Unions in the 16 countries |
| Beneficiaries | Migrants in the broad sense of the meaning |
| Website | http://www.migration4development.org/ |

Objectives

- To reinforce capacities of small scale actors to design and implement migration and development initiatives
- To facilitate networking and knowledge sharing among Migration and Development practitioners
- To produce recommendations to practitioners and policy makers for dissemination at international and national levels

Activities

- Organisation of capacity building training at the first Knowledge Fair;
- Development of capacity building tools accessible to applicants on the JM&DI Knowledge Platform;
- Organisation of an open and competitive call for proposals (guidelines, selection, disbursement of funds according to project milestones);
- Provision of follow-up to unsuccessful applicants of the Call for Proposals;
- Development of appropriate M&E arrangements, reporting tools and provision of a web-based training on the JMDI Knowledge Management Platform;
- Support to an African Diaspora Policy Centre Conference;
- Organisation 3 Knowledge Fairs (two in Brussels and a virtual one);
- Establishment of a Community of Practice on the JMDI Knowledge Management Platform;
- Mobilisation of practitioners into different 'constituency' networks to encourage peer-to-peer dialogue and best practices sharing on the JMDI Knowledge Management Platform;
- Review, selection and approval of good practices;
- Establishment of a Migrant Advisory Board to provide substantive and strategic guidance to project management unit;
- Production of a Handbook on M&D best practices.

Results

- Project design and bidding capacities of small scale actors will be reinforced;
- Selected small scale actors provided with financial resources to implement projects;
- Project implementation capacities strengthened;
- Network of M&D practitioners in place and sharing of M&D knowledge amongst them;
- Provision of analysis and codification of lessons learnt from implementation of JMDI projects;
- Dissemination of results and recommendations among practitioners and policy makers.

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| Title: | MIGR/2007/147-378 Fostering best practices in the international protection of asylum seekers, refugees and stateless persons |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 4 000 000 |
| EC contribution | € 4 000 000 |
| Lead implementer | UNHCR – United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees |
| Implementing Partners | Governments of Third Countries. Refugee and asylum seeker communities. Civil society, Academic Institutions, Professional Organisations, UN Agencies and NGOs: |
| Location | Global |
| Sub-sector | Asylum and International protection |
| Project Duration | 01/01/2008 – 31/12/2010 |
| Target groups | Governments administrations dealing with refugees, NGOs, CSOs, communities |
| Beneficiaries | Asylum seekers |
| Website | http://www.unhcr.org/pages/4a1d406060.html |

The project is thus composed of 6 strands covering a range of protection concerns across several geographical and thematic areas. The 6 sub projects are:

1. **Strengthening Protection Capacity Projects (SPCP) in Burundi, Egypt, Thailand, Yemen**
Objective: Strengthen state and community capacities in Burundi, Egypt, Thailand and Yemen to protect refugees and asylum seekers in accordance with the 1951 Convention relating to the Status of Refugees. Projects in Thailand and Yemen have a special focus on the protection of refugee women.
2. **Child Protection System in Sudan, Nepal, Yemen, Ethiopia, Colombia**
Objective: Refugee and other children of concern to UNHCR, girls and boys of all ages and background, in five countries (Sudan, Yemen, and Nepal + Ethiopia and Colombia) have access to child protection systems that take action to prevent as well as detect and respond to their protection risks.
 - Strengthen capacities of States, child protection agencies (NGOs and UN) and communities, including children, to protect children through the implementation and/or reinforcement of child protection systems in emergencies;
 - Create greater awareness among States to establish/strengthen and implement child protection systems to which children under their jurisdiction have non-discriminatory access;
 - Provide States and child protection agencies, as well as UNHCR staff, with a holistic (inter-agency) tool to better prevent, detect and respond to protection risks faced by children Develop and implement a strategy for roll out of the child protection system.
3. **San Remo Course**
Objective: Government officials in selected developing countries strengthen their knowledge, skills and attitudes with regard to various topics related to refugees and Internally Displaced Persons (IDP) including Human Rights and the asylum-migration nexus; 45 carefully targeted government officials from selected developing countries in Africa, Asia and the Pacific, Middle East and Latin America who currently fulfill functions related to, and have influence over, the protection of persons of UNHCR concern.
4. **Statelessness in Middle-East and North Africa (Saudi Arabia, U.A.E, Iraq, Kuwait, Yemen, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Jordan, Israel); Africa (South Africa, Mozambique, Angola, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Ivory Coast, Niger, Democratic Republic of Congo, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Kenya); East and South Asia (Vietnam, Thailand, Cambodia, Indonesia, Malaysia, Brunei, Myanmar, Bangladesh, Nepal, India, Bhutan, Sri Lanka, Mongolia); Central Asia (Kyrgyzstan, Kazakhstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan); Eastern Europe and Caucasus (Azerbaijan, Armenia, Georgia, Russian Federation, Ukraine, Belarus, Moldova); and the Americas (Dominican Republic, Haiti, Bahamas, Cuba, Brazil)**
Objective: Reinforce the willingness and capacity of States to prevent and reduce statelessness as well as to protect stateless persons in accordance with the best international standards and practices.
5. **Prevention of and response to sexual and gender based violence among displaced populations in South Caucasus.**
Objective: To develop a long term systematic approach to prevention of and response to sexual and gender based violence (SGBV), focusing on internally displaced persons, refugees and returnees in Armenia, Georgia and Azerbaijan.
 - To establish networks of NGOs that can co-ordinate SGBV activities;
 - To influence the policy of authorities through the design of a public awareness and prevention campaign;
 - To protect individual survivors of sexual and gender based violence through the provision of safe house, psychosocial counselling, educational / vocational training, medical assistance and legal representation.
6. **UNHCR's 10 Point Plan in Central America, Western Africa, eastern Africa, Southern Asia**
Objective: assist governments in developing protection sensitive migration strategies and improve refugee protection in the context of mixed migration;
 - Availability of improved legal and practical guidance as to how to set up and implement a protection sensitive migration strategy and draft implementation strategies of the 10 Point Plan for four specific regions.

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|-----------------------|--|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/165-055 Promoting the implementation of the UN Protocols on Trafficking in Persons and Migrant Smuggling supplementing the United Nations Convention against Transnational Organised Crime. |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 3 324 897 |
| EC contribution | € 3 000 000 |
| Lead implementer | UNODC - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime |
| Implementing Partners | none |
| Location | global |
| Sub-sector | Trafficking and Smuggling |
| Project Duration | 01/03/2009 – 28/02/2012 |
| Target groups | Legislators, parliamentarians, criminal justice practitioners and NGOs |
| Beneficiaries | Actual and potential victims of human trafficking and smuggled migrants |
| Website | http://www.unodc.org/unodc/en/human-trafficking/index.html?ref=menuaside |

Objectives

- To advocate for global adherence to the Smuggling and Trafficking Protocols and to support UN Member States in their ratification and/or accession efforts by assisting them in bringing their legal frameworks in compliance with the requirements of these instruments
- To assist governments in strengthening their capacities, in particular of their criminal justice systems, to effectively prevent, investigate, prosecute and adjudicate cases of trafficking in persons (TiP) and smuggling of migrants (SoM) including through cooperation with third countries, while protecting the rights of smuggled migrants as well as assisting and protecting victims of human trafficking, including through appropriate prevention programmes and awareness campaigns

Activities

- Carry out Pre-ratification assistance;
- Collect and disseminate good practices in pilot countries to address smuggling of migrants ;
- Conduct legal assessments, gap analysis and legal advisory missions;
- Conduct training workshops on the development of smuggling of migrants legislation supporting the finalization and dissemination of a model legislation on smuggling of migrants;
- Customize and disseminate the three Computer-based modules on smuggling of migrants, develop smuggling of migrants modules for one country;
- Develop in-depth training modules on migrant smuggling;
- Strengthen the capacity of law enforcement agencies to increase international cooperation;
- Develop a manual on civil society-criminal justice actors cooperation;
- Deliver training to relevant stakeholders on victim identification and referral;
- Implement targeted awareness-raising campaign.

Results

- Increased number of countries ratified the Smuggling and Trafficking Protocols;
- Increased compliance of domestic legislation of beneficiary countries with the Protocols on Trafficking and Smuggling;
- Increased number of criminal justice institutions and practitioners enabled to implement the provisions of the Trafficking and Smuggling Protocols and to make effective use of mechanisms for international cooperation in criminal matters;
- Enhanced cooperation between civil society and criminal justice actors and strengthened protection to trafficked victims and smuggled migrants;
- Increased awareness among the general public, in particular vulnerable groups and groups prone to migration, that human trafficking and smuggling of migrants are criminal activities that pose serious risks to them and the societies concerned.

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| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/165-058 Strengthening the Moldova capacity to manage labour and return migration within the framework of the mobility partnership with the EU |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 3 215 500 |
| EC contribution | € 3 000 000 |
| Lead implementer | Arbetsförmedlingen/Swedish Public Employment Service |
| Implementing Partners | National Employment Agency of Moldova; Bulgaria (Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and Ministry of Interior), Cyprus (Department of Labour of the Ministry of Labour and Social Insurance); Czech Republic (Ministry of Interior); Greece (Ministry of Interior); Germany (Federal Ministry for Economic Cooperation and Development with the involvement of the Centre for International Migration, Federal Ministry of Interior); Hungary (The Office of Immigration and Nationality, the National Employment and Social Office and the Ministry of Foreign Affairs with the coordination of the Ministry of Justice and Law Enforcement); Italy (Ministry of Labour, Health and Social Policies, Provincia di Bolzano); Lithuania (Lithuanian Labour Exchange) ; Poland (the Ministry of Labour and Social Policy, and the Ministry of Interior and Administration); Romania (the Ministry of Labour, Family and Equal Opportunities/ the National Agency for Employment); Slovakia (Ministry of Interior); Sweden (Ministry of Justice); European Training Foundation (ETF); Common visa application centre at the Hungarian Embassy |
| Location | Moldova |
| Sub-sector | Migration and Development (circular migration – return and reintegration) |
| Project Duration | 01/02/2009 – 31/01/2012 |
| Target groups | staff of the Moldovan National Employment Agency (central and local offices); staff of Ministry of Economy and Trade; Moldovan workers in the wine sector; Moldovan population targeted by the information campaign; Moldovan diaspora |
| Beneficiaries | Potential and current migrants and their families |
| Website | http://www.arbetsformedlingen.se/Go.aspx?a=88253 |

Objectives

- To facilitate the smooth reintegration into the Moldovan labour market of Moldovan voluntarily or forcibly returning home from the EU, and help Moldovan migrants to make the best possible use of the skills and resources acquired through the experience of migration for the benefit of their own and Moldova's development.
- To encourage Moldovans willing to migrate to the EU to make use of legal channels of migration, and facilitate for them finding jobs up to their skills or acquiring skills up to the proposed jobs.

Activities

1. Activities addressing the National Employment Agency:
 - Reinforcement of information activities;
 - Establishing a call centre;
 - Establishing a clearing house on qualifications;
 - Information on Communication Technology;
 - Vocational Educational Training;
 - Social Dialogue;
2. Activities addressing other Moldovan authorities:
 - Support in negotiation and implementation of agreements pertaining labour migration;
 - Support for policies addressing the returnees;
 - Support for the Moldovan consular Offices;
 - Support to the National Bureau of Statistics;
3. Activities addressing Moldovan citizens: information and training:
 - Dissemination of information and use of communication;
 - Carry out vocational training in the wine sector;
 - Dissemination of information on cheap and secure ways to send remittances ;
 - Organise and carry out job fairs.

Results

- The Moldovan National Employment Agency reinforced and further modernised in its capacities to assist and support Moldovan returnees and inform potential migrants;
- Other Moldovan authorities (such as Ministries, Moldovan consular Offices, National Bureau of Statistics) reinforced in their capacities to negotiate and implement migration bilateral agreements as well as in their knowledge of migration flows and trends;
- Moldovan diasporas better informed on job opportunities in Moldova and support mechanisms to return;
- Moldovan population better informed on legal migration procedures and opportunities;
- 20-30 Moldovan workers in the wine sector trained in Italy and reinserted in the Moldovan labour market.

| | |
|-----------------------|---|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/165-063 Management of members states experts for short-term technical assistance, facilitating technical cooperation with third countries for preventing and managing illegal immigration |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 2 997 095 |
| EC contribution | € 2 997 095 |
| Lead implementer | ICMPD - International Centre for Migration Policy Development |
| Implementing Partners | none |
| Location | Global |
| Sub-sector | Irregular Migration, trafficking and smuggling and asylum and protection |
| Project Duration | 23/12/2008 – 23/12/2011 |
| Target groups | The main target groups in the beneficiary countries will be the state authorities with responsibilities in the area of migration. Representatives will mainly come from the following ministries: Ministry of Interior, National agencies for migration and asylum issues, authorities responsible for border management (border guards, border police, customs), Ministry of Foreign Affairs with regard to visa management, Ministries in charge of links with the diaspora and migration issues in particular and presidential administrations. If activities with a regional impact are foreseen the relevant regional/ sub-regional organisations will be involved. |
| Beneficiaries | Migrants in general from the partner countries benefitting from improved migration management |
| Website | http://www.icmpd.org/mieux |

Objectives

To enhance capacities of third countries in migration management through the provision of short-term technical assistance and support of experts working in EU MS authorities relevant for migration.

Activities

The present initiative will consist mainly of two generic groups of technical assistance activities:

- activities aimed at addressing structural/institutional short-comings in the beneficiary institutions such as:
 - ⇒ Assistance in drafting legislation and by-laws;
 - ⇒ Support to the development of national strategies and action plans;
 - ⇒ Curricula development;
 - ⇒ Gaps and needs assessments;
 - ⇒ Structural analyses;
 - ⇒ Data collection and harmonisation;
 - ⇒ Awareness raising and information events;
- punctual interventions aimed at ad-hoc transfer of know-how and expertise to strengthen existing capacities; depending on the intended impact of the initiative, the most suitable activity will be chosen in the respective planning process, such as:
 - ⇒ Organisation of conferences;
 - ⇒ Specialised thematic seminars;
 - ⇒ Workshops and trainings;
 - ⇒ Study visits;
 - ⇒ Reviews.

Results

- Improved understanding at expert and policy levels in the beneficiary countries in the area of migration management with a particular focus on illegal migration.
- Enhanced capacities in third countries to effectively manage migration and to prevent and manage illegal immigration.
- Actions agreed in political migration dialogues with third countries, such as in the framework of Art. 13 missions or sub-committees implemented.
- Trust has been built up in beneficiary countries in cooperating in migration management with the EC / EU MS (also for the benefit of larger-scale and longer-term projects).
- Mechanisms established to manage EU MS experts with a view to effectively supporting the implementation of individual interventions as well as to backstopping the various experts.
- Expert pool created, composed of EU MS experts in all relevant fields of migration.
- Comprehensive monitoring and recording of technical assistance activities carried out under the present project.
- Outcomes and other relevant information are properly disseminated.

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|-----------------------|--|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/165-064 Support to UNHCR activities in Great Lakes region and in Eastern Europe in the Context of Regional Protection Programmes |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 2 998 994.80 |
| EC contribution | € 2 998 994.80 |
| Lead implementer | United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees |
| Implementing Partners | Eastern Europe Ukraine: State Border Guards Service (BGS), NGOs: Hebrew Immigrant Aid Society (HIAS), Donetsk Foundation of Social Security and Charity (DFSP), Social Assistance Service (SAS), South Ukrainian Center of Young Lawyers (SCYL), Foundation of Health and Local Environment Protection "Region Karpat" (NEEKA); Moldova: Border Guards Service (BGS), Ministry of Interior (Bureau for Migration and Asylum and Refugee Directorate) (MOI), NGO: Law Centre of Advocates (LCA) |
| Location | Eastern Europe: Belarus (Minsk and border regions); Moldova (Chisinau and border regions); Ukraine (Kyiv and border regions). |
| Sub-sector | Asylum and International Protection |
| Project Duration | 01/04/2009 – 31/03/2011 (the Tanzania component will last 12 months) |
| Target groups | Eastern Europe: border guards of Belarus, Moldova, Ukraine; mid & high-level civil servants and officers from the Ministries of Interior, asylum authorities, judges and prosecutors in the three countries; representatives of civil society; forced migrants, including asylum-seekers and victims of trafficking and smuggling; EU member states' decision makers |
| Beneficiaries | Tanzania: Former Burundian refugees who have become newly naturalised Tanzanians Eastern Europe: forced migrants, including asylum-seekers and victims of trafficking and smuggling; Tanzania: Newly naturalised Tanzanians (Former 1972 Burundian refugees) Host communities |
| Website | www.unhcr.org/ |

Objectives

- Eastern Europe: to further increase the capacities of responsible authorities and the civil society with a view to developing fair and efficient asylum systems in the three countries, in accordance with international and European standards, and in particular to ensure that asylum-seekers have access to territories and fair RSD procedures;
- Tanzania: to support the local anchoring and integration in Tanzania of the Burundian refugees as they become newly naturalised Tanzanian citizens.

Activities

Eastern Europe: Conducting BM in coordination with all actors/partners, providing legal counselling and social assistance to the identified asylum-seekers with a particular emphasis on the needs of the most vulnerable in an age and gender sensitive manner through strengthened NGO networks in Ukraine and Moldova. Increasing UNHCR staff capacity and consolidating and developing the existing protection monitoring framework in all strategic entry and exit points of Belarus, Moldova and Ukraine, including monitoring of detention facilities. Providing the necessary training and technical assistance to relevant authorities to ensure access to and quality of asylum procedures: capacity building of the BGS, MOI, judiciary, courts of Moldova through refurbishing and furnishing of interviewing facilities at border points, airports and purchasing of vehicles. Implementing a comprehensive training strategy that will address specific issues of refugee protection in the context of mixed migration flows and include seminars, development of an academic training curriculum on asylum issues, study visits to the EU countries, cross-border missions. Working with the governments, NGOs and others by implementing the UNHCR document "Refugee Protection and Mixed Migration: a 10- Point Plan of Action". Developing a resettlement programme for the region and helping in identifying cases for resettlement to the EU and elsewhere.

Tanzania: Knowledge on agro forestry practices-Reintegration into district, active local integration Education and Training capacity for integration

Results

Eastern Europe: Asylum procedures are implemented in a fairer manner by law enforcement agencies and border services in Belarus, Moldova and Ukraine, and in particular access to territories and asylum procedures is improved. Cooperation between relevant state bodies, specialised NGOs and international organisations is strengthened in the area of BM at national and regional levels. Resettlement as a durable solution has been promoted and facilitated for vulnerable cases of refugees.

Tanzania: Knowledge on agro forestry practices enhanced. Tree coverage improved. Education and training institutional capacity enhanced.

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| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2008/165-065 Strengthening the Cape Verde capacity to manage labour and return migration within the framework of the mobility partnership with the EU |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 1 274 319 |
| EC contribution | € 1 000 000 |
| Lead implementer | IPAD – Portuguese Institute for Development Assistance |
| Implementing Partners | IOM, ACIDI, AECID/MAEC, IC, IEFP |
| Location | Cape Verde, Spain, Portugal |
| Sub-sector | Migration and Development (circular migration – return and reintegration) |
| Project Duration | 01/01/2009 – 31/12/2011 |
| Target groups | Professionals working with migrants and in the training and employment sectors, i.e. from IEFP CAPE VERDE and IC CAPE VERDE; potential migrants; Cape Verdeans who want to be informed on travelling, living, working or studying in Portugal or Spain; return migrants; Cape Verdean migrants residing in Portugal and Spain (including qualified migrants); students; Diaspora associations and Cape Verdean entrepreneurs in both participating European countries. |
| Beneficiaries | Cape Verdean society at large, including local communities and families; Cape Verdean entrepreneurs and the business sector in Cape Verde; employers with specific labour needs; Cape Verdean Diaspora benefiting from enhanced networks and participation. |
| Website | http://www.ipad.mne.gov.pt/index.php |

Objectives

- Facilitate matching between skills and available jobs/vacancies and provide relevant information on migration channels so as to promote the use of legal migration channels;
- Facilitate reintegration into Cape Verde's labour market of Cape Verdeans returning home from EU countries, and support these in making the best possible use of the skills and resources acquired through the migration experience for their own benefit and the development of Cape Verde, particularly by promoting immigrant entrepreneurship

Activities

- Train IEFP CAPE VERDE and IC CAPE VERDE's staff together with the existing CAMPO's staff;
- Upgrade the existing CAMPO and integrate it into Cape Verde's Public Administration;
- Prepare materials and website for the information and awareness-raising campaign in Portugal, Spain and Cape Verde;
- Develop of a Database and create "Competence Profiles";
- Development of a 'Identification Study for the constitution of a "Start-up Fund" and Cape Verdean migrant-led investment in Cape Verde', followed by its presentation and endorsement;
- Organize 2 For a for migrant Entrepreneur and Women;
- Deliver Pre-departure orientation in Cape Verde to 1000 potential migrants per year;
- Deliver Reintegration orientation in Portugal and Cape Verde to 100 potential return migrants per year;
- Deliver training and orientation on small-business development, creation and management in Portugal and Cape Verde to Cape Verdean migrant entrepreneurs and award 10 "Start-up Fund" to Cape Verdean migrant entrepreneurs;
- Organise and support 20 Training missions in Cape Verde;

Results

- Action Plan for Capacity Building of Migration-related Institutions in Cape Verde implemented (hereafter the Action Plan);
- Website created on the basis of the one developed by the "DIAS de Cabo Verde";
- Information material prepared, finalized and endorsed by the Steering Committee;
- Capacity of IEFP Cape Verde, IC Cape Verde and existing Centre for Migrant Support in the Origin Country – CAMPO's staff increased;
- CAMPO fully functional in terms of equipment and staff and integrated into the Cape-Verdean Public Administration;
- Database constituted and made available to potential Cape Verdean migrants and candidates;
- Identification Study for the constitution of a "Start-up Fund" and Cape Verdean migrant-led investment in Cape Verde' developed and presented.
- Pre-departure orientation sessions benefiting up to 1000 potential and future migrants per year carried out
- Reintegration orientation sessions in the benefit of 100 return migrants per year in Portugal and Cape Verde carried out;
- Temporary return of highly-skilled Cape Verdean professionals in the Diasporas fostered through the organisation of 20 short-term training missions;
- A 2-day event – the "Forum of the Cape Verdean Migrant Entrepreneur" held.
- A 2-day event – the "Forum of Cape Verdean Migrant Women" held.

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|-----------------------|--|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2009/226-437 Support to the South African Government to Strengthen Communities of Diversity and Peace |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 1 500 000 |
| EC contribution | € 1 500 000 |
| Lead implementer | UNDP - United Nations Development Programme |
| Implementing Partners | SA Government: Department of Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs & National Treasury (COGTA). |
| Location | South African Republic |
| Sub-sector | Migrants' rights |
| Project Duration | 01/02/2010 – 30/01/2011 |
| Target groups | Department of Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs and National Treasury; Provinces and local Municipalities; Civil society organizations. |
| Beneficiaries | The South African Government, foreign citizens and locally affected communities |
| Website | http://www.undp.org.za/index.php/ |

Objectives

- Strengthening the capacity and capability of the South African Government, in particular of Provinces and Municipalities, in managing urbanisation, in-migration and integration of foreign citizens.
- Empowering South Africans and Foreign citizens to embrace diversity and to facilitate mutually beneficial development at a community level.

Activities

- Relocation of foreign citizens from the Central Methodists Church & provide them with overnight shelter, social and health services;
- Document and share lessons learnt from the Central Methodists Church re-integration on process with other provinces;
- Develop a database of migrants in need of reintegration in the Gauteng Province.
- Review and identify gaps and good practices within national instruments relevant to migration/rights;
- Conduct a study to ascertain community perceptions on in-migration policies, foreign nationals and strategies towards peaceful communities;
- Multi-stakeholder National Dialogue Forum on migration/regional migration: Challenges and opportunities to be attended by SADC participants and facilitated by IOM.
- Identify needs and develop a programme to build capacity of both Provinces and Local municipalities on management of migrants' related issues;
- Establish a community based network of peace monitors & mediators comprising of youth, local municipalities and community based organizations and build their capacity on conflict management and resolution in affected areas;
- Undertake a public awareness and education campaign on South African foreign policy/nationals and the importance of building communities of peace and diversity in the nine provinces.
- Establish and manage a Stakeholder Forum (Home Affairs, Housing, Social Development, DPLG, SALGA, Provinces, NGOs, etc,) that will mobilize resources and guide the provincial and municipal capacity building process with regard to integration at community level.

Results

- Reintegration of Migrants from the Central Methodist Church (pilot activity): Foreign citizens at the Central Methodist Church are reintegrated into the society;
- Support to the SA migration policy: SA provinces and municipalities are trained/enabled to better manage migration issues;
- Strengthened conflict resolution and mediation capacities with focus on migrants and improved capacity of provinces and municipalities to better manage migrants: Conflict resolution and mediation capacity building on migration are strengthened;
- Improvement of the intergovernmental/interdepartmental and interagency coordination: The inter-institutional dialogue at national and regional level on migration and integration issues is improved.

| | |
|-----------------------|---|
| Title: | DCI-MIGR/2009/228-536 Sahara-MED: Prevention and management of irregular migration flows from Sahara Desert to Mediterranean Sea |
| Programme | Programme for Cooperation with Third Countries in the Areas of Migration and Asylum |
| Year of funding | 2007-2008 |
| Overall budget | € 10 600 000 |
| EC contribution | € 10 000 000 (of which € 4 500 000 have been allocated from the 2009 budget) |
| Lead implementer | Italian Ministry of Interior |
| Implementing Partners | IOM, Government of Greece |
| Location | Libyan southern borders |
| Sub-sector | Irregular migration |
| Project Duration | 01/02/2010 - 31/01/2013 |
| Target groups | Trainers, Libyan law enforcement senior officers; Libyan law enforcement personnel; police officers from Libya and from the neighbouring countries in charge of trans-border cooperation; Irregular migrants stranded in the Libyan desert; the trainers and senior officers who will be trained during the action are expected to train other Libyan police officers, so that a training multiplier system will be set up. |
| Beneficiaries | Libyan national authorities; migrants |
| Website | http://www.interno.it/mininterno/export/sites/default/en/index.html |

Objectives

- To cooperate with Libyan authorities to assess and to improve their overall capacity to address irregular migration at country level, including through improving their system of prevention and management of this phenomenon.
- To cooperate with Libyan authorities to improve their capacity to prevent and intercept irregular migration flows along Libya's southern borders and along the roads and tracks leading from the southern regions towards the Mediterranean coast.
- To cooperate with Libyan authorities to improve their capacity to investigate and prosecute smuggling of migrants and trafficking in human beings networks.
- To cooperate with Libyan authorities to improve their capacity to efficiently deal with apprehended irregular migrants in accordance with the best international standards and, in particular in providing assistance and protection to migrants in distress , in particular women, children and ill people.
- To cooperate with Libyan authorities to improve their capacity to efficiently manage apprehended irregular migrants in accordance with the best international standards.

Activities

- An on-the-spot joint technical assessment will be carried out by the Technical Assessment Teams (TATs).
- Based on the findings of the joint technical assessment the Steering Committee will work out the Sahara-Med operational concept to be intended as an action plan aiming at establishing measures, methods and timing to meet the identified priorities.
- A plan for improving the system of collecting and analysing statistics and information on irregular migration will be carried out.
- Training will be performed for trainers, senior officers and staff on different subjects.
- Two study visits respectively to reception and detention centres for migrants and to the "risk analysis units" and "investigation agencies" in Italy or eventually in other EU Member States, will be carried out.
- The Joint Advisory Teams (JATs), coordinated by the Steering Committee, will assist the Libyan authorities in better organising the services in charge of border control and management of irregular migration in the southern regions and in the coastal areas, as well as of patrolling along roads and tracks in the desert leading from the southern regions of the country towards the Mediterranean coast.
- The Libyan authorities will be assisted to put in place an assisted system aimed at facilitating the voluntary return (AVR) mechanisms for irregular migrants.
- The Libyan authorities will be assisted to put into place a system aimed at facilitating "durable solution" for irregular migrants in need of international protection.
- Equipment and technical means will be supplied in order to enhance the operational capability of the Libyan competent authorities and to improve the accommodation conditions of irregular migrants at identified reception/detention centres in Libya.
- A multilateral high level technical meeting between representatives from the relevant authorities of Libya and from the neighbouring countries as well as a one-week training workshop on the basic tools of trans-border cooperation will be organized to improve the regional practical cooperation.

- A final conference will be held to evaluate and disseminate information on the project outcomes, as well as to discuss how an efficient model of Euro-African cooperation is supposed to be.

Results

- Capacity of the competent Libyan national services to carry out risk and threat assessments improved;
- Capacity of surveillance along the borders and along the main routes leading from the border crossing points towards the internal parts of the country and the coastal areas enhanced;
- Capacity of movement for the Libyan law enforcement agencies, in view of facilitating detection of border violations, but also for the scope of search and rescue operations both in the desert and at sea, enhanced;
- Capacity to identify intercepted irregular migrants enhanced;
- Capacity to store and transmit data on the identity of the intercepted irregular migrants enhanced;
- Capacity to carry out targeted investigations to identify smugglers and traffickers improved;
- Assistance to the migrants stranded in the desert and/or detected during the controls improved;
- Special units trained/able to gather intelligence information by debriefing the illegal migrants detected;
- Specific procedures for identification and management of vulnerable persons and/or asylum seekers mainstreamed and applied;
- Technical equipment provided to improve the operational capacity of the relevant Libyan agencies in charge of border and migration management, search and rescue operations, investigation;
- Cooperation/coordination among Libyan national services involved in the management of irregular migration enhanced;
- A contact network between the Libyan authorities and the pertinent authorities of the neighbouring countries established to improve the trans-border cooperation;
- Trainers, senior officers and staff (dealing with patrolling, search and rescue operation at sea and in the desert, border and migration management, managing of centres for illegal migrants, detecting and processing vulnerable migrants and asylum seekers, enforcing return decisions, etc.) trained.
- Police officers from Libya and from the neighbouring countries trained on the use of trans-border cooperation tools;
- Staff in charge of using and maintaining the technical devices and equipment (provided under the action) trained;
- Mechanisms and modalities identified to link the illegal migration management procedures at the southern borders with the sea border control and surveillance system that Libyan authorities have been setting up with the support and the technical assistance of the Italian Ministry of Interior;
- Improved capacity of the Libyan authorities to treat irregular migrants intercepted in the southern regions and in the coastal or desert areas of the country improved in accordance with the humanitarian international standards;
- Priority needs and basic requirements in centres of southern Libya for migrants reception and accommodation according to international humanitarian standards, identified;
- Equipment provided to some centres according to above identified needs;
- Effective return policies enhanced, by improving the identification of illegal migrants, promoting cooperation with countries of origin and by promoting mechanisms for assisted voluntary return and reintegration;
- Procedures and practices for durable solutions (voluntary repatriation, resettlement or local integration) of refugees and migrants in need of international protection promoted.

List of common abbreviations

| | |
|---------|---|
| ACTED | Agence d'Aide à la Coopération Technique et au Développement / Agency for Technical Cooperation and Development |
| AAAS | L'Association Arménienne d'Aide Sociale |
| ACIDI | Alto Comissariado para a Imigração e Diálogo Intercultural |
| AECID | Agencia Española de Cooperación Internacional para el Desarrollo/Ministerio de Asuntos Exteriores Y de Cooperación |
| AEM | L'Agence Etatique Arménienne des Migrations |
| (AESCO) | AMERICA ESPANA SOLIDARIDAD Y COOPERACION |
| ANAEM | Agence Nationale de L'Accueil des Étrangers et des Migrations |
| ANEJ | Agence Nationale pour l'Emploi des Jeunes du Sénégal |
| AU | African Union |
| AUC | African Union Commission |
| AUNA | Armenian UN Association |
| AVR | Assisted Voluntary Return |
| AVRR | Assusted Voluntrary Return and Reintegration |
| BCOCC | South Africa Border Control Operations Coordinating Committee |
| BMET | Bureau of Manpower, Employment and Training |
| BMMW | Belarusian Movement for Medical Workers |
| BNWLA | Bangladesh National Woman Lawyers' Association |
| CAMPO | Country of Origin Migrant Support Centre |
| COAT | specialized center against trafficking in persons in Colombia |
| COGTA | Department of Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs & National Treasury of South Africa |
| CBOs | Community Based Organizations |
| CDAs | Community Development Associations |
| CIR | Consiglio Italiano per i Rifugiati |
| CNRS | French National Center for Scientific Research |
| COI | Country of origin Information |
| CSOs | Civil Society Organisations |
| DCAF | Centre for the Democratic Control of Armed Forces |
| DEO | Nigerian Department for Equal Opportunities |
| DESPS | Direction de l'Education surveillée et de la protection sociale du Sénégal |
| DFID | UK Department for International Development |
| DGSG | Directorate General of the Security General of Lebanon |
| DRC | Danish Refugee Council |
| EC | European Commission |
| ECOWAS | Economic Community Of West African States |
| ECRE | European Council on Refugees and Exiles |
| ETF | European Training Foundation |
| FFAD | Fondation Franco-Arménienne pour le Développement |
| FIIAPP | Fundacion internacional y para iberoamerica de administracion y politicas publicas |
| FNPR | Federation of Independent Trade Unions of Russia |
| FRONTEX | Frontières extérieures for 'external borders', European Agency for the Management of Operational Cooperation at the External border |
| Gos | Governmental organisations |
| GPCPS | The General Peoples' Committee for Public Security |
| IC | Instituto das Comunidades de Cabo Verde |
| ICMPD | International Centre for Migration Policy Development |

| | |
|-------------|---|
| IEFP | Instituto de Emprego e Formação Profissional de Cabo Verde |
| IFRC | International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies |
| ILO | International Labour Organization |
| IOM | International Organization for Migration |
| IOPCR | International Organization for Peace, Care and Relief |
| IPAD | Instituto Português de Apoio ao Desenvolvimento - Portuguese Institute for Development Assistance |
| IRP | Institute of Penal Reform (Moldova) |
| JMDI | Joint Migration and Development Initiative |
| KfW | Kreditanstalt für Wiederaufbau / Reconstruction Credit institute |
| KSORR | Coordination Council of Employer Unions of Russia |
| MAC | Migrant Accommodation Centres |
| MCC | Migrant Custody Centres |
| MEOWE | Ministry of Expatriate's Welfare and Overseas Employment and Overseas Employment |
| MDGs | Millennium Development Goals |
| MFI | Microfinance institutions |
| MICs | Migration Information and Support Centres |
| Mol | Ministry of Interior |
| M&D | Migration and Development |
| M&E | Monitoring and Evaluation |
| MRE | Migrant résidants à l'étranger |
| NEEKA | International Charitable Foundation for the Protection of Health and Environment "Region Karpat" |
| NIS | Newly Independent State (a title used for a former Soviet republic after the fall of the USSR) |
| NRC | Norwegian Refugee Council |
| NRM | National Referral Mechanism |
| OECD | Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development |
| PAHO/WHO | Pan American Health Organization branch of WHO |
| NOSI | Operational Nucleus of the Information Society of Cape Verde |
| OCAM | Central American Commission of Migration Directors |
| ONFP | Office national de formation professionnelle |
| OSCE | Organisation for Security and Cooperation in Europe |
| OWWA | Overseas Workers Welfare Administration of the Philippines |
| PEA | Private employment agencies |
| PES | Public Employment services |
| RF | Russian Federation |
| RSD | Refugee status determination |
| SADC | Southern African Development Community |
| SARP | Société algérienne pour l'aide psychologique la recherche et la formation |
| SBGS | State Border Guard Service of Ukraine |
| SCTIP | Service de Coopération Technique Internationale de Police (France) |
| SEF | Portuguese Immigration and Borders Service, (Serviço de Estrangeiros e Fronteiras) |
| SEM | Southern and Eastern Mediterranean |
| SMEs / PMEs | Small Medium Enterprises / Petites et moyennes entreprises |
| SoM | Smuggling of Migrants |
| SOP | Standard Operating Procedures |
| SSA | Sub-Saharan Africa |
| SSB | 5 Sub Saharan countries: Chad, Mali, Niger, Senegal and Sudan |
| SWOT | Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities, and Threats |
| THB | Trafficking in human beings |
| THB | Trafficking in Human beings |

| | |
|-------|---|
| THF | Temporary Holding Facilities |
| TiP | Trafficking in Persons |
| UNAG | United Nations Association of Georgia |
| UNFPA | United Nations Population Fund |
| UNHCR | United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees |
| UNODC | United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime |
| WB | World Bank |
| WHO | World Health Organization |

European Commission

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